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09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US																						
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<b>(54) Title:</b> COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER																								
<b>(57) Abstract</b> <p>Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.</p>																								

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## COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

### TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present

invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.



Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited

above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic

kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of  $\gamma$ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8<sup>+</sup> cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a <sup>51</sup>Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16  
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1  
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9  
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4  
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17  
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17  
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862  
SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862  
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13  
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13  
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19  
SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19  
SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-25  
SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-25  
SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-24  
SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-24  
SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-58  
SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-58  
SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-63  
SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-63  
SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4  
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4  
SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14  
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14  
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16  
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21  
SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48  
SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55  
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2  
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6  
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858  
SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860  
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861

SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864  
SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for P5  
SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8  
SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for P9  
SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for P18  
SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for P20  
SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for P29  
SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for P30  
SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for P34  
SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for P36  
SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38  
SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for P39  
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SEQ ID NO: 53 is the determined cDNA sequence for P47  
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SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for P55  
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SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for P73  
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SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for P84  
SEQ ID NO: 66 is the determined cDNA sequence for P68  
SEQ ID NO: 67 is the determined cDNA sequence for P80  
SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for P82  
SEQ ID NO: 69 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3064  
SEQ ID NO: 70 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3065  
SEQ ID NO: 71 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3692  
SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1A-3905  
SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3686  
SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for R1-2330  
SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976  
SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

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SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787  
SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796  
SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4807  
SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810  
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SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1J-4876  
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SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4896  
SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4761  
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SEQ ID NO: 105 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4296  
SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4280  
SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S)  
SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17  
SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for L1-12  
SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for N1-1862  
SEQ ID NO: 112 is the predicted amino acid sequence for J1-17

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SEQ ID NO: 174 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE6  
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SEQ ID NO: 180 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4738  
SEQ ID NO: 181 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4741  
SEQ ID NO: 182 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4744  
SEQ ID NO: 183 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4774  
SEQ ID NO: 184 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4781  
SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4785  
SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4787



SEQ ID NO: 187 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4796  
SEQ ID NO: 188 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1I-4807  
SEQ ID NO: 189 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4810  
SEQ ID NO: 190 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4811  
SEQ ID NO: 191 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1J-4876  
SEQ ID NO: 192 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4884  
SEQ ID NO: 193 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-4896  
SEQ ID NO: 194 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4761  
SEQ ID NO: 195 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-4762  
SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4766  
SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4770  
SEQ ID NO: 198 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4771  
SEQ ID NO: 199 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-4772  
SEQ ID NO: 200 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4309  
SEQ ID NO: 201 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278  
SEQ ID NO: 202 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4288  
SEQ ID NO: 203 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4283  
SEQ ID NO: 204 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4304  
SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4296  
SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-4280  
SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-d8fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 208 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-H10con  
SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11-C8rev  
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6rev  
SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5rev  
SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6 rev  
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d4fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d9rev  
SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev  
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11rev  
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd  
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev  
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S  
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5  
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11  
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6  
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7  
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13  
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14  
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23  
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24  
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25  
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30  
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN34  
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35  
SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36  
SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN38  
SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN39  
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN40  
SEQ ID NO: 241 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN41  
SEQ ID NO: 242 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN42  
SEQ ID NO: 243 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN45  
SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN46  
SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51  
SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN56  
SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64  
SEQ ID NO: 248 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN65  
SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67  
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76  
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84  
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85  
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86  
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87  
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88  
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1  
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2  
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2  
SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1  
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3  
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4  
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5  
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6  
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6  
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5  
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6  
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8  
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7  
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9  
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10  
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9  
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12  
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12  
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11  
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11  
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12  
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12  
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12  
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2  
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1  
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2  
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3  
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4  
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3  
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4  
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6  
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6  
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5  
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8  
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7  
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7  
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8  
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7  
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8  
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8  
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10

SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10  
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9  
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10  
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9  
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9  
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12  
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11  
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12  
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12  
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P  
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P  
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23  
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P  
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P  
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P  
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P  
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P  
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P  
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes  
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5  
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5  
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26  
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26  
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23  
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23  
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S  
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)  
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P  
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)  
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P  
SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10  
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5  
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S  
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P  
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P  
SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.

SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.

SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.

SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.

SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.

SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-iditol-2-dehydrogenase.

SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.

SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.

SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.

SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.  
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.  
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.  
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.  
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.  
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.  
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.  
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.  
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.  
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.  
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.  
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.  
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.  
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.  
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.  
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.  
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.  
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.  
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.  
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.  
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.  
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.  
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.  
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.  
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.  
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.  
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.  
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.  
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.  
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.  
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.  
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.  
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.  
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.  
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.  
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.  
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.

SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.  
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.  
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.  
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.  
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.  
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.  
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.  
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.  
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.  
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.  
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.  
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.  
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.  
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.

#### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.



The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

#### PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50,

in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) *Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenesis* pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad., Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to

the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with <sup>32</sup>P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using

standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these

polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (e.g., by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (e.g., promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such

as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl- methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

#### PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from

the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, <sup>125</sup>I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein.

Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are



*E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into

the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see*, for example, Stoute et al. *New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as

amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

#### BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about  $10^3$  L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (*e.g.*, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from

patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats*). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e., reactivity with the polypeptide of interest*). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient

time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include  $^{90}\text{Y}$ ,  $^{123}\text{I}$ ,  $^{125}\text{I}$ ,  $^{131}\text{I}$ ,  $^{186}\text{Re}$ ,  $^{188}\text{Re}$ ,  $^{211}\text{At}$ , and  $^{212}\text{Bi}$ . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, Shigella toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and

thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

#### T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., *Current Protocols in Immunology*, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience

(Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup>. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4<sup>+</sup> or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

#### PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998,



and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (e.g., vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or

preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- $\gamma$ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- $\beta$ ) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is

quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-

surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF $\alpha$  to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF $\alpha$ , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc $\gamma$  receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that

provides T cell help (*e.g.*, a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

#### CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8<sup>+</sup> cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4<sup>+</sup> T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein

may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100  $\mu$ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such

a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (e.g., more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

#### METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding

agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10  $\mu$ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1  $\mu$ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.



More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred

embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1  $\mu$ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to

detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4<sup>+</sup> T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers

comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see, for example, Mullis et al., Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol., 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., PCR Technology, Stockton Press, NY, 1989*).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

#### DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

## EXAMPLES

### EXAMPLE 1

#### ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A<sup>+</sup> RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A<sup>+</sup> RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained  $1.64 \times 10^7$  independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained  $3.3 \times 10^6$  independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70  $\mu$ g) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100  $\mu$ l of

H<sub>2</sub>O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 µl (100 µg) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 µl) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 µl H<sub>2</sub>O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 µg prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 µl H<sub>2</sub>O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 µl H<sub>2</sub>O, mixed with 8 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK<sup>+</sup> (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human

autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 µg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted



amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and

prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

## EXAMPLE 2

### DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2  $\mu$ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR,  $\beta$ -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using  $\beta$ -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the  $\beta$ -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the  $\beta$ -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that

F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression

in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

### EXAMPLE 3

#### ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated

and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the microarray technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable.

Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both micro-array technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX\_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues.



Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

#### EXAMPLE 4

#### SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following

lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

#### EXAMPLE 5

##### FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, Sall and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

#### EXAMPLE 6

##### PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100µg of P2S#12 and 120µg of an I-A<sup>b</sup> binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at  $6 \times 10^6$  cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL),  $2 \times 10^{-5}$  M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml  $\beta$ 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells ( $5 \times 10^5$ /ml) were restimulated with  $2.5 \times 10^6$ /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and  $3 \times 10^6$ /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells ( $1 \times 10^4$  cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were

restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200  $\mu\text{g/ml}$  were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5 $\mu\text{g}$  of P1S #10 and 120 $\mu\text{g}$  of an I-A<sup>b</sup> binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at  $6 \times 10^6$  cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2 $\mu\text{g/ml}$  P1S#10 and 10mg/ml  $\beta$ 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 $\mu\text{g/ml}$  dextran sulfate and 25 $\mu\text{g/ml}$  LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells ( $5 \times 10^5/\text{ml}$ ) were restimulated with  $2.5 \times 10^6/\text{ml}$  peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and  $3 \times 10^6/\text{ml}$  A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly

basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells ( $1 \times 10^4$  cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders ( $5 \times 10^5$  cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

#### EXAMPLE 7

##### ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8<sup>+</sup> T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a  $\gamma$ -interferon ELISPOT assay (see Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on  $10^4$  fibroblasts in the presence of 3  $\mu$ g/ml human  $\beta_2$ -microglobulin and 1  $\mu$ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml  $\gamma$ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a  $\gamma$ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of  $\gamma$ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of  $\gamma$ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T

cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

#### EXAMPLE 8

##### PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

#### EXAMPLE 9

##### GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 µg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8+ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and

priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- $\gamma$  when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- $\gamma$  in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

#### EXAMPLE 10

##### IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100  $\mu$ g of p5 peptide together with 140  $\mu$ g of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis



with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

#### EXAMPLE 11

##### EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

#### EXAMPLE 12

##### ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8<sup>+</sup> cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8<sup>+</sup> lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to

express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays ( $^{51}\text{Cr}$  release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above* and Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

### EXAMPLE 13

#### IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I  
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	

transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate

tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

#### EXAMPLE 14

##### IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II  
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III  
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV  
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P

403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57



439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

## EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS  
BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

## EXAMPLE 16

## FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

## CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;

(b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434,

435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;  
wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.



52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
  - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
  - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or
  - (iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);
- under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4<sup>+</sup> and/or CD8<sup>+</sup> T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
- (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
- (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
- (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

- (ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.
62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
  - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;
  - (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and
  - (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.
63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.
65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.
66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:
- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;
  - (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

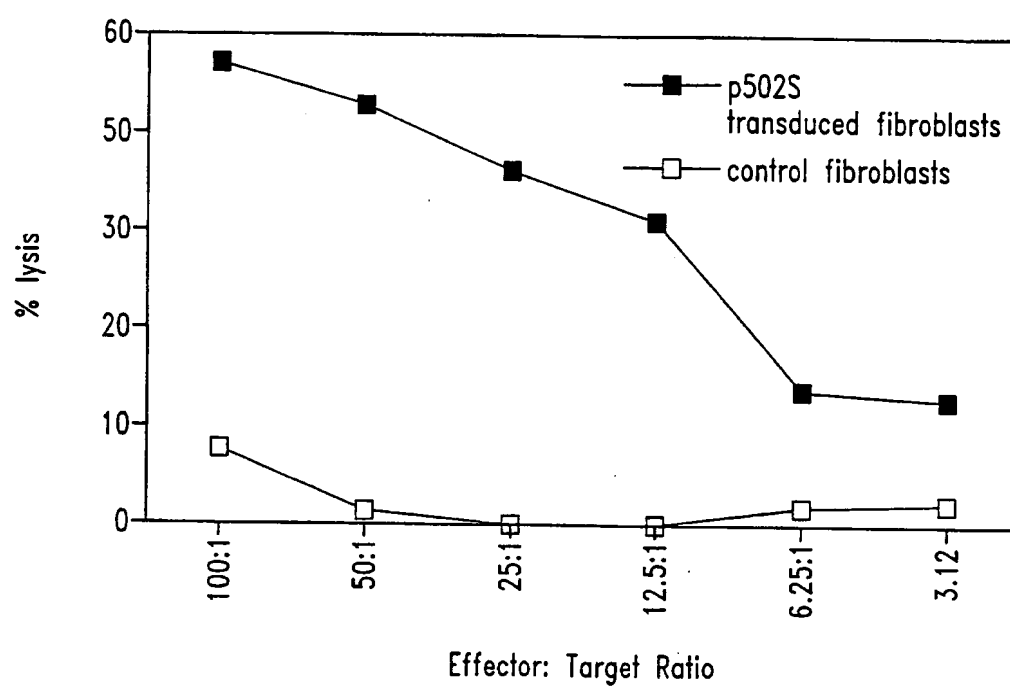
76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

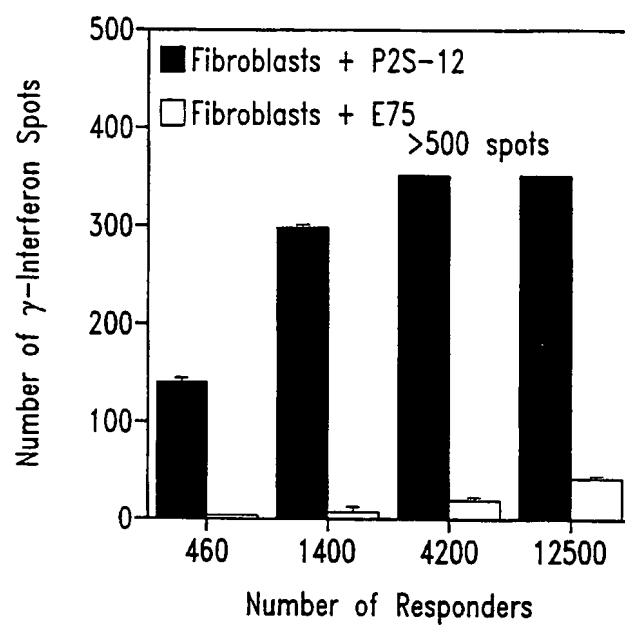
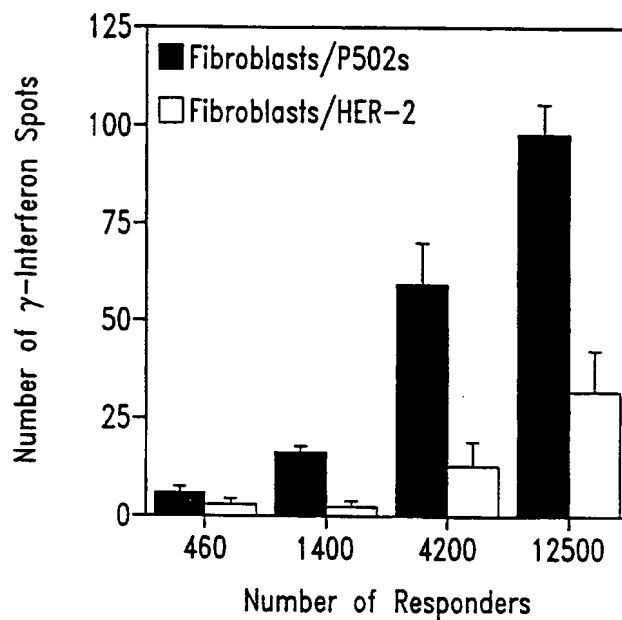
78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:  
(a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and  
(b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

1/5

*Fig. 1*

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*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

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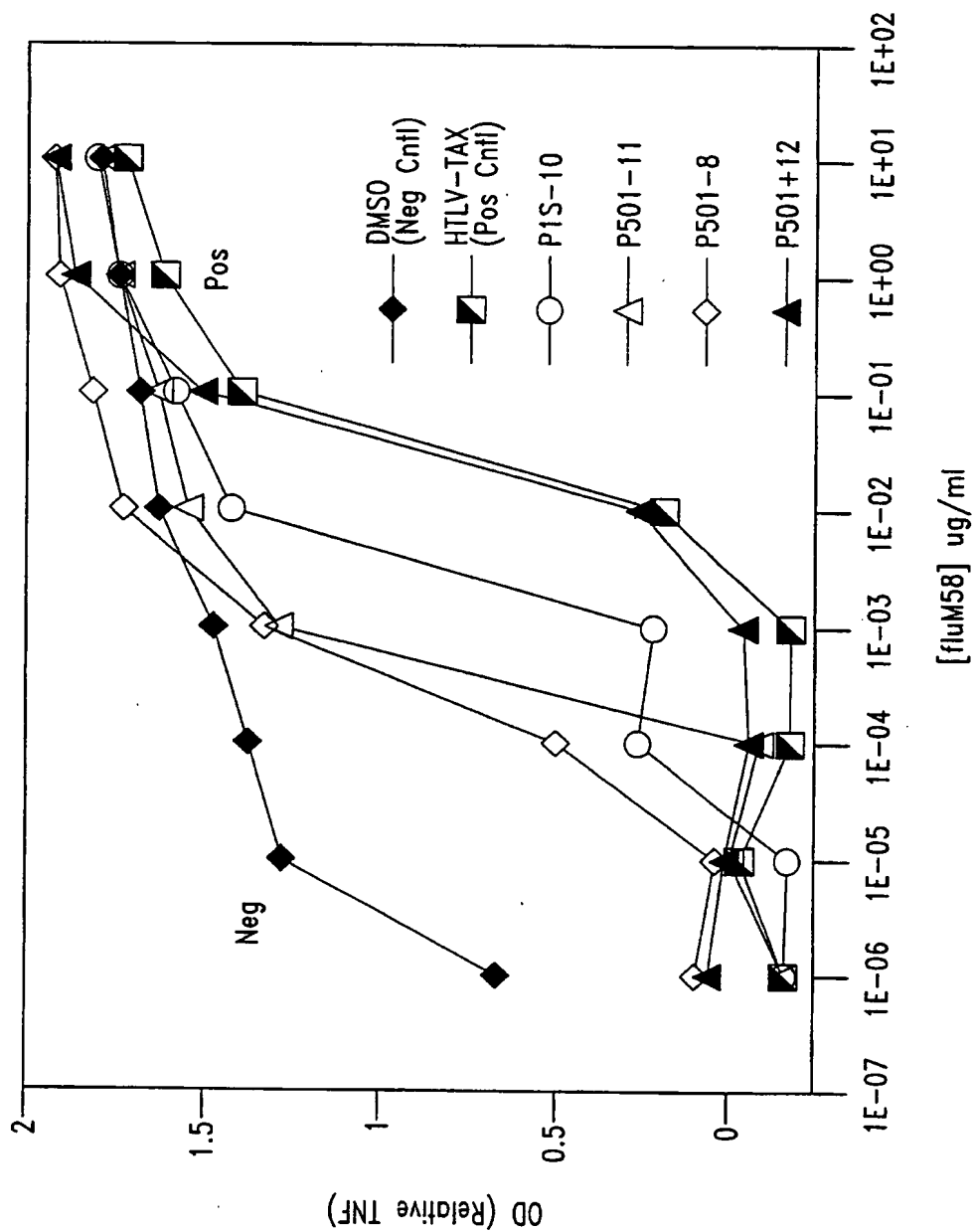
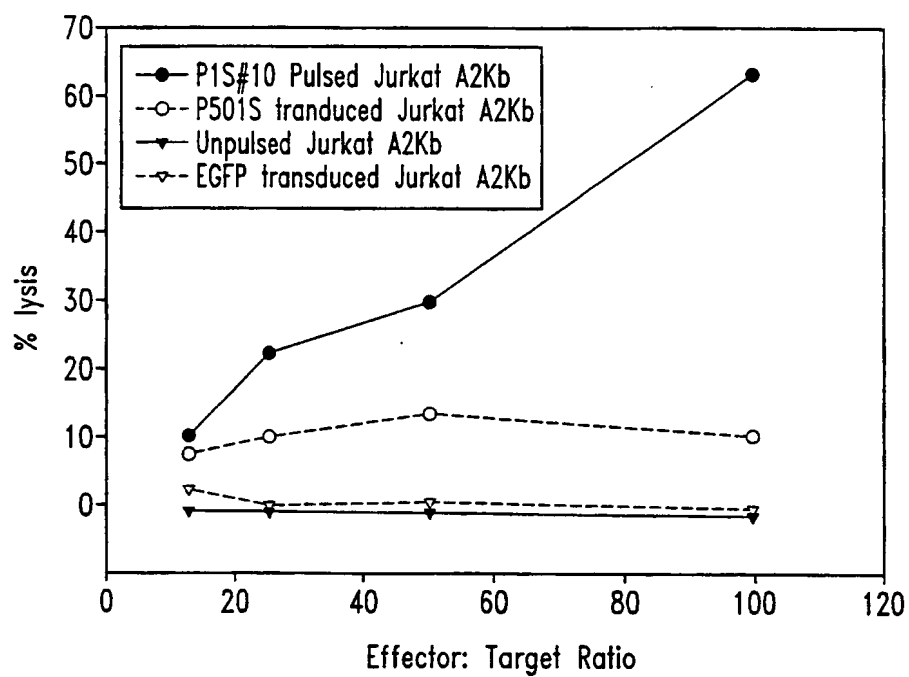
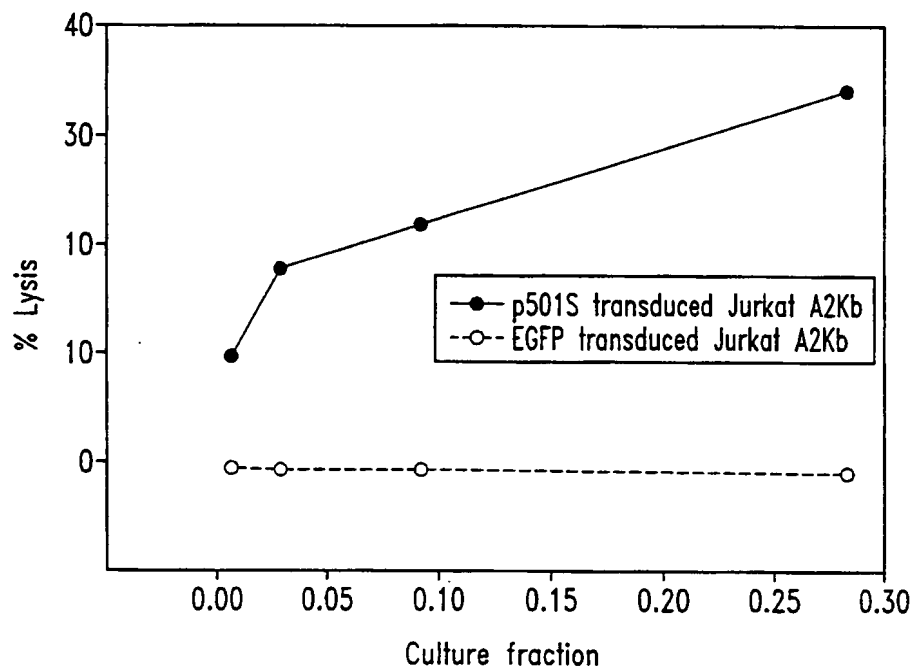


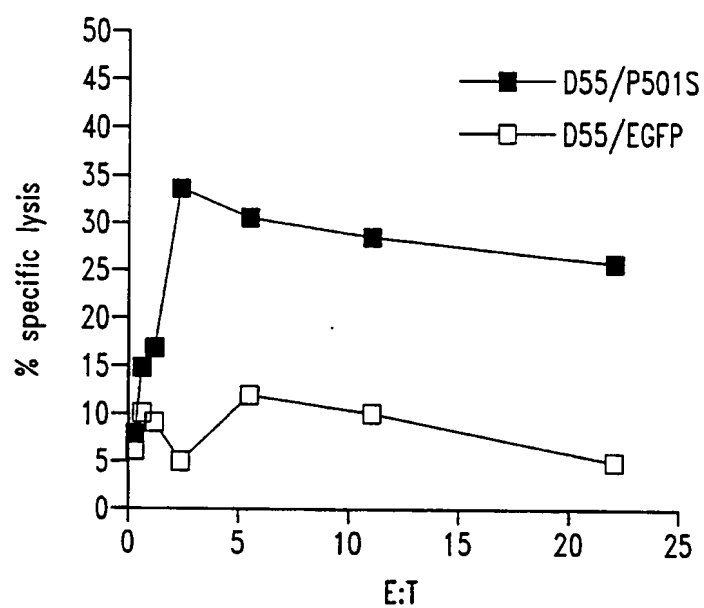
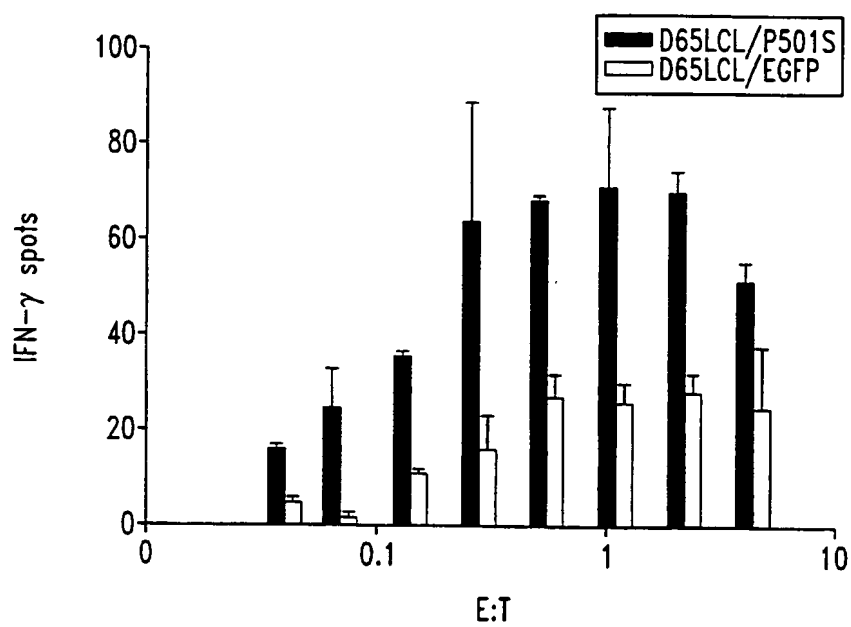
Fig. 3



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*Fig. 4**Fig. 5*

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*Fig. 6**Fig. 7*

## SEQUENCE LISTING

&lt;110&gt; Corixa Corporation

<120> COMPOUNDS FOR IMMUNOTHERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS  
OF PROSTATE CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE

&lt;130&gt; 210121.42701PC

&lt;140&gt; PCT

&lt;141&gt; 1999-07-08

&lt;160&gt; 472

&lt;170&gt; FastSEQ for Windows Version 3.0

&lt;210&gt; 1

&lt;211&gt; 814

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(814)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 1

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atcaaattcg	aggggtgtct	ggaggacttc	aatacacctc	cccccatagt	gaatcagctt	120
ccaggggggc	cagtcctctc	ccttacttca	tccccatccc	atgccaaagg	aagaccctcc	180
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tgccagctgc	attaatgaat	cggccaacgc	ncggggaaaa	gcggtttgcg	ttttgggggc	660
tcttccgctt	ctcgtcact	nantcctgcg	ctcggtcntt	cggctgcggg	gaacggtatc	720
actcctcaaa	ggnggtatta	cggttatccn	naaatcnggg	gatacccngg	aaaaaanttt	780
aacaaaaggg	cancaaaggg	cngaaacgta	aaaa			814

&lt;210&gt; 2

&lt;211&gt; 816

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(816)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 2

acagaaatgt	tgatgggtgg	agcacctttc	tatacgactt	acaggacagc	agatggggaa	60
ttcatggctg	ttggagcaat	agaaccccg	ttctacgagc	tgctgatcaa	aggact+gga	120

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ctaaagtctg atgaacttcc caatcagatg agcatggatg attggccaga aatgaagaag      180
aagtttgtag atgtatttgc aaagaagacg aaggcagagt ggtgtcaaat ctttgacggc      240
acagatgcct gtgtgactcc ggttctgact tttgaggagg ttgttcatca tgatcacaa      300
aaggaacggg gctcgtttat caccagttag gagcaggacg tgagcccccg ccctgcacct      360
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gccgccaccg cgggtggagct ccagcttttg ttcccttttag tgagggttaa ttgcgcgctt      480
ggcgtaatca tggatcatagc tgtttcctgt gtgaaattgt tatccgctca caattccccc      540
aacatacgag ccggaacata aagtgttaag cctgggggtgc ctaatgantg agctaactcn      600
cattaattgc gttgcgctca ctgcccgtt tccagtgcgg aaaactgtcg tgccactgcn      660
ttantgaatc ngccaccccc cgggaaaagg cgggtgcntt ttgggcctct tccgctttcc      720
tcgctcattg atcctngcnc ccggtcttcg gctgcggnga acggttcact cctcaaaggc      780
ggtntnccgg ttatccccaac acnggggata ccnnga                                816

```

&lt;210&gt; 3

&lt;211&gt; 773

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(773)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 3

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cttttgaaag aagggatggc tgggggtgtt aacagcagag gtgcagggcg ggggctcacg      60
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tcctcaaaag tcagaaccgg agtcacacag gcatctgtgc cgtcaaagat ttgacaccac      180
tctgccttcg tcttctttgc aaatacatct gcaaacttct tcttcatttc tggccaatca      240
tccatgctca tctgattggg aagtcatca gactttagtc canntccttt gatcagcagc      300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgctccaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgcctgttaa      360
gtcgtataga aagggtgctc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctgcaggggg gggccggtac      420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggcgctcgtt ttacaacgctc      480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgctt tgcagcacat ccccttttcg      540
ccagctgggc gtaatancca aaaggccgcg accgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgcgcacct      600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttaccg cgcattnaac ccccgcnagg tttngttgtt      660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgcca gcgccttanc gcccgcctcc tttcnccttt      720
cttcccttcc tttcncncn ctttcccccg ggggttcccc cntcaaacc cna                                773

```

&lt;210&gt; 4

&lt;211&gt; 828

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(828)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 4

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cctctgagat cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggtgc taggaaaagg      60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtcctctcct      120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag      180
acgtgggtga ccatgttggt tgtgggggtg agagatggga ggggtggggc ccaccctgga      240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc      300
acaatgcatg aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgctgtcct      360

```

```

gnngggcactg ggaagcctan atnaggccgt gagcanaaag aaggggagga tccactagtt      420
ctanagcggc cgccaccgcg gtgganctcc anctttttgtt cccttttagtg agggttaatt      480
gcgcgcttg cnaatcatg gtcatanctn tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca      540
attccacaca acatacganc cggaaacata aantgtaaac ctgggggtgcc taatgantga      600
ctaactcaca ttaattgctg tgcgctcact gcccgccttc caatcnggaa acctgtcttg      660
ccncttgcat tnatgaatcn gccaaacccc ggggaaaagc gtttgcgctt tgggcgctct      720
tccgcttcct cncctantta ntccctncnc tcggtcattc cggctgcngc aaaccgggtc      780
accnctcca aaggggggtat tccggtttcc ccnaatccgg gganancc      828

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<210> 5

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

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agttttaatt gcatccaaaag tactaacaaa aactctagca atcaagaatg gcagcatggt      120
attttataac aatcaacacc tgtggctttt aaaatttggg tttcataaga taattttatac      180
tgaagtaaag ctagccatgc ttttaaaaaa tgcttttaggt cactccaagc ttggcagtta      240
acatttgcca taaacaataa taaaacaatc acaatttaat aaataacaaa tacaacattg      300
taggccataa tcatatacag tataaggaaa aggtggtagt gttgagtaag cagttattag      360
aatagaatac cttggcctct atgcaaatat gtctagacac tttgattcac tcagccctga      420
cattcagttt tcaaagtagg agacagggtc tacagtatca ttttacagtt tccaacacat      480
tgaaaacaag tagaaaatga tgagttgatt tttattaatg cattacatcc tcaagagtta      540
tcaccaaccc ctgagttata aaaaattttc aagttatatt agtcatataa cttggtgtgc      600
ttattttaaa ttagtgctaa atggattaag tgaagacaac aatgggtccc taatgtgatt      660
gatattggtc attttttacca gcttctaaat ctnaactttc aggcttttga actggaacat      720
tgnatnacag tgttccanag ttncaaccta ctggaacatt acagtgtgct tgattcaaaa      780
tgttattttg ttaaaaatta aattttaacc tgggtggaaaa ataatttgaa atna      834

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<210> 6

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

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tttttttttt tttttttttt aagaccctca tcaatagatg gagacatata gaaatagtca      60
aaccacatct acaaaatgcc agtatcaggc ggcggcttcg aagccaaagt gatgtttgga      120
tgtaaagtga aatattagtt ggcggatgaa gcagatagtg aggaaagtgt agccaataat      180
gacgtgaagt ccgtggaagc ctgtggctac aaaaaatgtt gagccgtaga tgccgtcgga      240
aatggtgaag ggagactcga agtactctga ggcttgtagg agggtaaaat agagaccag      300
taaaattgta ataagcagtg cttgaattat ttggtttcgg ttgttttcta ttagactatg      360
gtgagctcag gtgattgata ctctgatgac gagtaatacg gatgtgttta ggagtgggac      420
ttctagggga tttagcgggg tgatgcctgt tgggggccag tgccctccta gttggggggg      480
aggggctagg ctggagtggg aaaaggctca gaaaaatcct gcgaagaaaa aaacttctga      540

```

```

ggtaataaat aggattatcc cgtatcgaag gccttttttg acagggtggtg tgtggtggcc 600
ttggtatgtg ctttctcgtg ttacatcgcg ccatcattgg tatatggtta gtgtgttggg 660
ttantanggc ctantatgaa gaacttttgg antggaatta aatcaatngc ttggccggaa 720
gtcattanga nggctnaaaa ggccctgtta ngggtctggg ctnggtttta cccnaccat 780
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<210> 7

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(817)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

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ggtttgctcc acagatttca gagcattgac cgtagtatac ccccggtcgt gtacgggtga 180
aagtggtttg gtttagacgt ccgggaattg catctgtttt taagcctaata gtggggacag 240
ctcatgagtg caagacgtct tgtgatgtaa ttattatacn aatgggggct tcaatcgga 300
gtactactcg attgtcaacg tcaaggagtc gcaggtcgcc tggttctagg aataatgggg 360
gaagtatgta ggaattgaag attaatccgc cgtagtccgt gttctcctag gttcaatacc 420
attggtggcc aattgatttg atggttaagg gagggatcgt tgaactcgtc tgttatgtaa 480
aggatnccct ngggatggga aggcnatnaa ggactangga tnaatggcgg gcangatatt 540
tcaaacngtc tctanttcct gaaacgtctg aaatgttaat aanaattaaan tttngttatt 600
gaatnttnng gaaaagggtg tacaggacta gaaaccaaata angaaaanta atnntaangg 660
cnttatcntn aaaggtnata accnctccta tnatcccacc caatngnatt cccacnccn 720
acnattggat nccccanttc canaaanggc cncccccggg tgnannccnc cttttgttcc 780
cttnantgan ggttattcnc cctngcntt atcancc 817

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<210> 8

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

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catttccggg tttactttct aaggaaagcc gagcggaaagc tgctaacgtg ggaatcgggtg 60
cataaggaga actttctgct ggcacgcgct agggacaagc gggagagcga ctccgagcgt 120
ctgaagcgca cgtcccagaa ggtggacttg gactgaaac agctgggaca catccgcgag 180
tacgaacagc gcctgaaagt gctggagcgg gaggtccagc agtgtagccg cgtcctgggg 240
tgggtggccg angcctganc cgctctgcct tgcgtccccc angtgggccc ccaccccctg 300
acctgcccgt gtccaaacac tgagccctgc tggcggactt caagganaac cccacangg 360
ggattttgct cctanantaa ggctcatctg ggccctcgcc ccccccactg gttggccttg 420
tctttgangt gagccccatg tccatctggg ccactgtcng gaccaccttt ngggagtgtt 480
ctccttacia ccacannatg cccggctcct cccggaaacc antcccance tgngaaggat 540
caagnccctn atccactnnt nctanaaccg gccnccnccg cngtggaaacc cnccttntgt 600
tccttttcnt tnagggttaa tnnccgcttg gccttnccan ngctcctncnc ntttccnnt 660
gttnaaattg ttangcnccc nccnntcccn cnnnnnnan cccgaccnnc annttnnann 720

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ncctgggggt nccnnncgat tgaccenncc nccctntant tgcnttnggg nncnntgccc 780  
ctttccctct nggganncg 799

<210> 9  
<211> 801  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien  
  
<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(801)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9  
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caaggacaag gccaccaggt gcgggggccc aagcccatat gatccttact ctatgagcaa 180  
aatccctgt gggggcttct ccttgaagtc cgccancagg gctcagtctt tggacccang 240  
caggtcatgg gggtgtngnc caactggggg ccncaacgca aaanggcncg gggcctcngn 300  
cacccatccc angacgcggc tacactnctg gacctccnc tccaccactt tcatgcgctg 360  
ttcntaccgg cgnatntgtc ccanctgttt cngtgcenac tccancttct nggacgtgcg 420  
ctacatacgc cgggancnc nctcccgtt tgctccctatc cacgtncan caacaaattt 480  
cncntantg caccnattcc cacntttnc agntttccnc nncngcttc cttntaaaag 540  
gggtganccc cggaaaatnc cccaaagggg gggggccngg tacccaactn cccctnata 600  
gctgaantcc ccatnaccnn gnctcnatgg anccntccnt tttaannacn tctnaactt 660  
gggaananc ctcgnccntn ccccnntaa tcccncttg cnangnnent ccccnntec 720  
nccnnntng gcntntnann cnaaaaaggc ccnnnancaa tctcctnnen cctcanttcg 780  
ccanccctcg aaatcgccn c 801

<210> 10  
<211> 789  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien  
  
<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(789)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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agatcctgcc ctacacactg gcctccctct accaccggga gaagcagggtg ttcctgcccc 180  
aataccgagg ggacactgga ggtgctagca gtgaggacag cctgatgacc agcttcctgc 240  
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ccatccctga tagtgcttcc tgctgtccca ngtggcccca tccctgttta tgggtccat 480  
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ttaaaaaatt ccagcaacat tgggggtgga aggcctgcct cactgggtcc aactccccgc 660  
tcctgttaac cccatggggc tgccggcttg gccgccaatt tctgttgctg ccaaantnat 720  
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gngtctccc 789

<210> 11  
 <211> 772  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(772)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11  
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 accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180  
 tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgccccca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240  
 actttcatat gttcaaacc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300  
 ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggtaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt 360  
 tattcagctc ccaaaaacc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420  
 ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa ccttctctggc 480  
 ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana 540  
 aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan cccccagctg tgcantacg cacctcaaca 600  
 gcacaggggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact ngggggggca 660  
 accccggcac ccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaacct aatnaggca 720  
 ggcccncac ccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctctcc cttaattntt tc 772

<210> 12  
 <211> 751  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(751)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12  
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 ttggctgtgt tgggtgacgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180  
 aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttgggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc 240  
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 ggcactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgtc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac 360  
 agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc 420  
 acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gcccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna 480  
 cncggctgc gatgaagaaa tnaccccneg ttgacaaact tgcatggcac tggganccac 540  
 agtggcccn aaaaatcttca aaaaggatgc cccatcnatt gaccccccaa atgcccactg 600  
 ccaacagggg ctgccccacn cncnnaacga tgancnatt gnacaagatc tncntggctc 660  
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 aangaactcn gaagncacca cngganann g 751

<210> 13  
 <211> 729  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien



<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(729)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13  
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 accatgcagt gcttcagctt cattaagacc atgatgatcc tcttcaattt gtcctccttt 180  
 ctgtgtggtg cagccctgtt ggcagtgggc atctgggtgt caatcgatgg ggcctccttt 240  
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 ctcatcgag ccggcggtgt ggtcttagct ctagggttcc tgggctgcta tgggtgctaag 360  
 actgagagca agtgtgccct cgtgacgttc ttcttcatcc tcctcctcat ctctattgct 420  
 gaggttgcaa tgctgtggtc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttcctgacgt 480  
 tgctggtaat gcctgccatc aanaaaagat tatgggttcc caggaaanact tcaactcaagt 540  
 gttggaacac caccatgaaa gggctcaagt gctgtggctt cncccaacta tacggatttt 600  
 gaagantcac ctacttcaaa gaaaanagt cctttccccc atttctgttg caattgacaa 660  
 acgtccccaa cacagccaat tgaaaacctg caccacaacc aaanggggtcc ccaaccanaa 720  
 attnaaggg 729

<210> 14  
 <211> 816  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(816)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14  
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 tgttcgctga aggggttgta gtaccagcgc gggatgctct ccttgagag tcctgtgtct 120  
 ggcaggteca cgcagtgcc tttgtcactg gggaaatgga tgcgctggag ctctgcaaag 180  
 ccactcgtgt atttttcaca ggcagcctcg tccgacgcgt cggggcagtt ggggggtgtct 240  
 tcacactcca ggaaactgtc natgcagcag ccattgctgc agcggaactg ggtgggctga 300  
 cangtgccag agcacactgg atgggcctt tccatggnan gggccctgng ggaaagtccc 360  
 tganccccc anctgcctct caaangcccc accttgacac ccccgacagg ctagaatgga 420  
 atcttcttcc cgaaaggtag ttnttctgt tgcccnaacc anccccntaa acaactctt 480  
 gcanatctgc tccgnggggg tcntantacc ancggtggaa aagaacccca ggcngcgaac 540  
 caancttggt tggatncgaa gcnataatct nctnttctgc ttggtggaca gcaccantna 600  
 ctgtnnanct ttagncntg gtcctcntgg gttgnncttg aacctaactn ccnntcaact 660  
 gggacaaggt aantngcct cctttnaatt cccnancntn cccctggtt tgggggtttt 720  
 cncnctccta cccagaaaan nccgtgttcc ccccaacta gggggcnaaa ccnntnttc 780  
 cacaaccctn cccacccac ggggtcngnt ggttng 816

<210> 15  
 <211> 783  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(783)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 15

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ccaaggcctg ggcaggcata nacttgaagg tacaacccca ggaacccctg gtgctgaagg      60
atgtggaaaa cacagattgg cgcctactgc ggggtgacac ggatgtcagg gtagagagga      120
aagacccaaa ccaggaggaa ctgtggggac tcaaggaang cacctacctg ttccagctga      180
cagtgactag ctacagaccac ccagaggaca cggccaacgt cacagtcact gtgctgtcca      240
ccaagcagac agaagactac tgcctcgcac ccaacaangt gggtcgctgc cggggctctt      300
tcccacgctg gtactatgac cccacggagc agatctgcaa gaggtttcgt tatggaggct      360
gcttgggcaa caagaacaac taccttcggg aagaagagtg cattctancc tgcnggggtg      420
tgcaagggtg gcctttgana ngcanctctg gggctcangc gactttcccc cagggccctt      480
ccatggaaaag gcgccatcca ntgttctctg gcacctgtca gcccaccag ttccgctgca      540
ncaatggctg ctgcatcnac antttcctng aattgtgaca acacccccca ntgcccccaa      600
ccctcccaac aaagcttccc tgttnaaaaa tacnccantt ggcttttnac aaacncccg      660
cncctccttt tccccnntn aacaaagggc nctngcnttt gaactgccn aaccnnggaa      720
tctnccnngg aaaaantncc cccctgggtt cctnnaancc cctccnnaa anctncccc      780
ccc                                                                 783

```

&lt;210&gt; 16

&lt;211&gt; 801

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(801)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 16

```

gccccaaattc cagctgccac accaccacag gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa      60
agctgattga agcaaccctc tacttttttg tcgtgagcct tttgcttggg gcagggtttca      120
ttggctgtgt tggtagcgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg      180
aagtaggggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc      240
atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca      300
ggcactacca gcaacgtcag gaagtgtcga gccattgtgg tgtacaccaa ggcgaccaca      360
gcagctgcaa cctcagcaat gaagatgagg aggaggatga agaagaacgt cncgagggca      420
cacttgctct ccgtcttagc accatagcag cccangaaac caagagcaaa gaccacaacg      480
ccngctgcga atgaaagaaa ntaccacagt tgacaaactg catggccact ggacgacagt      540
tggcccgaan atcttcagaa aagggatgcc ccatcgattg aacacccana tgcccactgc      600
cnacagggtc gncncncn gaaagaatga gccattgaag aaggatcntc ntggctcttaa      660
tgaactgaaa ccttgcattg tggccctgtt tcagggtctt tggcagtgaa ttctganaaa      720
aaggaacngc ntnagcccc ccaaangana aaacaccccc ggggtgttgcc ctgaattggc      780
ggccaaggan ccctgccccn g                                                                 801

```

&lt;210&gt; 17

&lt;211&gt; 740

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(740)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 17

```

gtgagagcca ggcgtccctc tgcctgccca ctcaaggcca acacccggga gctgttttgt      60

```

cctttgtgga	gcctcagcag	ttccctcttt	cagaactcac	tgccaagagc	cctgaacagg	120
agccaccatg	cagtgcctca	gcttcattaa	gaccatgatg	atcctcttca	atttgctcat	180
ctttctgtgt	ggtgcagccc	tggtggcagt	gggcatctgg	gtgtcaatcg	atggggcatc	240
ctttctgaag	atcttcgggc	cactgtcgtc	cagtgccatg	cagtttgctca	acgtgggcta	300
cttcctcatc	gcagccggcg	ttgtggtcct	tgtcttgggt	ttcctgggct	gctatgggtg	360
taagacggag	agcaagtgtg	ccctcgtgac	gttcttcttc	atcctcctcc	tcatcttcat	420
tgctgaagtt	gcagctgctg	tggtcgccct	ggtgtacacc	acaatggctg	aaccattcct	480
gacgttgctg	gtantgcctg	ccatcaanaa	agattatggg	ttcccaggaa	aaattcactc	540
aantntggaa	caccnccatg	aaaagggctc	caatttctgn	tggttcccc	aactataccg	600
gaattttgaa	agantcncct	tacttccaaa	aaaaaanant	tgcctttnc	ccntttctgt	660
tgcaatgaaa	acntcccaan	acngccaatn	aaaacctgcc	cnnncaaaaa	ggntcncaaa	720
caaaaaaant	nnaagggttn					740

&lt;210&gt; 18

&lt;211&gt; 802

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(802)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 18

ccgctgggtg	cgctggcca	gnagnaccac	gaagcacgtc	agcatacaca	gcctcaatca	60
caaggtcttc	cagctgccgc	acattacgca	gggcaagagc	ctccagcaac	actgcatatg	120
ggatacactt	tacttttagca	gccagggtga	caactgagag	gtgtcgaagc	ttattcttct	180
gagcctctgt	tagtggagga	agattccggg	cttcagctaa	gtagttagcg	tatgtcccat	240
aagcaaacac	tgtgagcagc	cggaaaggtag	aggcaaagtc	actctcagcc	agctctctaa	300
cattgggcat	gtccagcagt	tctccaaaca	cgtagacacc	agnggcctcc	agcacctgat	360
ggatgagtgt	ggccagcgct	gcccccttgg	cgcacttggc	taggagcaga	aattgctcct	420
ggttctgccc	tgtcaccttc	acttccgcac	tcatcactgc	actgagtgtg	ggggacttgg	480
gctcaggatg	tccagagacg	tggttccgcc	ccctcnctta	atgacaccgn	ccanncaacc	540
gtcggctccc	gccgantgng	ttcgtcgtnc	ctgggtcagg	gtctgctggc	cnetacttgc	600
aancttcgtc	nggcccattg	aattcaccnc	accggaactn	gtangatcca	ctnnttctat	660
aaccggnccg	caccgcnnnt	ggaactccac	tcttnttnc	tttacttgag	gggtaaggtc	720
acccttnncg	ttaccttggg	ccaaaccntn	ccntgtgtcg	anatngtnaa	tcnggncna	780
tnccancnc	atangaagcc	ng				802

&lt;210&gt; 19

&lt;211&gt; 731

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(731)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 19

cnaagcttcc	aggtnacggg	ccgcnaancc	tgaccnagg	tancanaang	cagnncgcgg	60
gagcccaccg	tcacgngng	ngtctttat	nggagggggc	ggagccacat	cnetggacnt	120
cntgacccca	actccccncc	ncncantgca	gtgatgagtg	cagaactgaa	ggtnacgtgg	180
caggaaccaa	gancaaannc	tgctccnntc	caagtgcggc	nagggggcgg	ggctggccac	240
gcncatccnt	cnagtgtctg	aaagccccnn	cctgtctact	tgtttgaga	acngcnnnga	300

catgcccagn	gttanataac	nggcngagag	tnantttgcc	tctcccttcc	ggctgcgcan	360
cgngtntgct	tagnggacat	aacctgacta	cttaactgaa	cccnngaate	tncnccccct	420
ccactaagct	cagaacaaaa	aacttcgaca	ccactcantt	gtcacctgnc	tgctcaagta	480
aagtgtaccc	catncccaat	gtntgctnga	ngctctgncc	tgcnttangt	tcggtcctgg	540
gaagacctat	caattnaagc	tatgtttctg	actgcctctt	gtcctcctgna	acaancnacc	600
cnnnntcca	agggggggnc	ggcccccaat	ccccccaacc	ntnaattnan	tttancccn	660
ccccnnggc	cggcctttta	cnancntcnn	nnacngggna	aaaccnnngc	tttncccaac	720
nnaatccncc	t					731

&lt;210&gt; 20

&lt;211&gt; 754

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(754)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 20

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	taaaaacccc	ctccattnaa	tgnaaaacttc	cgaaattgtc	60
caacccccctc	ntccaaatnn	ccntttccgg	gnggggggttc	caaacccean	ttanntttgg	120
annttaaatt	aaatnttnt	tggngggnnna	anccnaatgt	nangaaagtt	naaccanta	180
tnancttnaa	tncctggaaa	ccngtngntt	ccaaaaatnt	ttaaccctta	antccctccg	240
aaatngttna	nggaaaaccc	aantttctnt	aaggttggtt	gaaggntnaa	tnaaaaanccc	300
nnccaattgt	tttngccac	gcctgaatta	attggnnttc	gntgttttcc	nttaaaaana	360
ggnnancccc	ggttantnaa	tccccccnnc	cccaattata	ccganttttt	ttngaattgg	420
gancccnccg	gaattaacgg	ggnnnnntccc	tnttgggggg	cnggnncccc	ccccntcggg	480
ggttngggnc	aggncnnaat	tgtttaaggg	tccgaaaaat	ccctccnaga	aaaaaanctc	540
ccaggntgag	nntnggggtt	nccccccccc	cangggccct	ctcgnanagt	tgggggttgg	600
ggggcctggg	atttnttttc	ccctnttncc	tccccccccc	ccnggganag	aggttngngt	660
tttgntcnnc	ggccccnccn	aaganctttt	ccganttnan	ttaaatccnt	gcctnngcga	720
agtcnnttgn	agggntaaan	ggccccctnn	cggg			754

&lt;210&gt; 21

&lt;211&gt; 755

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(755)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 21

atcancccat	gaccccnac	nngggaccnc	tcanccggnc	nnncnacnc	cggccnatca	60
nngtnagnnc	actncnnttn	natcacnccc	cncnactac	gccnncnanc	cnacgcncta	120
nncanatncc	actganngcg	cgangtngan	ngagaaanct	nataccanag	ncaccanacn	180
ccagctgtcc	nanaangcct	nnnatacngg	nnnatccaat	ntgnanccctc	cnaagtattn	240
nncnncanac	gattttcctn	anccgattac	ccntnecccc	tancccttcc	cccccaacna	300
cgaaggcnct	ggncnnaagg	nngcgnccnc	ccgctagntc	cccnncnaagt	cncnncncta	360
aactcanccn	nattacncgc	ttcntgagta	tactcccccg	aatctcacc	tactcaactc	420
aaaaanacn	gatacaaaat	aatncaagcc	tgnttatnac	actntgactg	ggctctctatt	480
ttagnngtcc	ntnaancntc	ctaatacttc	cagtctncct	tcnccaattt	ccnaanggct	540
ctttcngaca	gcantttttg	gttccccnnt	gggttcttan	ngaattgccc	ttcntngaac	600

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gggtctntct tttccttcgg ttancctggn ttcnnccggc cagttattat ttcccntttt 660
aaattctntc cntttanttt tggcnttcna aacccccggc cttgaaaacg gccccctggt 720
aaaaggttgt tttganaaaa tttttgtttt gtcc 755

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&lt;210&gt; 22

&lt;211&gt; 849

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(849)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 22

```

tttttttttt tttttangtg tngtcgtgca ggtagaggct tactacaant gtgaanacgt 60
acgctnggan taangcgacc cgantttctag ganncnccct aaaatcanac tgtgaagatn 120
atcctgnnna cggaanggtc accggnggat nntgctaggg tgnccnctcc cannncnttn 180
cataactcng nggccctgcc caccaccttc ggcgccccng ngncggggcc cgggtcattn 240
gnnttaaccn cactnngcna ncggtttccn nccccnng acccnggcga tccgggggtnc 300
tctgtcttcc cctgnagncn anaaantggg ccncggncct cttaccct nnacaagcca 360
cngcentcta nccnngccc cccctccant nngggggact gccnanngt cgttntctng 420
nnaccccnnn gggtnccctg gttgtcgant cnaccgnang ccanggattc cnaaggaagg 480
tgcgttnttg gcccctaccc ttcgctnccg nncacccttc ccgacnanga nccgctcccg 540
cncnncgnng cctcncctcg caacacccgc nctcntngt nccggnnccc cccacccgc 600
nccctcncnc ngncgnancn ctcncncnc gtctcannca ccaccccgcc ccgccaggcc 660
ntcanccacn ggnngacnng nagnncntc gcnccgccn gcgnncct cgcncngaa 720
ctnctcngg ccantnncgc tcaanccnna cnaaacgccg ctgcgcggcc cgnagcgncc 780
ncctcncga gtccctccgn cttccnacc angnnttccn cgaggacacn nnaccccgcc 840
nncangcgg 849

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&lt;210&gt; 23

&lt;211&gt; 872

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(872)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 23

```

gcgcaaacta tacttcgctc gnactcgtgc gcctcgtnc tcttttctc cgcaaccatg 60
tctgacnanc ccgattnggc ngatatcnan aagntcganc agtccaaact gantaacaca 120
cacacnncan aganaaatcc nctgccttcc anagtanaen attgaacnng agaaccangc 180
nggcgaatcg taatnaggcg tgcgcgcga atntgtncct gttattntn ccagctcnc 240
ctnccnacc tacntctcn nagtgtcnn accctngtn cgnaccccc naggtcggga 300
tcgggtttnn nntgacggng cnnccctcc cccctccat nacganccnc ccgcaccacc 360
nanngcncgc ncccggnct cttcgccnc ctgtctntn cccctgtngc ctggcncgn 420
accgcattga cctcgcenn ctncnngaaa ncgnanacgt ccgggttgnn annancgctg 480
tgggnnngcg tctgncgcg gtcccttcn ncnncttcca ccatcttct tacnggtct 540
ccncgcctc tcnnncaenc cctgggaagc tntcctntgc ccccttnac tccccctt 600
cgnctgncc cgncccccac ntcatttnc nacgntctc acaannnct ggntnntcc 660
cnancngncn gtcanccnag ggaaggngg ggnncnntg nttgacgtg ngngangtc 720
cgaanantcc tcncntcan cctacccct cgggcgnct ctngttncc aacttancaa 780

```

ntctcccccg ngngcncntc tcagcctenc cccccccnct ctctgcantg tncctctgtc 840  
tnaccnntac gantnttcgn cncctctttt cc 872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcatgcaagc	ttgagtattc	tatagngtca	cctaaatanc	ttggcntaat	catggtcnta	60
nctgncttcc	tgtgtcaa	gtatacna	tanatatga	tctnatntga	caaganngta	120
tcntncatta	gtaacaantg	tnntgtccat	cctgtcngan	canattccca	tnnattncgn	180
cgcattcncn	gcncantatn	taatngggaa	ntcnntnnn	ncaccnncat	ctatcctncc	240
gcncctgac	tggagagat	ggatnanttc	tnntntgacc	nacatgttca	tcttggattn	300
aanancccc	cgcngnccac	cggttngnng	cnagccnntc	ccaagacctc	ctgtggaggt	360
aacctgcgtc	aganncatca	aacntgggaa	accgcgncc	angtnnaagt	ngnnncanan	420
gatcccgctc	aggnttnacc	atcccttcnc	agcgccccct	ttngtgcctt	anagnnagc	480
gtgtccnanc	cnctcaacat	ganacgcgcc	agnccanccg	caattnggca	caatgtcgnc	540
gaacccccta	gggggantna	tncaaancce	caggattgtc	cncncangaa	atccncanc	600
ccnccctac	ccnctttgg	gacngtgacc	aantcccga	gtncagtc	ggccngnctc	660
ccccaccggt	nnccntgggg	gggtgaanct	cngnntcanc	cngncgaggn	ntcgnaaggga	720
accggnccctn	ggncgaanng	ancnntcnga	agngccnct	cgtataaccc	ccccctncca	780
nccnacngnt	agntcccccc	cngggtncgg	aangg			815

<210> 25

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(775)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

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aggctatcca	gcgtactcca	aagattcagg	ttactcacg	tcattccagca	gagaatggaa	120
agtcaaattt	cctgaattgc	tatgtgtctg	ggtttcatcc	atccgacatt	gaanttact	180
tactgaagaa	tgganagaga	attgaaaaag	tggagcatte	agacttgtct	ttcagcaagg	240
actggtcttt	ctatctcntg	tactacactg	aattcacccc	cactgaaaaa	gatgagtatg	300
cctgccgtgt	gaaccatgtg	actttgtcac	agcccaagat	agttaagtgg	gatcgagaca	360
tgtaagcagn	cnnatggaa	gtttgaagat	gccgcatttg	gattggatga	attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt	gcntttta	antgatatgc	ntatacacc	taccctttat	gnccccaaat	480
tgtaggggtt	acatnantgt	tcnctnngga	catgatcttc	ctttataant	ccnccnttcg	540
aattgcccg	cncccngtt	ngaattgttc	cnnaaccacg	ggttgggtccc	ccaggtcncc	600
tcttacggaa	gggcctgggc	cnctttncaa	ggttggggga	accnaaaatt	tcncttntgc	660
ccnccncca	cnntcttgng	nnncanttt	ggaacccttc	cnattcccc	tggcctcnna	720
nccttnncta	anaaaacttn	aaancgtngc	naaannttt	acttcccccc	ttacc	775

<210> 26

<211> 820  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(820)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26  
 anattantac agtgtaatct ttccccagag gtgtgtanag ggaacggggc ctagaggcat 60  
 cccanagata ncttatanca acagtgtctt gaccaagagc tgctgggcac atttcctgca 120  
 gaaaagggtg cggtcccat cactcctcct ctcccatagc catcccagag gggtagtag 180  
 ccatcangcc ttcggtggga gggagtcang gaaacaacan accacagagc anacagacca 240  
 ntgatgacca tgggcgggag cgagcctctt cctgnaccg ggggtggcna nganagccta 300  
 nctgaggggt cacactataa acgttaacga ccnagatnan cacctgtctc aagtgcaccc 360  
 ttctacctg acnaccang accnnnaact gcngcctggg gacagcctg ggancagcta 420  
 acnnagcact cacctgcccc cccatggcgg tncgcntccc tggcctgnc aagggaagct 480  
 cctgttgga attncgggga naccaaggga nccccctcct ccanctgtga aggaaaaann 540  
 gatggaattt tnccttccg gccnntcccc tcttcttta cagccccct nntactctc 600  
 tccctctntt ntctgncnc acttttnacc ccnnnatctt ccttnattga tcggannctn 660  
 ganattccac tnnccctnc cntcnatcng naanacnaaa nactntctna cccnggggat 720  
 gggnnctctg ntcatectct cttttctnct accnccnntt ctttgcctct ccttngatca  
 780tccaacntc gntggcctn ccccccnntt tcctttccc  
 820

<210> 27  
 <211> 818  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(818)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27  
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 tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcgggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga 120  
 ctgctgagca ctccgcccc tcacctgcc cagccctgc catgagctct gggctgggtc 180  
 tccgcctcca gggttctgct ctccangca ngccancaag tggcgtggg ccacactggc 240  
 ttcttctgc cccntccctg gctctganc tctgtcttcc tgtcctgtgc angcncctg 300  
 gatctcagtt tccctcctc anngaactct gttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt 360  
 tatnaccnan tggntgtnc tgtcnnactt taatgggcn gaccggctaa tccctccctc 420  
 nctcccttcc anttcnnna accngcttnc cntctctcc ccntancccg ccngggaanc 480  
 ctctttgcc ctnaccang gcnnnnaccg cccntnctn ggggggcng gttnctnnc 540  
 ctgntncccc cctcncnnt tncctcgtcc cncnncgcn nngcannttc ncngtcccn 600  
 tnnctcttcn ngntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngcn ngntnntn tccctctcnc 660  
 cnnntgnang tnnnnnnnc ncngnncccc nnnnnnnnn nggnntnnn tctnncngc 720  
 cccnncccc ngnattaagg cctcncntct ccggccnc 780  
 818

<210> 28  
 <211> 731  
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

aggaagggcg	gagggatatt	gtangggatt	gagggatagg	agnataangg	gggaggtgtg	60
tccaacatg	anggtgnngt	tctcttttga	angaggggtg	ngtttttann	ccnggtgggt	120
gattnaaccc	cattgtatgg	agnnaaaggn	tttnagggat	ttttcggctc	ttatcagtat	180
ntaanattcct	gtnaatcgga	aaatnatntt	tcnncnggaa	aatnttgctc	ccatccgnaa	240
attnctoccg	ggtagtgcac	nttngggggg	cngccangtt	tcccaggctg	ctanaatcgt	300
actaaagntt	naagtgggan	tncaaatgaa	aacctnncac	agagnatccn	tacccgactg	360
tnnnttncct	tcgccctntg	actctgcnn	agcccaatac	ccnngngnat	gtcncccngn	420
nnngcgcnc	tgaaannnnc	tcngggctnn	gancatcang	gggtttcgca	tcaaaagcnn	480
cgtttcncat	naaggcactt	tngcctcatc	caaccnctng	ccctcncca	ttngccgctc	540
nggttcncct	acgctnntng	cncctnnntn	ganattttnc	ccgcctnggg	naancctcct	600
gnaatgggta	gggncttntc	ttttnacnn	gnggtntact	aatcnctnc	acgcntnctt	660
tctcnacccc	ccccctttt	caatcccanc	ggcnaatggg	gtctcccnn	cgangggggg	720
nncccannc	c					731

<210> 29

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(822)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29

actagtcag	tgtggtggaa	ttccattgtg	ttggggncnc	ttctatgant	antnttagat	60
cgctcanacc	tcacanctc	ccnacnangc	ctataangaa	nannaataga	nctgtncnnt	120
atntntacnc	tcatannct	cnnnacccac	tccctcttaa	ccctactgt	gcctatngcn	180
tnnctantct	ntgccgcctn	cnaaccacn	gtgggcnac	cncnngnatt	ctcnatctcc	240
tenccatntn	gcctananta	ngtncatacc	ctatacctac	nccaatgcta	nnnctaancn	300
tccatnantt	annntaacta	ccactgaent	ngactttcnc	atnanctcct	aatttgaatc	360
tactctgact	cccacngcct	annnattagc	ancntcccc	nacnatntct	caaccaaadc	420
ntcaacaacc	tatctantg	ttcnccaacc	nttnctccg	atccccnnac	aacccccctc	480
ccaaataccc	nccacctgac	ncctaaccn	caccatccc	gcaagccnan	ggncatttan	540
ccactggaat	cacnatngga	naaaaaaaaa	ccnaactctc	tanncnncn	ctcccctaana	600
aatnctcctn	naatttactn	ncantnccat	caancccaen	tgaaacnnaa	ccccgtttt	660
tanatccctt	ctttcgaaaa	ccnacccttt	annncccaac	ctttngggcc	cccccnctnc	720
ccnaatgaag	gncncccaat	cnangaaacg	nccntgaaaa	ancnaggcna	anannntccg	780
canatcctat	cccttanttn	gggggccctt	ncccnngggc	cc		822

<210> 30

<211> 787

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature



&lt;222&gt; (1)...(787)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 30

cgcccgccctg	ctctggcaca	tgccctcctga	atggcatcaa	aagtgatgga	ctgcccattg	60
ctagagaaga	ccttctctcc	tactgtcatt	atggagccct	gcagactgag	ggctcccctt	120
gtctgcagga	tttgatgtct	gaagtcgtgg	agtgtggctt	ggagctcctc	atctacatna	180
gctggaagcc	ctggagggcc	tctctcgcca	gcctccccct	tctctccacg	ctctccangg	240
acaccagggg	ctccaggcag	cccattattc	ccagnangac	atgggtgttc	tccacgcgga	300
cccatggggc	ctgnaaggcc	agggctctct	ttgacaccat	ctctcccgtc	ctgcctggca	360
ggccgtggga	tccactantt	ctanaacggg	cgccaccncc	gtgggagctc	cagcttttgt	420
tcccnttaat	gaagggttaat	tgcnccgttg	gcgtaatcat	nggtcanaac	tntttcctgt	480
gtgaaattgt	ttntcccctc	ncnatccnc	ncnacatacn	aaccgggaan	cataaagtgt	540
taaagcctgg	gggtngcctn	nngaataaac	tnaactcaat	taattgcgtt	ggctcatggc	600
ccgctttccn	ttcnggaaaa	ctgtcntccc	ctgcnttntt	gaatcggcca	ccccccnggg	660
aaaagcggtt	tgcnttttng	ggggntcctt	ccncttcccc	cctcnctaan	ccctnccgct	720
cggtcgttnc	nggtngcggg	gaanggggat	nnnctcccnc	naagggggng	agnnngntat	780
ccccaaa						787

&lt;210&gt; 31

&lt;211&gt; 799

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(799)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 31

tttttttttt	tttttttggc	gatgctactg	tttaattgca	ggaggtgggg	gtgtgtgtac	60
catgtaccag	ggctattaga	agcaagaagg	aaggaggagg	ggcagagcgc	cctgctgagc	120
aacaaaggac	tcctgcagcc	ttctctgtct	gtctcttggc	gcaggcacat	ggggaggcct	180
cccgagggtt	ggggggccacc	agtcacgggg	tgggagcact	acanggggtg	ggagtgggtg	240
gtggctggtn	cnaatggcct	gncacanatc	cctacgattc	ttgacacctg	gatttcacca	300
ggggaccttc	tggtctccca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttct	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttggtaca	420
tatggttccg	gcccacctct	ccntcnaaan	aagtaattca	cccccccccn	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggcccct	taantaccca	caccggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatcnccn	cctgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	aggccacgcc	gtncnccnctc	cccatagnan	600
ntttttnnct	canctaatac	ccccccnggc	aacnatccaa	tccccccccn	tggggggcccc	660
agcccanggc	ccccgnctcg	ggnnnccngn	cncgnantcc	ccaggntctc	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcncc	cccgcacgca	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggtnnncac	780
ctgccccccc	ccnnccngng					799

&lt;210&gt; 32

&lt;211&gt; 789

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(789)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 32

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tttttncnag	ggcagggtta	ttgacaacct	cncgggacac	aancaggctg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcgggc	gcggcgggcg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgctcccgt	tgatnttcct	ctgcagctgc	aggatgccnt	aaaacagggc	ctcgccntn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggatttn	aatttccacg	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcancc	cctcaccacc	300
nattaggaat	agtggtnnta	cccncncncc	ttggencact	ccccntggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggtccgg	catctggtct	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gcctctttt	tggttantnt	420
nccngccaca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggctggccc	caaaaaancn	ccccaaaacc	480
ggncatgtc	ttnncgggg	tgctgcnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnc	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagtct	ttgngggccn	caaaaaanct	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcac	600
ccccctggcc	cccaaatacct	ccccccgntt	nctgggtttg	ggaacccacg	cctctnnctt	660
tggnnggcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcggggc	cccgggtggc	ccnctctaa	ngaaaaacnc	720
ntcctnnnca	ccatcccccc	nngnnacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

&lt;210&gt; 33

&lt;211&gt; 793

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(793)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 33

gacagaacat	ggtggatgg	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tggtggagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtat	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggttgttcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcgttt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacacccca	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggncggccac	gcggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	tgaggggtta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atgggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtagaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaat	aaagcctgg	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgttttcc	agtccggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	nttaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncctccc	gctttctcgc	ttcctgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtctttcgg	cttgccgcna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

&lt;210&gt; 34

&lt;211&gt; 756

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(756)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 34

gccgcgaccg	gcatgtacga	gcaactcaag	ggcgagtgg	accgtaaaag	ccccaatctt	60
ancaagtgcg	gggaanagct	gggtcgactc	aagctagttc	ttctggagct	caacttcttg	120

```

ccaaccacag ggaccaagct gaccaaacag cagctaattc tggcccggtga catactggag      180
atcggggccc aatggagcat cctacgcaan gacatcccct ccttcgagcg ctacatggcc      240
cagctcaaat gctactactt tgattacaan gagcagctcc ccgagtcagc ctatatgcac      300
cagctcttgg gcctcaacct cctcttcctg ctgtcccaga accgggtggc tgantnccac      360
acgganttgg ancggctgcc tgccaanga catacanacc aatgtctaca tcnaccacca      420
gtgtcctgga gcaatactga tgganggcag ctaccncaaa gtnttcctgg ccnagggtaa      480
catccccgcg cgagagctac accttcttca ttgacatcct gctcgacact atcagggatg      540
aaaatcgcn ggttgctcca gaaaggctnc aanaanatcc ttttcnctga agggcccccg      600
atncnctagt nctagaatcg gcccgccatc gcggtgganc ctccaacctt tcgttnccct      660
ttactgaggg ttnattgccg cccttggcgt tatcatggtc acnccngtn cctgtgttga      720
aattnttaac cccccacaat tccacgccna cattnng      756

```

<210> 35

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35

```

ggggatctct anactnacct gnatgcatgg ttgtcggtgt ggtecgctgtc gatgaanatg      60
aacaggatct tgccttgaa gctctcggtc gctgtnttta agttgctcag tctgccgtca      120
tagtcagaca cnctcttggg caaaaaacan caggatntga gtcttgattt cacctccaat      180
aatcttcnng gctgtctgct cggatgaactc gatgacnang ggcagctggt tgtgtntgat      240
aaantccanc angttctcct tggtagacct cccttcaaag ttgttccggc ctcatcaaaa      300
cttctnnaan angannancc canctttgtc gagctggnat ttgganaaca cgtcactgtt      360
ggaaactgat cccaaatggg atgtcatcca tcgcctctgc tgccctgcaa aaacttgctt      420
ggcncaaadc cgactcccn tccttgaaag aagccnatca cccccctc cctggactcc      480
nncaangact ctnccgctnc ccntccnng cagggttggg ggcannccgg gccntgcgc      540
ttcttcagcc agttcacnat ntcatcagc ccctctgcca gctgtntat tccttggggg      600
ggaanccgct tctcccttcc tgaannaact ttgaccgtng gaatagccgc gentcnccnt      660
acntnctggg ccgggttcaa antccctccn ttgncnntcn cctcgggcca ttctggattt      720
nccnaacttt tctcttcccc cncctcncgg ngtttgntt tttcatnggg cccaactct      780
gctnttggcc antcccttgg ggcctntan cncctcctnt ggccctntng ggcc      834

```

<210> 36

<211> 814

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(814)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

```

cggncgcttt ccngccgcgc cccgtttcca tgacnaaggc tcccttcang ttaaatacnn      60
cctagnaaac attaatgggt tgctctacta atacatcata cnaaccagta agcctgcccc      120
naacgccaac tcaggccatt cctaccaaag gaagaaaggc tgggtctctcc acccctgta      180
ggaaaggcct gccttgtaag acaccacaat ncggctgaat ctnaagtctt gtgttttact      240
aatggaaaaa aaaaataaac aanaggtttt gttctcatgg ctgcccaccg cagcctggca      300
ctaaaacanc ccagcgctca cttctgcttg ganaaatatt ctttgctctt ttggacatca      360

```

```

ggcttgatgg tatactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc 420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc 480
aggggangtc ntttncagtg gatctgccaa anantaccn tatcatcnnt gaataaaaag 540
gcccctgaac ganatgcttc cancanctt taagacccat aatcctngaa ccatggtgcc 600
cttcgggtct gatccnaaag gaatgttctt gggctccant cctcctttg ttncttacgt 660
tgtnttggac cntgctngn atnaccnaan tganatcccc ngaagcacc tnccttggc 720
atttganttt cntaaattct ctgccctacn nctgaaagca cnattccctn ggcncnaaan 780
ggngaactca agaaggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn 814

```

<210> 37

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(760)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37

```

gcatgctgct ctccctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg 60
gcgcagtgtt cgctgaaggg gttgtagtac cagcgcgga tgctctcctt gcagagtcct 120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgcccttg tcactggga aatggatgcg ctggagctcg 180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtattt ttcacangca gcctcctccg aagcntccgg gcagttgggg 240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgctgcagc ggaactgggt 300
gggctgacag gtgccagaac aactggatn ggcctttcca tggaagggcc tgggggaaat 360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc accttgaca ccccgacagg ctagaaatgc 420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aacccaaanc 480
ttgcaaaatc tgctccgtgg gggtcatnnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccggcngn 540
gancncctt gtttgaatgc naaggaata atcctcctgt cttgcttggg tggaanagca 600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggccnggtc cncnnggtg gtctgaaact aatcacgctc 660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttccttgat tcccaantt cccctngntt tgggtntttt 720
ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc cntanggcg 760

```

<210> 38

<211> 724

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(724)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38

```

ttttttttt ttttttttt ttttttttt tttttaaaaa cccctccat tgaatgaaaa 60
cttccnaaat tgtccaacc cctcnccaa atnccattt cggggggggg gtccaaacc 120
caaattaatt ttgganttta aattaaatnt tnatnnggg aanaanccaa atgtnaagaa 180
aatttaaccc attatnaact taaatnccn gaaaccntg gnttccaaaa atttttaacc 240
cttaaattcc tccgaaattg ntaanggaaa accaaattcn cctaaggctn tttgaaggtt 300
ngatttaaac ccccttnant tnttttnacc cnnngctnaa ntattngnt tccggtgttt 360
tctnttaan cntnggtaac tcccgntaat gaannnccct aanccaatta aaccgaattt 420
tttttgaatt ggaaattccn ngggaattna cgggggtttt tccnttttg gggccatncc 480
ccncttttcg ggggttgggn ntaggttgaa tttttnnang ncccaaaaaa nccccaana 540
aaaaaactcc caagnnttaa ttngaantc ccccttccca ggccttttgg gaaaggnggg 600

```

```

tttntggggg ccngggantt cnttccccn ttncncccc cccccnggt aaanggttat      660
ngnnttttgg ttttgggccc cttnanggac cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccgggncg      720
gccg                                     724

```

```

<210> 39
<211> 751
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(751)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 39
tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttattt tgattttttt taatgctgca      60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt      120
tttatttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttgttg ctttttttcc tttttctgta      180
ggccgcctta agctttctaa atttggaaac tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt      240
cgcaaaatca ctcgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga      300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc ttttaattana      360
cttggggggt ccttccccn accaaccnccn ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaathatg      420
tcccggcnnt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccnncnc caggtnaaaa      480
tgaagggtta ccatntttta cncacctcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn      540
ccctcaancn aattnctnng ccccggtcnc gentnngtcc cncctggggt cggggaantn      600
caccnccnga annnntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tccnntcnc tcaattcccc      660
cnnagactnt cctcnncnan cncaattttc ttttnntcac gaacnngnnc cnaaaatgn      720
nnnnncctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c                                     751

```

```

<210> 40
<211> 753
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(753)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 40
gtggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttcct ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat      60
agatgaaaac cccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcca agcagccggg gtaggagggg      120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa      180
tggctctgaa gcggcggtg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcagggcc accaggaact      240
tctcaaagtt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtgatn agcttggggg      300
cggtcataan cgcggtggcg tcgtcgctgg gagctggcag ggctcccgc aggaaggcna      360
ataaaagggt cgccccgca cgttcanct cgcattctc naanaccatg angttgggct      420
cnaaccacc accannccgg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc      480
ttctnctgat gccctanctg gttgccnngn atgccaanca nccccaancc ccggggctct      540
aaanaccncc cctcctcntt tcatctgggt tntntcccc ggacctgggt tctctcaag      600
ggancccata tctnaccan tactcacnt nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn      660
ttccncccg ncctctggcc cntcaaanan gcttnacna cctgggtctg ccttcccccc      720
tnccctatct gnaccnccn tttgtctcan tnt                                     753

```

```

<210> 41

```

<211> 341  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 41  
 actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaagt 60  
 agtgaacca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120  
 ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt 180  
 tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag 240  
 tgttaaactg tgatttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat 300  
 ttttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t 341

<210> 42  
 <211> 101  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 42  
 atttactgaa tttagttctg tgctcttcct tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat 60  
 gtttcaaaca ttctaaataa ataattttca gtggcttcat a 101

<210> 43  
 <211> 305  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 43  
 acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttcctg gtcctcaccc 60  
 tccaggggtgg tctcacactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat 120  
 tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagttctag agttatgttt cagaaagtct aagaaacca 180  
 cctcttgaga ggtcagtaaa gaggacttaa tatttcatat ctacaaaatg accacaggat 240  
 tggatacaga acgagagtta tcctggataa ctgagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggccgc 300  
 tcgaa 305

<210> 44  
 <211> 852  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(852)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44  
 acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatatttacg tccaggagtt ctttgtttct 60  
 gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt ggtttgtgtc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatttt 120  
 ctctccatcc tcgggcattc ttcccaaatt tatataccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct 180  
 ccagaatttc tctttttag tagtatctca tagctcggct gagcttttca taggtcatgc 240  
 tgctgttgtt cttcttttta ccccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga 300  
 agacgccctc agatcgggtc tcccatttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga 360  
 ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagttag tccctctcgg gttgtgcttt ttggtgtggc 420  
 acttggcagg ggggtcttgc tcttttttca tatcagggtga ctctgcaaca ggaagggtgac 480  
 tgggtgttgt catggagatc tgagcccggc agaaagtttt gctgtccaac aaatctactg 540  
 tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccagggtgtc atgatggaag 600

gctcagtttg	ttcagtcctg	acaatgacat	tgtgtgtgga	ctggaacagg	tcactactgc	660
actggccgtt	ccacttcaga	tgctgcaagt	tgctgtagag	gagntgcccc	gccgtccctg	720
ccgcccgggt	gaactcctgc	aaactcatgc	tgcaaagggt	ctcgccgttg	atgtcgaact	780
cntggaaagg	gatacaattg	gcatccagct	ggttggtgtc	caggagggtga	tggagccact	840
cccacacctg	gt					852

<210> 45  
 <211> 234  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 45						
acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttggacgaa	tccgtgtccg	60
agtctgacac	catccggagc	atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	120
gcctcgtttc	tggttggggt	ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	180
tgaacgtgtc	ggttggtgtc	gaggagggtc	gcagtaagct	ctatgaccgc	ctgt	234

<210> 46  
 <211> 590  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(590)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46						
actttttatt	taaatgttta	taaggcagat	ctatgagaat	gatagaaaac	atggtgtgta	60
atttgatagc	aatatttttg	agattacaga	gttttagtaa	ttaccaatta	cacagttaaa	120
aagaagataa	tatattccaa	gcanatacaa	aatatcta	gaaagatcaa	ggcaggaaaa	180
tgantataac	taattgacaa	tggaaaatca	attttaatgt	gaattgcaca	ttatccttta	240
aaagctttca	aaanaanaaa	ttattgcagt	ctanttaatt	caaacagtgt	taaatgggtat	300
caggataaan	aactgaagg	canaaagaat	taattttcac	ttcatgtaac	ncaccan	360
ttacaatggc	ttaa	aatgcan	ggaaaaagca	gtggaagtag	ggaagtantc	420
tggtctctaa	tctgccttac	tctttgggtg	tggtcttgat	cctctggaga	cagctgccag	480
ggctcctgtt	atatccacaa	tcccagcagc	aagatgaagg	gatgaaaaag	gacacatgct	540
gccttccttt	gaggagactt	catctcactg	gccaacactc	agtcacatgt		590

<210> 47  
 <211> 774  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(774)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47						
acaagggggc	ataatgaagg	agtggggana	gattttaaag	aaggaaaaaa	aacgaggccc	60
tgaacagaat	tttcctgnac	aacggggcctt	caaaataatt	ttcttgggga	ggttcaagac	120
gcttcactgc	ttgaaactta	aatggatgtg	ggacanaatt	ttctgtaatg	accctgaggg	180
cattacagac	gggactctgg	gaggaaggat	aaacagaaaag	gggacaaaag	ctaataccaa	240
aacatcaaag	aaaggaaggt	ggcgcatcac	ctcccagcct	acacagttct	ccagggtctt	300

```

cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg 360
ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgcgtggc 420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tccccaggtt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcttg attactccag catcttgga caatccctga 600
ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggt gttaagagta gggctggacc acttgagacc 660
aggctgctgg cttcaaattt tggctcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct 720
tcacttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

```

```

<210> 48
<211> 124
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(124)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 48
canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120
tggt 124

```

```

<210> 49
<211> 147
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(147)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 49
gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggagggtg ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
tgtggctaca ggtgggtgtct gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

```

```

<210> 50
<211> 107
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 50
acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttgggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatatatgtc 60
atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

```

```

<210> 51
<211> 204
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 51
gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgcacgg 60

```



```

cgggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt caggggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag      120
gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttggcca      180
cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt                                           204

```

```

<210> 52
<211> 491
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(491)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 52
acaaagataa catTTatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaaggtta gtattgtgta      60
gggtattttt caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca      120
ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa      180
aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaatatt      240
tcanaaacac ttcctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca      300
atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc      360
atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat      420
caattttatt tggataacaa aggtctctca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat      480
atcactcttg t                                           491

```

```

<210> 53
<211> 484
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(484)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 53
acataattta gcagggctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga      60
gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggtatttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac      120
actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct      180
caatcaaadc tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacggt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct      240
gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc      300
agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttgtt gcctctccct      360
aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncc      420
tancttgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc      480
cant                                           484

```

```

<210> 54
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 54
actaaacctc gtgcttgatga actccatata gaaaacgggtg ccatccctga acacggctgg      60
ccactgggta tactgtctgac aaccgcaaca acaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag      120
tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t                                           151

```

<210> 55  
<211> 91  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 55  
acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggcg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60  
gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56  
<211> 133  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 56  
ggcggatgtg cgttgggtat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60  
tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cggtcaggga accaataccc catggatacc 120  
aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57  
<211> 147  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(147)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57  
actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60  
gactgggagc tgagcccttc cttttgcgcc tgccctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120  
tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58  
<211> 198  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(198)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58  
acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60  
tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatcct aatttttatg ccatctatta 120  
atttaccaat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180  
ttgacttcta agtttgggt 198

<210> 59  
<211> 330  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 59

acaacaaatg ggttgtagg aagtcttatt agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat	60
ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt	120
cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa	180
tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acaggtgggt tccagacttt ccagaccag	240
cagaaggaat ctattttatt acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt	300
tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt	330

&lt;210&gt; 60

&lt;211&gt; 175

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 60

accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcctgacggc tccttcacca acatctgggt ctacttcggc	60
gtcgtgggtc ccttctctt catctctatc cagctgggtc tgctcatcga ctttgcgcac	120
tcctggaacc agcggtaggt gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt	175

&lt;210&gt; 61

&lt;211&gt; 154

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 61

acccacttt tcctcctgtg agcagtctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gagggtaggt	60
ggttggtgct cttaacagt atcctccctt ttccggatct gctgagccgg acagcagtgc	120
tggactgcac agccccgggg ctccacattg ctgt	154

&lt;210&gt; 62

&lt;211&gt; 30

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 62

cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga	30
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&lt;210&gt; 63

&lt;211&gt; 89

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 63

acaagtcatt tcagaccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc	60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatggtt atgtcaagt	89

&lt;210&gt; 64

&lt;211&gt; 97

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 64

accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag	60
aatcagtgca tccaggattg gtccttggat ctgggggt	97

<210> 65  
 <211> 377  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(377)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65  
 acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggcactg atggaaacct ggaaccccct tttgatggca 60  
 gcatggcgct ctaggccttg acacagcggc tgggggttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120  
 ccaaccctgg tctaccaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggt 180  
 tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaagct caatgagaaa 240  
 ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaaccg 300  
 tgggggtgaa ctacccccan gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360  
 gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66  
 <211> 305  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66  
 acgcctttcc ctcagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgctg ccttcctccg ttgttgctg 60  
 agaaccgctg tgcccttcc caccatatac accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120  
 aggaactaac tgcaccctgg tcctctcccc agtccccagt tcaccctcca tccctcacct 180  
 tcctccaact taaggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtggttt 240  
 ttatatattt ttaataaaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300  
 tgttt 305

<210> 67  
 <211> 385  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 67  
 actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60  
 ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcaggc ctgagagttc 120  
 cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180  
 tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctcctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240  
 ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300  
 cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgccatac 360  
 catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68  
 <211> 73  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68  
 acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60  
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69  
 <211> 536  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(536)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69  
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggctc tcaccctcct ctccctgcagc 60  
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120  
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180  
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240  
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300  
 actaagagcc aggcaacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagaggtggg 360  
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420  
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagttccct ggggagaaca 480  
 gaangtcctt ggggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70  
 <211> 477  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien  
 <400> 70

atgaccctta acagggggcc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60  
 tcacttccac tccataacgc tctcatact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120  
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagcagaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180  
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240  
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccctccaa ctaggagggc 300  
 actggccccc aacaggcatc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360  
 ccgtattact cgcatacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420  
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71  
 <211> 533  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(533)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71  
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60  
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattgggtta 120  
 tgtgatttta gtggatttt tggcaccctt atatatgttt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180  
 attatttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtgtt aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240  
 taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300  
 aaataggtgt gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360  
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420  
 cttcgttaatt ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480  
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacaaac agtatataag gctgtaaaaa gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72  
 <211> 511  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(511)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72  
 tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcgtgta 60  
 aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120  
 aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180  
 aaacatggan agattggtgc tgganacgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240  
 gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300  
 cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360  
 gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420  
 atttctctcc attgcagcna naaacccgtt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480  
 aaatacaccc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73  
 <211> 499  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(499)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73  
 cagtgccagc actggtgccca gtaccagtag caataacagt gccagtgccca gtgccagcac 60  
 cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtcg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120  
 tggccttggg ggagctgggt ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180  
 caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcatc 240  
 ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300  
 ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggc cgcccgctcg 360  
 antctagagg gcccgtttta acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420  
 catctgttgt ttgcccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgaccc tggaaagtgc cactcccact 480  
 gtcctttcct aantaaaat 499

<210> 74  
 <211> 537  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(537)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74  
 tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60

ttatcagctt	aactcagata	aaatcattga	aagtaataag	gtaaaagcta	gtctctaact	120
tccaggccca	cgggtcaagt	gaatttgaat	actgcattta	cagtgtagag	taacacataa	180
cattgtatgc	atggaaacat	ggaggaaacag	tattacagt	tcctaccact	ctaatacaaga	240
aaagaattac	agactctgat	tctacagtga	tgattgaatt	ctaaaaatgg	taatcattag	300
ggcttttgat	ttataaanact	ttgggtactt	atactaaatt	atggtagtta	tactgccttc	360
cagtttgctt	gatataattg	ttgatattaa	gattcctgac	ttatattttg	aatgggttct	420
actgaaaaan	gaatgatata	ttcttgaaga	catcgatata	catttattta	cactcttgat	480
tctacaatgt	agaaaatgaa	ggaaatgccc	caaattgtat	ggtgataaaa	gtcccgct	537

&lt;210&gt; 75

&lt;211&gt; 467

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(467)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 75

caaanacaat	tgttcaaaag	atgcaaatga	tacactactg	ctgcagctca	caaacacctc	60
tgcataattac	acgtacctcc	tctgtctcct	caagtagtgt	ggtctatttt	gccatcatca	120
cctgctgtct	gcttagaaga	acggctttct	gctgcaangg	agagaaatca	taacagacgg	180
tggcacaagg	aggccatctt	ttcctcatcg	gttattgtcc	ctagaagcgt	cttctgagga	240
tctagttggg	ctttctttct	gggtttgggc	catttcantt	ctcatgtgtg	tactattcta	300
tcattattgt	ataacggttt	tcaaaccngt	gggcacncag	agaacctcac	tctgtaataa	360
caatgaggaa	tagccacggg	gatctccagc	accaaactcc	tccatgttnt	tccagagctc	420
ctccagccaa	cccaaatagc	cgctgctatn	gtgtagaaca	tccctgn		467

&lt;210&gt; 76

&lt;211&gt; 400

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(400)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 76

aagctgacag	cattcggggc	gagatgtctc	gctccgtggc	cttagctgtg	ctcgcgctac	60
tctctctttc	tggcctggag	gctatccagc	gtactccaaa	gattcagggt	tactcacgtc	120
atccagcaga	gaatggaaaag	tcaaatttcc	tgaattgcta	tgtgtctggg	tttcatccat	180
ccgacattga	agttgactta	ctgaagaatg	gagagagaat	tgaaaaagt	gagcattcag	240
acttgtcttt	cagcaaggac	tggtctttct	atctcttgta	ctacactgaa	ttcaccacca	300
ctgaaaaaga	tgagtatgcc	tgccgtgtga	accatgtgac	tttgtcacag	cccaagatng	360
ttnagtggga	tcganacatg	taagcagcan	catgggaggt			400

&lt;210&gt; 77

&lt;211&gt; 248

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 77

ctggagtgcc	ttggtgtttc	aagcccctgc	aggaagcaga	atgcaccttc	tgaggcacct	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

```

ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc      120
caggcactgt tcattctcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgctccc ggcaagcgct tctgctgaaa      180
gttcataatct ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaaggctc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaaa      240
aaaaaaaaa                                         248

```

```

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 78
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca      60
tcacccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgccccca cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac      120
tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataatgcct      180
gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a                                         201

```

```

<210> 79
<211> 552
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(552)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 79
tccttttggt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg      60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttaactttcct attctttatt      120
cctctttctt ctgaagatta atgaagtgtg aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag      180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt      240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc agggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact      300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga      360
taataattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaaatttta      420
ttccaggtaa tatgggggtt atttatgaat antacccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac      480
cngttttggt taatacgtta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa      540
aaaaaaaaaa aa                                         552

```

```

<210> 80
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga      60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct      120
cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt      180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcacta      240
aggttaaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac      300
tcttctaagt cctcttccag cctcactttg agtcctcctt gggggttgat aggaantntc      360

```



tcttggcttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat	420
gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatgtt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa	476

&lt;210&gt; 81

&lt;211&gt; 232

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(232)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 81

tttttttttg tatgccttcn ctgtggngtt attgttgctg ccaccttgga ggagcccagt	60
ttcttctgta tctttctttt ctgggggatc ttcttggttc tgccctcca ttcccagcct	120
ctcatcccca tcttgcaatt ttgctagggt tggaggcgt ttcttggtag cccctcagag	180
actcagtcag cgggaataag tcttaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct	232

&lt;210&gt; 82

&lt;211&gt; 383

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(383)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 82

aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc	60
agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgccag gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttccagtgtg	120
gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggg ggagctgggt	180
ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt	240
gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcagaaacc tactcaacac	300
agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg	360
ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa	383

&lt;210&gt; 83

&lt;211&gt; 494

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(494)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 83

accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtcttc cagtattacc tcaacgagca	60
gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgacccgatg ggacaacaga cctgctcagc	120
ccatcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa	180
acgcttcaag gtgctcatga ccagcaacc gcgccctgtc ctctgagggt ccttaaaactg	240
atgtcttttc tgccacctgt taccctctgg agactccgta accaaaactct tcggactgtg	300
agccctgatg cctttttgccc agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat	360

```
tatgcttggtg tgaggcaatc atgggtggcat caccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
tttncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494
```

&lt;210&gt; 84

&lt;211&gt; 380

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(380)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 84

```
gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgctcggagcc cggcttctgg 180
gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggccggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctgggtg 240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctgggtcac ttgctcattg 300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
agcgtnccg cctcatccgg 380
```

&lt;210&gt; 85

&lt;211&gt; 481

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(481)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 85

```
gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggctctctgc ttcataccgc 60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg ttgccacca cctcctgcat cttggggcgg ctaatatcca 120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgtcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttccgctcgg 180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgctcga tcttccccac acttttgatg actttattga 240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagttag gtcaccagcc 300
ctatcatgcc ntgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtgggggggt gnagtctcac 360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggngaa 420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtccnt tgggtggngc gcntnccttt 480
t 481
```

&lt;210&gt; 86

&lt;211&gt; 472

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(472)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 86

```

aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgctg agaattcatt      60
acttggaata gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggattataa attcacaata tgcaaacatt      120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taagggtatg      180
ccctattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct ttttttttga      240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gttagccaat tcactttctt      300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttgggagctg      360
atatntgagc ggaagantag cctttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga      420
tgtnnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg              472

```

&lt;210&gt; 87

&lt;211&gt; 413

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(413)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 87

```

agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttggtg gacctaatTT tgtgtgctg      60
tgtgtgtgcg cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tacttttTga aaagcttatg      120
cctctttTgt atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct      180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaatTgt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagtTngt      240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg      300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcnaaa ctgaacatna gaaacaattn cctggtgaga aattncataa      360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaanang catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt              413

```

&lt;210&gt; 88

&lt;211&gt; 448

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(448)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 88

```

cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgctg cccactccc cgcgtcccgc      60
gtcctagccn accatggcgc ggccccTgcg cgccccgctg ctctgctgg ccatacctggc      120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggccgc ctccagtccc ggcaagccgc cgcgcctTgt      180
gggaggccca tggaccccgC gtggaagaag aaggtgtgcg gcgtgcactg gactttgccg      240
tcggcnanta caacaaaccC gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgctgcag gttgtgccgc      300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaantaa ttcttggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng      360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt nccctccat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg      420
gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaatTTt              448

```

&lt;210&gt; 89

&lt;211&gt; 463

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(463)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89

gaattttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattgggcc aggatgcttt gagtttatca	60
gtagtgattc tgccaaagtt ggtgttgtaa catgagtag taaaatgtca aaaaattagc	120
agaggctctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag ttgtgccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt	180
ctcagtgaca agttntttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcac	240
tttnatgtn agacttgctt ctntnaaatt gcttttgtnt tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg	300
tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn	360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn	420
aattcnnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc	463

<210> 90

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90

agggattgaa ggtctntnt actgtcggac tgttcancca ccaactctac aagttgctgt	60
cttccactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaat	120
tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttcact	180
tcctttgtta agacttcac tggtaaagtc ttaagttttg tagaaaggaa tttaattgct	240
cgttctctaa caatgtcttc tccttgaagt atttggtgga acaaccacc tnaagtcct	300
ttgtgcatcc attttaata tacttaatag ggcattggtg cactagggtta aattctgcaa	360
gagtcactctg tctgcaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctygca	400

<210> 91

<211> 480

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(480)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91

gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac	120
atgcctcttt gactaccgtg tgccagtgtt ggtgattctc acacacctcc nccgctctt	180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaacta gcaagacatc acttacaaat tcacccacga	240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcattgctt ttgtccctc cggcaccagt	300
tgtcaatact aaccgctgg ttgacctcca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataca	360
tctcctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctgtt	420
ngatcaggtt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tcccacaaaa	480

<210> 92

<211> 477

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(477)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92

atacagccca	natcccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttggtgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
gggtcccgctg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgcactcctt	120
cccacgcagg	cagcagcggg	gccgggtcaat	gaactccact	cgtggccttg	ggttgacggg	180
taantgcagg	aagagggtga	ccacctcgcg	gtccaccagg	atgcccagct	gtgcgggacc	240
tgcagcgaag	ctcctcgatg	gtcatgagcg	ggaagcgaat	gangcccagg	gccttgccca	300
gaaccttccg	cctgttctct	ggcgtcacct	gcagctgctg	ccgctnacac	tcggcctcgg	360
accagcggac	aaacggcggt	gaacagccgc	acctcacgga	tgcccantgt	gtcgcgctcc	420
aggaacggcn	ccagcgtgtc	caggtcaatg	tcggtgaanc	ctccgcgggt	aatggcg	477

<210> 93

<211> 377

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(377)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93

gaacggctgg	accttgccctc	gcattgtgct	gctggcagga	ataccttggc	aagcagctcc	60
agtccgagca	gccccagacc	gctgccgccc	gaagctaagc	ctgcctctgg	ccttccccctc	120
cgcttcaatg	cagaaccant	agtgggagca	ctgtgtttag	agttaagagt	gaacactgtn	180
tgattttact	tgggaatttc	ctctgttata	tagcttttcc	caatgctaata	ttccaaacaa	240
caacaacaaa	ataacatggt	tgctgttna	gttgataaaa	agtangtgat	tctgtatnta	300
aagaaaatat	tactgttaca	tatactgctt	gcaanttctg	tatttattgg	tnctctggaa	360
ataaatatat	tattaaa					377

<210> 94

<211> 495

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(495)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94

ccctttgagg	ggttagggc	cagttcccag	tggagaagaa	aggccaggag	aantgcgtgc	60
cgagctgang	cagatttccc	acagtgaccc	cagagccctg	ggctatagtc	tctgacccct	120
ccaaggaaaag	accaccttct	ggggacatgg	gctggagggc	aggacctaga	ggcaccaagg	180
gaaggcccca	ttccggggct	gttccccgag	gaggaaggga	aggggctctg	tgtgcccccc	240
acgaggaana	ggccctgant	cctgggatca	nacacccctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaaggtccc	ctctcagtc	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncactggccc	360
acacccaccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgtnc	caaggaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tcccnnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgctnana	480

aaaaaaaaana aaaaa

495

&lt;210&gt; 95

&lt;211&gt; 472

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(472)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 95

```

ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc      60
cctctggaag ccttgcgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt      120
tagctgtttt gagtggattc gcaccactgc accacaactc aatatgaaaa ctatttnact      180
tatttattat cttgtgaaaa gtatacaatg aaaattttgt tcatactgta tttatcaagt      240
atgatgaaaa gcaatagata tatattcttt tattatgttn aattatgatt gccattatta      300
atcggaacaaa tgtggagtgt atgttctttt cacagtaata tatgcctttt gtaacttcac      360
ttggttattt tattgtaaat gaattacaaa attccttaatt taagaaaatg gtangttata      420
tttanttcan taatttcttt cttgttttac gttaattttg aaaagaatgc at              472

```

&lt;210&gt; 96

&lt;211&gt; 476

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(476)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 96

```

ctgaagcatt tcttcaaact tntctacttt tgtcattgat acctgtagta agttgacaat      60
gtggtgaaat tctaaaatta tatgtaactt ctactagttt tactttctcc cccaagtctt      120
ttttaactca tgatttttac acacacaatc cagaacttat tatatagcct ctaagtcttt      180
attcttcaca gtagatgatg aaagagtcct ccagtgtctt gngcanaatg ttctagntat      240
agctggatac atacngtggg agttctataa actcatacct cagtgggact naaccaaaat      300
tgtgttagtc tcaattccta ccacactgag ggagcctccc aaatcactat attccttatct      360
gcaggctactc ctccagaaaa acngacaggg caggcttgca tgaaaaagtn acatctgcgt      420
tacaaagtct atcttctca nangtctgtt aaggaacaat ttaatcttct agcttt          476

```

&lt;210&gt; 97

&lt;211&gt; 479

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(479)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 97

```

actctttcta atgctgatat gatcttgagt ataagaatgc atatgtcact agaattggata      60
aaataatgct gcaaacttaa tgttcttatg caaaatggaa cgctaatagaa acacagctta      120

```

caatcgcaaa	tcaaaactca	caagtgtctca	tctgtttag	atttagtgta	ataagactta	180
gattgtgtctc	cttcggatat	gattgtttct	canatcttgg	gcaatnttcc	ttagtcaaat	240
caggctacta	gaattctgtt	attggatatn	tgagagcatg	aaatttttaa	naatacactt	300
gtgattatna	aattaatcac	aaatttcact	tatacctgct	atcagcagct	agaaaaacat	360
ntnnttttta	natcaaagta	ttttgtgttt	ggaantgttn	aaatgaaatc	tgaatgtggg	420
ttnatctta	ttttttcccn	gacnactant	tnctttttta	gggnctattc	tgancctac	479

<210> 98  
 <211> 461  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 98						
agtgacttgt	cctccaacaa	aaccccttga	tcaagtttgt	ggcactgaca	atcagaccta	60
tgctagtctc	tgtcatctat	tcgtactata	atgcagactg	gaggggacca	aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagcctg	caaatctatt	cctacttgta	cggactttga	180
agtgattcag	tttcctctac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aatatcctca	tgacagctta	240
tgaagccact	ctgaacacgc	tggttatcta	gatgagaaca	gagaaataaa	gtcagaaaaat	300
ttacctggag	aaaagagggt	ttggctgggg	accatcccat	tgaaccttct	cttaaggact	360
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<210> 99  
 <211> 171  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 99						
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cggtagaaaa	agccttctct	agcgatctga	gaggcggtgc	ttgggggtac	c	171

<210> 100  
 <211> 269  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 100						
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aaggctgagc	tgacgccgca	gaggtcgtgt	cacgtccac	gacctgacg	ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac	agagcccggg	gaagcgggag	gcctcgggga	gcccctcggg	aaggcgggcc	240
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 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

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<210> 102  
 <211> 470  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 102  
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<210> 103  
 <211> 581  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

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 gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240  
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 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

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 aaaggaacat ttttagcctg ggtataatta gctaattcac tttacaagca tttattagaa 540  
 tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagcccaa cacaatgg 578

<210> 105  
 <211> 538  
 <212> DNA



&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 105

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aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
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&lt;210&gt; 106

&lt;211&gt; 473

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 106

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&lt;210&gt; 107

&lt;211&gt; 1621

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 107

cgccatggca	ctgcagggca	tctcgggtcat	ggagctgtcc	ggcctggccc	cgggcccgtt	60
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a 1621

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&lt;210&gt; 108

&lt;211&gt; 382

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 108

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Met Ala Leu Gln Gly Ile Ser Val Met Glu Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala Pro
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20     25     30
Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
35     40     45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
50     55     60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65     70     75     80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
85     90     95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
100    105    110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
115    120    125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
130    135    140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145    150    155    160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
165    170    175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
180    185    190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
195    200    205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
210    215    220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225    230    235    240
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
245    250    255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
260    265    270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
275    280    285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
290    295    300
His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305    310    315    320
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala

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<210> 109
<211> 1524
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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<210> 110
<211> 3410
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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&lt;210&gt; 111

&lt;211&gt; 1289

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 111

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&lt;210&gt; 112

&lt;211&gt; 315

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 112

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 20          25          30
Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
 35          40          45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
 50          55          60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
 65          70          75          80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
 85          90          95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
100          105          110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Val Ile Phe
115          120          125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
130          135          140
Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
145          150          155          160
Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile Arg Glu Phe His Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
165          170          175
Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val Ile Ser His Leu Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
180          185          190
Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu

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195	200	205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr		
210	215	220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp		
225	230	235
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val		
245	250	255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg		
260	265	270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly		
275	280	285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly		
290	295	300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp		
305	310	315

&lt;210&gt; 113

&lt;211&gt; 553

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 113

Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala		
1	5	10
Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu		
20	25	30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val		
35	40	45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly		
50	55	60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly		
65	70	75
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile		
85	90	95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu		
100	105	110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly		
115	120	125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu		
130	135	140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala		
145	150	155
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr		
165	170	175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu		
180	185	190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu		
195	200	205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly		
210	215	220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His		
225	230	235
Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu		
245	250	255
Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg		

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      260      265      270
Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
      275      280      285
Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
      290      295      300
Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
305      310      315      320
Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
      325      330      335
Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
      340      345      350
Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
      355      360      365
Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
      370      375      380
Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
385      390      395      400
Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
      405      410      415
Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
      420      425      430
Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
      435      440      445
Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
      450      455      460
Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
465      470      475      480
Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
      485      490      495
Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
      500      505      510
Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
      515      520      525
Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
530      535      540
Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
545      550

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&lt;210&gt; 114

&lt;211&gt; 241

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 114

```

Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
 1      5      10      15
Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
      20      25      30
Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
      35      40      45
Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
      50      55      60
Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
65      70      75      80
Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile

```





<212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(305)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117  
 acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctgggtca acatanagga acagggacca 60  
 tattttatcct ccctcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa 120  
 aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacagggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga 180  
 tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaatagcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt 240  
 gactgcccc gcttactgcc thtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat 300  
 tgggt 305

<210> 118  
 <211> 71  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(71)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118  
 accaaggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa 60  
 aantcctggg t 71

<210> 119  
 <211> 212  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(212)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119  
 actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca 60  
 gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac 120  
 agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaagggtt ctcactaanc ggaattaant 180  
 aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt 212

<210> 120  
 <211> 90  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(90)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 120  
 actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tggctcttgcc 60  
 ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctggggtggt 90

<210> 121  
 <211> 218  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(218)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121  
 tgtancgtga anacgacaga nagggttgtc aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga 60  
 gaataagatt tgctaaaaga ttgggggcta aaacatgggtt attgggagac atttctgaag 120  
 atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat ggttcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180  
 agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122  
 <211> 171  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 122  
 taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60  
 catttgtag ctcattggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtggggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120  
 caccaccccg gcgggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggtccctggt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123  
 <211> 76  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(76)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123  
 tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atgggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60  
 ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124  
 <211> 131  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 124  
 acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60  
 caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt atttctcttg 120  
 ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125  
 <211> 432  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 125  
 acttttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggg ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60  
 cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc ttttcagagg acttgtgact tttgtcaga tgctgaagaa 120  
 ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180  
 ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240  
 ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300  
 catggtgggg gtcttgcacg tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag 360  
 caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaacctc agtgcccttc 420  
 ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126  
 <211> 112  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 126  
 acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60  
 agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaatattt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127  
 <211> 54  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 127  
 accacgaaac cacaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128  
 <211> 323  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 128  
 acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctccct ctaccagctc 60  
 acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca 120  
 ttctctctga agtctaggtt acccattttg gggaccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc 180  
 ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240  
 ttcttgcaaa aggctcactc agtcctttgc ttgtcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct 300  
 aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129  
 <211> 192  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1) ... (192)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129  
 acatacatgt gtgtatatatt ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatac 60  
 tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc 120  
 tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg 180  
 gataaacaaa gt 192

<210> 130  
 <211> 362  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(362)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130  
 ccctttttta tggaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca 60  
 tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggt tcagtttatg cccctgacaa 120  
 gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggt atcctccatg ttattagtaa 180  
 ttctgtattc cattttgtta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata 240  
 cttatttaaa agctcttatt ttgtggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat 300  
 tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg ggttggttgt aaagctcttt gctaattcta aaaagtaatg 360  
 gg 362

<210> 131  
 <211> 332  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(332)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131  
 ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttgtt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca 60  
 gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga 120  
 gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc 180  
 ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaaat ctgatgtgat ttggtttatt atccaactaa 240  
 ctcccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactcccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc 300  
 atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt 332

<210> 132  
 <211> 322  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(322)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132  
 acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctccctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc 60

```

agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat    120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt    180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggcttattt atcaacaaag agaagagttg    240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct    300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca                                           322

```

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

```

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt    60
cttgtttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta    120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacia atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg    180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt    240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg                               278

```

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

```

gtttanaaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca    60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tggttttcaa atgttatttt tacttgtatt ttgcttttgg    120
t                                                                    121

```

<210> 135

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (350)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135

```

acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctatacc    60
atancaagtg gtgactgggt aagcgtgcga caaaggtcag ctggcacatt acttgtgtgc    120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggactcca    180
gggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgct    240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag    300
ttccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt                    350

```

<210> 136  
 <211> 399  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(399)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136  
 tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60  
 gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120  
 gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180  
 cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacaggtgg gcttcttcct tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240  
 aaaactgcag aggccagggg tcaggtgtna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccaggtgc 300  
 tcccaggaac ccgggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360  
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137  
 <211> 165  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(165)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137  
 actggtgtgg tnggggggtga tgctggtggt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60  
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120  
 ttggctggtc ccactggtgg tcactgtcat tgggtggggt cctgt 165

<210> 138  
 <211> 338  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(338)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138  
 actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60  
 ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccac 120  
 tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggtt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180  
 tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaaggtgc ttggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240  
 cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gttccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa 300  
 aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttg taaaattc 338

<210> 139  
 <211> 382

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 139

gggaatcttg gtttttggca tctggtttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccga gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag acctcgatc tcttggtgtg agcctggteg gtcaccgcc tatcatctgc	180
atttgccetta ctacaggtgt accggactct ggccctgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg	240
ccttatttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc cctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg tgcccaccc tccttcacgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagt	360
gcttgggaact tgtttaaagt gt	382

<210> 140

<211> 200

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140

accaaanctt ctttctgttg tgtnngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanatt	60
acttttcatt taacancttt tgtaagtgt caggctgcac tttgctccat anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgggtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatttt	180
atattcagca taaaggagaa	200

<210> 141

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(335)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141

actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg	60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc agggtttgtt	120
atgcatgtag agaaccctaaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga	180
aattggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg	240
tttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actanttcca atggggaaaa agcaagatgg	300
attcacaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt	335

<210> 142

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142  
accagggttaa tattgcccaca tatatccttt ccaattgcgg gctaaacaga cgtgtattta 60  
gggttggtta aagacaaccc agcttaatat caagagaaat tgtgacctt catggagtat 120  
ctgatggaga aaacactgag ttttgacaaa tcttatttta ttcagatagc agtctgatca 180  
cacatgggtcc aacaacactc aaataataaa tcaaataatna tcagatgtta aagattggtc 240  
ttcaaaccatc atagccaatg atgccccgct tgcctataat ctctccgaca taaaaccaca 300  
tcaaacacctc agtggccacc aaaccattca gcacagcttc cttaactgtg agctgtttga 360  
agctaccagt ctgagcacta ttgactatnt ttttcangct ctgaatagct ctagggatct 420  
cagcanggggt gggaggaacc agctcaacct tggcggtant 459

<210> 143  
<211> 140  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143  
acatttcctt ccaccaagtc aggactcctg gcttctgtgg gagttcttat cacctgaggg 60  
aaatccaaac agtctctcct agaaaggaat agtgtcacca accccaccca tctcctgag 120  
accatccgac ttccctgtgt 140

<210> 144  
<211> 164  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(164)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144  
acttcagtaa caacatacaa taacaacatt aagtgtatat tgccatcttt gtcattttct 60  
atctatacca ctctcccttc tgaaaacaan aatcactanc caatcactta tacaaatttg 120  
aggcaattaa tccatatttg ttttcaataa ggaaaaaaag atgt 164

<210> 145  
<211> 303  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(303)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145  
acgtagacca tccaactttg tatttgtaat ggcaaacatc cagnagcaat tcctaaacaa 60  
actggagggt atttataccc aattatccca ttcattaaca tgccctctc ctcaggctat 120  
gcaggacagc tatcataagt cggcccaggc atccagatac taccatttgt ataaacttca 180  
gtaggggagt ccatccaagt gacaggctca atcaaaggag gaaatggaac ataagcccag 240  
tagtaaaatn ttgcttagct gaaacagcca caaaagactt accgccgtgg tgattaccat 300  
caa 303

<210> 146



<211> 327  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(327)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146  
actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac tttcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60  
actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctgggt gggtgagaga gtccttttgc caacaggcct 120  
ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180  
cctgaacagg gagggtgagg ggagccagca tggacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240  
agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgacctc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300  
taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147  
<211> 173  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(173)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147  
acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60  
actggaacac ataccacat cttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120  
atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148  
<211> 477  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(477)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148  
acaaccactt tatctcatcg aatttttaac ccaaactcac tcactgtgcc tttctatcct 60  
atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact 120  
gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttcctgtc ctgaccctga agccattggg 180  
gtggtcctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240  
nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccctcctctt acacagctac ctccttgctc tctaacecca 300  
tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccg acatgtccag 360  
caccactggg aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420  
ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atggtgg 477

<210> 149  
<211> 207  
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149

acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcatttaag agggaagaac	60
taacgtatatt tagagagcca aggaagggtt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct	120
gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca	180
tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa	207

<210> 150

<211> 111

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(111)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150

accttgattt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg	60
cacttaaatg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t	111

<210> 151

<211> 196

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151

agcgcggcag gtcattatga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac	60
agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat	120
ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccga cagcccactg tgggtcccccac tgtctacgag	180
gtgcatccgg ctcagt	196

<210> 152

<211> 132

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152

acagcacttt cacatgtaag aaggagaaa ttcctaaatg taggagaaaag ataacagAAC	60
cttccccttt tcatctagtg gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag	120
gaggagagttt gt	132

<210> 153

<211> 285

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(285)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153

acaanaccca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag	60
---	----

```

cttctgctct tatgtcctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctcagcagga    120
gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttggaact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcatcaacac    180
cctggctagt gagggcgcg cgccgctcct ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tcgtgcacca    240
gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt                      285

```

```

<210> 154
<211> 333
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 154
accacagtc tggtgggcca gggcttcatt accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc    60
accccaaatt tttccttaaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac    120
cctaagccgg ttacacagct aactcccaact ggccctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgctgcctg    180
attggcacag gagtcgaagg tggtcagctc cctcctccg tggaacgaga ctctgatttg    240
agtttcacaa attctcgggc cactcgtca ttgctcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg    300
gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg                      333

```

```

<210> 155
<211> 308
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(308)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 155
actggaaata ataaaaccca catcacagtg ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg    60
gaaagtgtt tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgatc gatgattttt gttataatat    120
ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag cccagcccc    180
atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggct    240
gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtgta aggcatgctg    300
gccttggt                      308

```

```

<210> 156
<211> 295
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 156
accttgctcg gtgcttgga catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta    60
ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgtagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaaactga    120
gaataggaga ttatgttttg cctcatatt ctctcctatc ctccttgect cattctatgt    180
ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggttagc ataatcagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat    240
aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat          295

```

```

<210> 157
<211> 126
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 157
acaagtttaa atagtgtgt cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct    60

```

gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120  
cttagt 126

<210> 158  
<211> 442  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1) ... (442)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158  
accactggt cttggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60  
aanccagcag gctgccccta gtcagtcctt ccttccagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120  
gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttctctcc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatatatt 180  
ctggtggttc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggt ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240  
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300  
ccaacctgt tttcccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360  
nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420  
tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159  
<211> 498  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1) ... (498)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159  
acttccagggt aacgttggtg tttccgttga gcctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtagggtc 60  
tccaacaaga actgaggttg cagagcgggt agggaaagat gctgttccag ttgcacctgg 120  
gctgctgtgg actgttggtg attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaag 180  
gtgtgtgtgt gganttgagc tcgggcggct gtggtagggt gtgggctctt caacaggggc 240  
tgctgtggtg ccgggangtg aangtggtgt gtcacttgag ctgggccagc tctggaaaagt 300  
antanattct tcctgaaggc cagcgcttgt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa 360  
cgaaccagtg ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tcctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn 420  
tcaggtanaa atgtggtttc agtgtccctg ggcngctgtg gaaggttgta nattgtcacc 480  
aagggaataa gctgtggt 498

<210> 160  
<211> 380  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1) ... (380)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

```

acctgcatcc agcttccctg ccaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac      60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct      120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tggggtctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc      180
cactagacat ctcatcagcc acttgtgtga agagatgccc catgacccca gatgcctctc      240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg      300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggta gaggctgatt tctaacgaaa      360
cttgtagaat gaagcctgga                                     380

```

```

<210> 161
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 161
actccacatc ccctctgagc aggcggttgt cgttcaaggt gtatttggcc ttgcctgtca      60
cactgtccac tggccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt          114

```

```

<210> 162
<211> 177
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 162
actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa      60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt      120
tggtgatata taacttgga ataaccagc ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcactgt         177

```

```

<210> 163
<211> 137
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (137)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 163
catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac      60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt      120
catcagcggc atgatgt                                     137

```

```

<210> 164
<211> 469
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (469)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 164
cttatcacia tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta      60
tgcaatgcat catgctatct catacctaat gagggagtgc caggagattc aaccaggaaa      120

```

tgcattggatc	tcaaaggaaa	caaacaccca	ataaaactcg	agtggcagac	tgacaaactgt	180
gagacatgca	cttgctacga	aacagaaatt	tcatgttgca	cccttgtttc	tacacctgtg	240
ggttatgaca	aagacaactg	ccaagaatc	ttcaagaagg	aggactgcaa	gtatatcgtg	300
gtggagaaga	aggacccaaa	aaagacctgt	tctgtcagtg	aatggataat	ctaattgtct	360
tctagtaggc	acagggctcc	caggccaggc	ctcattctcc	tctggcctct	aatagtcaat	420
gattgtgtag	ccatgcctat	cagtaaaaag	atntttgagc	aaacacttt		469

&lt;210&gt; 165

&lt;211&gt; 195

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(195)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 165

acagtttttt	atanatatcg	acattgccgg	cacttgtgtt	cagtttcata	aagctggtgg	60
atccgctgtc	atccactatt	ccttggttag	agtaaaaatt	attcttatag	cccatgtccc	120
tgcaggccgc	ccgcccgtag	ttctcggtcc	agtcgtcttg	gcacacaggg	tgccaggact	180
tcctctgaga	tgagt					195

&lt;210&gt; 166

&lt;211&gt; 383

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(383)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 166

acatcttagt	agtgtggcac	atcagggggc	catcagggtc	acagtcactc	atagcctcgc	60
cgaggctcga	gtccacacca	ccggtgtagg	tgtgctcaat	cttgggcttg	gcgcccacct	120
ttggagaagg	gatatgctgc	acacacatgt	ccacaaaagg	tgtgaactcg	ccaaagaatt	180
tttgacagacc	agcctgagca	aggggcggat	gttcagcttc	agctcctcct	tcgtcagggtg	240
gatgccaacc	tcgtctangg	tccgtgggaa	gctggtgtcc	acntcaccta	caacctgggc	300
gangatctta	taaagaggct	ccnagataaa	ctccacgaaa	cttctctggg	agctgctagt	360
nggggccttt	ttggtgaact	ttc				383

&lt;210&gt; 167

&lt;211&gt; 247

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(247)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 167

acagagccag	accttgGCCa	taaatgaanc	agagattaag	actaaacccc	aagtcganat	60
tggagcagaa	actggagcaa	gaagtgggccc	tggggctgaa	gtagagacca	aggccactgc	120

tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac	180
tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac	240
tgangtc	247

&lt;210&gt; 168

&lt;211&gt; 273

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(273)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 168

acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa	60
aatccctcan ccttggttctt cacnactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatgtt tccacaaagg	120
gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag taggggtgggc	180
aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggctttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg	240
agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca	273

&lt;210&gt; 169

&lt;211&gt; 431

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(431)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 169

acagccttgg cttccccaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc	60
agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acaggttcta	120
ctactgtcaa atgaccccc atacttctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacaggtgag	180
ggcagcagaa aggggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac	240
cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcaactgctgg gcaccagctc	300
acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgccca actttcatac atccaactgg	360
aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc	420
tcgaacactg a	431

&lt;210&gt; 170

&lt;211&gt; 266

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(266)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 170

acctgtgggc tgggctgtta tgctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagtcca gaggtggagc	60
tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat ttgccaanc ctctccanag canaggggagc aacctacact	120
ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat	180

gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240  
tcaaagctag gggctctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171  
<211> 1248  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(1248)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171  
ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agccccgact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca 60  
ctggctcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcattccgca gtgggtgctg 120  
tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgagtg cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180  
cacagtcttg aggccgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240  
cggcacccag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagttggac 300  
gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360  
gcgggggaact cttgcctcgt ttctggtctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420  
gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480  
ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggcggaggggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540  
aacggtgact ctggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600  
ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccaggtgtct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660  
actgagtggg tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aacctatgaa 720  
attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agccccctcct 780  
ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggcccccagc ccctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840  
cccagccccct cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccccctcc tccctcagac 900  
ccaggagtcc agccccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccccag cccctcctcc 960  
ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctccctccctc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020  
ccaaccnctc attcccaga cccagaggtc caggtcccag cccctcntcc ctcagaccca 1080  
gcggtccaat gccacctaga cntccctgt acacagtgc cccttggtggc acgttgaccc 1140  
aaccttacca gttggttttt catttttngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200  
aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1248

<210> 172  
<211> 159  
<212> PRT  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (1)...(159)  
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172  
Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro  
1 5 10 15  
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser  
20 25 30  
Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr  
35 40 45  
Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly  
50 55 60



```

Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu
65              70              75              80
Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe
              85              90              95
Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser
              100             105             110
Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe
              115             120             125
Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn
              130             135             140
Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
145              150              155

```

&lt;210&gt; 173

&lt;211&gt; 1265

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(1265)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 173

```

ggcagcccg c actcgagcc ctggcaggcg gcaactggtca tggaaaacga attgttctgc      60
tcgggcgctcc tgggtgcatcc gcagtggtg ctgtcagccg cacactgttt ccagaactcc      120
tacaccatcg ggctgggcct gcacagtctt gagggcgacc aagagccagg gagccagatg      180
gtggaggcca gcctctccgt acggcaccca gagtacaaca gaccttgct cgctaacgac      240
ctcatgtca tcaagttgga cgaatccgtg tccgagtctg acaccatccg gagcatcagc      300
attgcttcgc agtgcctac cgcggggaac tcttgctcgc tttctggctg gggctgctg      360
gcgaacggtg agctcacggg tgtgtgtctg ccctcttcaa ggaggtcctc tgcccagtcg      420
cgggggctga cccagagctc tgcgtcccag gcagaatgcc taccgtgctg cagtgcgtga      480
acgtgtcggg ggtgtctgag gaggtctgca gtaagctcta tgaccgctg taccaccca      540
gcatgttctg cgccggcgga gggcaagacc agaaggactc ctgcaacggt gactctgggg      600
ggccctgat ctgcaacggg tacttgagg gccttggtc tttcggaaaa gccccgtgtg      660
gccaaagtgg cgtgccaggt gtctacacca acctctgcaa attcactgag tggatagaga      720
aaaccgtcca ggccagttaa ctctggggac tgggaaccca tgaaattgac ccccaaatac      780
atcctgcgga aggaattcag gaatatctgt tcccagcccc tctcctca ggcccaggag      840
tccaggcccc cagccctcc tccctcaaac caagggtaca gatccccagc ccctcctccc      900
tcagaccag gagtccagac cccccagccc ctctcctc agaccagga gtccagcccc      960
tctcctntca gaccaggag tccagacccc ccagccctc ctccctcaga cccaggggtt     1020
gaggcccca acccctcctc ctccagagtc agaggtccaa gcccacaacc cctcgttccc     1080
cagaccaga ggtnnaggtc ccagccctc ttcctcaga cccagnggtc caatgccacc     1140
tagattttcc ctgnacacag tgcccccttg tgganagttg acccaacctt accagttggt     1200
ttttcatttt tngtcccttt cccctagatc cagaaataaa gtttaagaga ngngcaaaaa     1260
aaaaa                                           1265

```

&lt;210&gt; 174

&lt;211&gt; 1459

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

```

ggtcagccgc acactgtttc cagaagtgag tgcagagctc ctacaccatc gggctggggc      60
tgcacagtct tgaggccgac caagagccag ggagccagat ggtggaggcc agcctctccg     120
tacggcacc cagagtacaac agacccttgc tcgctaacga cctcatgctc atcaagttgg     180
acgaatccgt gtccgagtct gacaccatcc ggagcatcag cattgcttcg cagtgcctta     240
ccgcggggaa ctcttgcttc gtttctggct ggggtctgct ggcgaacggg gagctcacgg     300
gtgtgtgtct gccctcttca aggaggtcct ctgccagctc gcgggggctg acccagagct     360
ctgcgtccca ggcagaatgc ctaccgtgct gcagtgcgtg aacgtgtcgg tgggtgtctga     420
ngagggtctgc antaagctct atgaccgct gtaccacccc ancatgttct gcgccggcgg     480
agggcaagac cagaaggact cctgcaacgt gagagagggg aaaggggagg gcaggcgact     540
cagggaaggg tggagaaggg ggagacagag acacacaggg ccgcatggcg agatgcagag     600
atggagagac acacagggag acagtgacaa ctagagagag aaactgagag aaacagagaa     660
ataaacacag gaataaagag aagcaaagga agagagaaac agaaacagac atggggaggc     720
agaaacacac acacatagaa atgcagttga ccttccaaca gcatggggcc tgagggcggt     780
gacctccacc caatagaaaa tcctcttata acttttgact ccccaaaaac ctgactagaa     840
atagcctact gttgacgggg agccttacca ataacataaa tagtcgattt atgcatacgt     900
tttatgcatt catgatatac ctttgttgga attttttgat atttctaagc tacacagttc     960
gtctgtgaat ttttttaaat tgttgcaact ctccataaat ttttctgatg tgtttattga    1020
aaaaatccaa gtataagtgg acttgtgcat tcaaaccagg gttgttcaag ggtcaactgt    1080
gtaccagag ggaacagtg acacagattc atagaggtga aacacgaaga gaaacaggaa    1140
aatcaagac tctacaaaga ggctgggcag ggtggctcat gcctgtaatc ccagcacttt    1200
gggaggcgag gcaggcgag cacttgaggt aaggagttca agaccagcct ggccaaaatg    1260
gtgaaatcct gtctgtacta aaaatacaaa agttagctgg atatggtggc aggcgcctgt    1320
aatcccagct acttgggagg ctgaggcagg agaattgctt gaatatggga ggcagaggtt    1380
gaagtgagtt gagatcacac cactatactc cagctggggc aacagagtaa gactctgtct    1440
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa

```

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

```

gcgcagccct ggcaggcggc actggctcatg gaaaacgaat tgttctgctc gggcgctcctg      60
gtgcattccgc agtgggtgct gtcagccgca cactgtttcc agaactccta caccatcggg     120
ctgggcctgc acagtcttga ggccgaccaa gagccaggga gccagatggg ggaggccagc     180
ctctccgtac ggcacccaga gtacaacaga ctcttgctcg ctaacgacct catgctcatc     240
aagttggacg aatccgtgtc cgagtctgac accatccgga gcatcagcat tgcttcgcag     300
tgccctaccg cggggaactc ttgctctgtn tctggctggg gtctgctggc gaacggcaga     360
atgctctaccg tgctgcactg cgtgaacgtg tcggtgggtg ctgaggangt ctgcagtaag     420
ctctatgacc cgctgtacca cccagcatg ttctgcgcg gcggagggca agaccagaag     480
gactcctgca acggtgactc tggggggccc ctgatctgca acgggtactt gcagggcctt     540
gtgtctttcg gaaaagcccc gtgtggccaa cttggcgtgc cagggtgteta caccaacctc     600
tgcaaattca ctgagtggat agagaaaacc gtccagncca gttaactctg gggactggga     660
acccatgaaa ttgaccccca aatacatcct gcggaangaa ttcaggaata tctgttccca     720
gcccctcctc cctcaggccc aggagtccag gccccagcc cctcctccct caaaccaagg     780
gtacagatcc ccagcccctc ctccctcaga cccaggagtc cagacccccc agcccctent     840
ccntcagacc caggagtcca gcccctcctc cntcagacgc aggagtccag acccccagc     900

```

```

ccntcntccg tcagaccag ggggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tcntccntca gagtccagg 960
tccaagcccc caaccctcg ttcccagac ccagaggtnc aggtcccagc cctcctccc 1020
tcagaccag cgggtccaatg ccacctagan tntccctgta cacagtgcc ccttggtggca 1080
ngttgaccca accttaccag ttgggttttc attttttgtc cctttcccct agatccagaa 1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa 1167

```

&lt;210&gt; 176

&lt;211&gt; 205

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; VARIANT

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(205)

&lt;223&gt; Xaa = Any Amino Acid

&lt;400&gt; 176

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1           5           10           15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
          20           25           30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
          35           40           45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
          50           55           60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
65           70           75           80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
          85           90           95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
          100          105          110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
          115          120          125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
          130          135          140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
145          150          155          160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
          165          170          175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
          180          185          190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
          195          200          205

```

&lt;210&gt; 177

&lt;211&gt; 1119

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 177

```

gcgcaactcgc agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattgaaa acgaattgtt ctgctcgggc 60
gtcctgggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gttccagaa ctctacacc 120
atcgggctgg ccctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc caggagacca gatgggtggag 180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtac aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg 240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct 300

```

```

tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctgggggtct gctggcgaaac 360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc 420
caaccctggc aggggtgtac catttcggca acttccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcacccggaa cactgtgac aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctgggtactc ccctcacaaa 780
ttcatttctc ctggtttagt gaaagggtgc ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg 900
ctcagtagac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcatttagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agaggggcca tggttcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1119

```

&lt;210&gt; 178

&lt;211&gt; 164

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; VARIANT

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(164)

&lt;223&gt; Xaa = Any Amino Acid

&lt;400&gt; 178

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
          20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
          35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
          50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
          65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
          85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
          100          105          110
Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
          115          120          125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
          130          135          140
Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
          145          150          155          160
Pro Gly Thr Leu

```

&lt;210&gt; 179

&lt;211&gt; 250

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 179

```

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagccccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct      60
ccagctgccc cgggccgggg gatgcgaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct      120
gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga      180
aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggt cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa      240
aaaaaaaaaa                                     250

```

```

<210> 180
<211> 202
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 180
actagtcacag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca      60
tcaccagacac ccgccccctg ccctgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta      120
ctctgctact cggaaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttggt tataaatgcc      180
tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa                                     202

```

```

<210> 181
<211> 558
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (558)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 181
tccytttgkt naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcynng      60
aatgtttagg cagtgctagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct      120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa      180
ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca      240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaac      300
ctactctgtt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaaagccaa      360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw      420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt      480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaataaa acaakgcttt gacttatttc      540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa                                     558

```

```

<210> 182
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 182
acagggwttk grggatgcta agsccccrga rwtggtttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc      60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtgcgmg gcacccctgg      120
cstcacacag astcccgagt agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg      180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca      240
ctaagggttaa actttcccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca      300

```

tactmttcta agtcctcttc cagcctcact kkgagtcctm cytggggggtt gataggaant	360
ntctcttggc tttctcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttttaatttgg tacgcatara	420
awtgstgara aaattaaaaat gttctgggty macttttaaaa araaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa	479

&lt;210&gt; 183

&lt;211&gt; 384

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 183

aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc	60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtgggtgg cttcagtgtc	120
ggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctggt	180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tgggtgcctgt gggttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat	240
tgtaaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc cagggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca	300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt	360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa	384

&lt;210&gt; 184

&lt;211&gt; 496

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(496)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 184

accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtyynt ccrgtatkac ctcaacgagc	60
aggagatcgc agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgacccgat gggacaacag acctgctcag	120
cccatacctgc tcggttctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga	180
aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgcctgt cctctgaggg tcccttaaac	240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttaccctc ggagactccg taaccaaact cttcggactg	300
tgagccctga tgcctttttg ccagccatac tctttggcat ccagtctctc gtggcgattg	360
attatgcttg tgtgaggcaa tcatggtggc atcacccata aagggaacac atttgacttt	420
tttttctcat attttaatt actacmagaw tattwmagaw waaatgawtt gaaaaactst	480
taaaaaaaaa aaaaaa	496

&lt;210&gt; 185

&lt;211&gt; 384

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 185

gctggtagcc tatggcgkcg cccacggagg ggctcctgag gccacggrac agtgacttcc	60
caagtatcyt gcgcsgcgtc ttctaccgtc cctacctgca gatcttcggg cagattcccc	120
aggaggacat ggacgtggcc ctcatggagc acagcaactg ytcgtcggag cccggcttct	180
gggcacaccc tcctggggcc caggcgggca cctgcgtctc ccagtatgcc aactggctgg	240
tgggtgctgt cctcgtcatc ttctgctcg tggccaacat cctgctggtc aacttgctca	300
ttgccatgtt cagttacaca ttcggcaaaag tacagggcaa cagcgatctc tactgggaag	360
gcgcagcgtt accgcctcat ccgg	384

&lt;210&gt; 186

&lt;211&gt; 577

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(577)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 186

gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gcntaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgtcga	tgaaacctgt	gggctgggtc	tgtcttccgc	180
tcggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagtg	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttgtaccag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mcgtgccgaa	garcaccgag	ccttgtgtgg	gggkkgaggt	360
ctcaccacga	ttctgcatta	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaaag	acattgacaa	actcgcccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gccgctcctc	gtcmgttggt	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaantt	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

&lt;210&gt; 187

&lt;211&gt; 534

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(534)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 187

aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatycatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctggattata	aattcacaat	atgcaacact	120
ttaaacagtg	tgtcaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgtcatca	ccagtctggg	aakaagggta	180
tgccctattc	acacctgtta	aaagggcgct	aagcattttt	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	cgaaaaaagc	aaaagtaaac	agttatyaat	ttgttagcca	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gatttaaaaa	gcaaattgca	taatattgag	cttygggagc	360
tgatatattga	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	tttcatattg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwatg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtggcaa	ttctgttctg	480
aggatctccc	agtttattta	ccacttgcac	aagaaggcgt	tttcttcctc	aggc	534

&lt;210&gt; 188

&lt;211&gt; 761

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(761)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 188

agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttggt	gacctaat	ttgtgtgcgtg	60
tgtgtgtgcg	cgcattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tacttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctctttggg	atctatatct	gtgaaagttt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180

```

ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt 240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg 300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctggtgaga arttgcataa 360
acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgttwtktt wttctccctt 420
gcaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa 480
cttgcccttc attacatggt tnaaagtggg gtgggtgggcc aaaatattga aatgatggaa 540
ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac 600
atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaataca ctttgaacta 660
tttttctgtn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac 720
gaaaataata acattgaaga aaaananaaa aanaaaaaaa a 761

```

<210> 189

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189

```

tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatntt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca 60
caccgggggt atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca 120
aagccgcctg ctgcttcttc tgtctgtctc ctgggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc 180
aaggcagggg ccaccagtcg aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggangtgt gcataagaag 240
tgataggcac aggccacccg gtacagaccc ctccgctcct gacaggtnga tttcgaccag 300
gtcattgtgc cctgcccagg cacagcgtan atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc 360
aaatttggtc ngtcacngaa ngggcanttt tccaanttng gctnggtctt ggtacncttg 420
gttcggccca gctccncgtc caaaaantat tcaccnntct ccnaattgct tgcnggnccc 480
cc 482

```

<210> 190

<211> 471

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(471)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190

```

tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca aaaaaattta ttagaagaat agtgggtttg 60
aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactacat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntctca 120
aatgtctggt caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag 180
cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt 240
taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt 300
tgaaaaattt catgtatgca atccaaccaa agaacttnat tggatgatcat gantnctcta 360
ctacatcnac cttgatcatt gccaggaacn aaaagttnaa ancacncngt acaaaaaanaa 420
tctgtaattn anttcaacct ccgtacngaa aaatntntnt tataactcc c 471

```

<210> 191

<211> 402

<212> DNA



<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga	aggtctgttc	tastgtcggm	ctgttcagcc	accaactcta	acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact	cactgtctgt	aagcttttta	acccagacwg	tatcttcata	aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc	agtcacatct	tctaggacct	ttttggattc	agttagtata	agctcttcca	180
cttcctttgt	taagacttca	tctggtaaag	tcttaagttt	tgtagaaagg	aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct	aacaatgtcc	tctccttgaa	gtatttggct	gaacaacca	cctaaagtcc	300
ctttgtgcat	ccatttttaa	tatacttaat	agggcattgk	tnactagggt	taaattctgc	360
aagagtcato	tgtctgcaaa	agttgcgtta	gtatatctgc	ca		402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat	ccaataatct	ttgtctgagg	gcagcacaca	tatncagtgc	catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc	acatgggagc	agcatgccgt	agntatataa	ggtcattccc	tgagtcagac	120
atgcytyttt	gaytaccgtg	tgccaagtgc	tggtgattct	yaacacacyt	ccatcccgyt	180
cttttgtgga	aaaactggca	cttktctgga	actagcarga	catcacttac	aaattcaccc	240
acgagacact	tgaaagggtg	aacaaagcga	ytcttgcat	gctttttgtc	cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa	tactaaccgg	ctggtttgcc	tccatcacat	ttgtgatctg	tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct	gacagtactg	aagaacttct	tcttttgttt	caaaagcarg	tcttggtgcc	420
tggtggatca	ggttcccat	tcccagtcyg	aatgttcaca	tggtcatatt	wacttcccac	480
aaaacattgc	gatttgaggc	tcagcaacag	caaatcctgt	tccggcattg	gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta	gccggccagc	gccaaggcag	gcgccgtgag	ccccaccagc	agcagaagca	600
g						601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca	natcccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttgttgact	gagaacctga	tcggtgcact	60
gggtcccgtg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgactctcyt	120
cccaacgcag	gcagmagcgg	gscgggtcaa	tgaactccay	tcgtggcttg	gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag	gaagaggctg	accacctcgc	gggtccaccag	gatgcccagc	tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa	actcctcgat	ggatcatgagc	gggaagcgaa	tgaggccccag	ggccttgccc	300

```

agaaccttcc gctgtttctc tggcgteacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctgggcctcg      360
gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtcgcgctc      420
caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccagggtcaat gtcggtgaag ccctccgcgg gtrattggcg      480
ctgcagtggt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggc acaggctggc cagctgcggg tcatcgaaga      540
gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggtctg cagttcttct tcaggaactc      600
cacgcaat                                         608

```

<210> 194

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 194

```

gaacggctgg accttgccct gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt      60
ccagtcgag cagccccaga ccgctgccgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggccttcccc      120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtagtgggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg      180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tcctctgtta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac      240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg ttgcctgtt aagttgtata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt      300
taaagaaaat attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg      360
aaataaatat agttattaaa ggttgtcant cc                                         392

```

<210> 195

<211> 502

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(502)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 195

```

ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttyccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg      60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtgc cccagagcc stgggstata gtytctgacc      120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc      180
aagggaaagg cccattccgg ggstgttccc cgaggaggaa gggaaggggc tctgtgtgcc      240
ccccasgagg aagaggccct gagtcctggg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatccccaca      300
caaatgcaag ctcaccaagg tcccctctca gtccccttcc stacaccctg amcggccact      360
gscscacacc caccagagc acgccacccg ccatggggar tgtgctcaag gartcgcnng      420
gcrcgtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt      480
gctnanaaaa aaaaanaaaa aa                                         502

```

<210> 196

<211> 665

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(665)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196

ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgcgag	agcggacttt	gtaattggtg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
wagctgtttk	gagttgatts	gcaccactgc	acccacaact	tcaatatgaa	aacyawttga	180
actwatttat	tatcttgtga	aaagtataac	aatgaaaatt	ttgttcatac	tgtattkatc	240
aagtatgatg	aaaagcaawa	gatatatatt	cttttattat	gttaaattat	gattgccatt	300
attaatcggc	aaaatgtgga	gtgtatgttc	ttttcacagt	aatatatgcc	ttttgtaact	360
tcacttggtt	attttattgt	aaatgartta	caaaattcct	aatttaagar	aatggtatgt	420
watatttatt	tcattaattt	ctttcctkgt	ttacgtwaat	tttgaaaaga	wtgcatgatt	480
tcttgacaga	aatcgatctt	gatgctgtgg	aagtagtttg	acccacatcc	ctatgagttt	540
ttcttagaat	gtataaagg	tgtagcccat	cnaacttcaa	agaaaaaat	gaccacatac	600
tttgcaatca	ggctgaaatg	tggcatgctn	ttctaattcc	aactttataa	actagcaaan	660
aagtg						665

<210> 197

<211> 492

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(492)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197

tttntttttt	tttttttgc	aggaaggatt	ccatttattg	tggatgcatt	ttcacaatat	60
atgtttattg	gagcgatcca	ttatcagtga	aaagtatcaa	gtgtttataa	natttttagg	120
aaggcagatt	cacagaacat	gctngtcngc	ttgcagtttt	acctcgтана	gatnacagag	180
aattatagtc	naaccagtaa	acnagggaatt	tacttttcaa	aagattaaat	ccaaactgaa	240
caaaattcta	ccctgaaact	tactccatcc	aaatattgga	ataanagtca	gcagtgatac	300
attctcttct	gaactttaga	ttttctagaa	aaatattgtaa	tagtgatcag	gaagagctct	360
tgttcaaaag	tacaacnaag	caatgttccc	ttaccatagg	ccttaattca	aactttgatc	420
catttcactc	ccatcacggg	agtcfaatgt	acctgggaca	cttgatattt	gttcatnctg	480
ancntggctt	aa					492

<210> 198

<211> 478

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(478)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198

tttnttttgn	atttcantct	gtannaanta	ttttcattat	gtttattana	aaaatatnaa	60
tgtntccacn	acaaatcatn	ttacntnagt	aagaggccan	ctacattgta	caacatacac	120
tgagtatatt	ttgaaaagga	caagttttaa	gtanacncat	attgccganc	atancacatt	180
tatacatggc	ttgattgata	tttagcacag	canaaactga	gtgagttacc	agaaanaaat	240
nataatgtc	aatcngattt	aagatacaaa	acagatccta	tggtagatan	catcntgtag	300
gagttgtggc	tttatgttta	ctgaaagtca	atgcagttcc	tgtacaaaga	gatggccgta	360
agcattctag	tacctctact	ccatgggttaa	gaatcgta	cttatgttta	catatgtnc	420

gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agaggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

<210> 199

<211> 482

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(482)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199

agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta	60
tgctagtcc tgtcatctat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga	180
agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctgggtcaag aatctctca tgcagcttta	240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga	300
aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggctttngg ctggggacca tcccattgaa ccttctctta	360
anggacttta agaanaaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg	420
aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tcctgaactt gtcctctctgc	480
ga	482

<210> 200

<211> 270

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(270)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200

cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggcgg tgccggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt caggtcccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac agagcccggt gaangcggga ggcctcgggg agcccctcgg gaagggcggc	240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc	270

<210> 201

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(419)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201

tttttttttt ttttgaatc tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg taacagggta gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattggtt tgtctttatg ggggcggggg ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca	180
tggagtgggt gcaccctccc tgtagaacct ggttacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg	240

```
tctgtgaccg tcattttctt gacatcaatg ttattagaag tcaggatata ttttagagag 300
tccactgtnt ctggaggag attagggttt ctgccaana tccaancaa atccacntga 360
aaaagttgga tgatncangt acngaatacc ganggcatan ttctcatant cgggtggcca 419
```

<210> 202  
<211> 509  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(509)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```
<400> 202
tttntttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
tggcacttaa tccattttta tttcaaaatg tctacaaant ttnaatncnc cattatacng 120
gtnttttnc aaaatctaaa nnttattcaa atntnagcca aantccttac ncaaattnaa 180
tacnncaaa aatcaaaaat atacntntct ttcagcaaac ttngttacat aaattaaaaa 240
aatatatacg gctggtgttt tcaaagtaca attatcttaa cactgcaaac atnttttnaa 300
ggaactaaaa taaaaaaaaa cactnccgca aagggttaaag ggaacaacaa attcntttta 360
caacancnnc nattataaaa atcatatctc aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacng 420
ggatcttaac ttttactnca ctttgtttat ttttttanaa ccattgtntt gggcccaaca 480
caatggnaat nccnccnnc tggactagt 509
```

<210> 203  
<211> 583  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(583)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```
<400> 203
ttttttttt ttttttttga cccccctctt ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttattttact 60
tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
taaattgaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcaattt 300
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360
agggaaaaca ggaagagana atggcacaca aaacaaacat tttatattca tattttctacc 420
tacgttaata aaatagcatt ttgtgaagcc agctcaaaag aaggcttaga tccttttatg 480
tccatttttag tactaaacg atatcnaaag tgccagaatg caaaagggtt gtgaacattt 540
attcaaaagc taatataaga tatttcacat actcatctt ctg 583
```

<210> 204  
<211> 589  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

ttttttttnt	tttttttttt	ttttttntct	ttcttttttt	ttganaatga	ggatcgagtt	60
tttactctct	tagatagggc	atgaagaaaa	ctcatctttc	cagctttaaa	ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat	gctatatcat	attttaagtt	aaactaatga	gtcactggct	tatcttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat	ctgttcattc	ttctcattca	tatagttata	tcaagtacta	ccttgcatat	240
tgagaggttt	ttcttctcta	tttacacata	tatttccatg	tgaatttgta	tcaaaccctt	300
attttcatgc	aaactagaaa	ataatgtntt	cttttgcata	agagaagaga	acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa	ctgctcaaat	tgtttgttaa	gnttatccat	tataattagt	tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa	tcacatttac	ngacnagcaa	taataaaaact	gaagtaccag	ttaaatatcc	480
aaaataatta	aaggaacatt	tttagcctgg	gtataattag	ctaattcact	ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa	tgaattcaca	tgttattatt	ccntagccca	acacaatgg		589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

tttttntttt	ttttttcagt	aataatcaga	acaatattta	tttttatatt	taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc	cttacattta	ataaaagttt	gtttctcaaa	gtgatcagag	gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa	caccaatatt	aatttgagga	aaatacacca	aaatacatta	agtaaattat	180
ttaagatcat	agagcttgta	agtgaaaaaga	taaaatttga	cctcagaaac	tctgagcatt	240
aaaaatccac	tattagcaaa	taaattacta	tggacttctt	gctttaattt	tgtgatgaat	300
atgggggtgc	actggtaaac	caacacattc	tgaaggatac	attacttagt	gatagattct	360
tatgtacttt	gctanatnac	gtggatatga	gttgacaagt	ttctctttct	tcaatctttt	420
aaggggcnga	ngaaatgagg	aagaaaagaa	aaggattacg	catactgttc	tttctatngg	480
aaggattaga	tatgtttcct	ttgccaatat	taaaaaata	ataatgttta	ctactagtga	540
aaccc						545

<210> 206

<211> 487

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (487)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagtttctna	tttttattat	aattaaagtc	ttggtcattt	60
cattttattag	ctctgcaact	tacatattta	aattaaagaa	acgttnttag	acaactgtna	120
caatttataa	atgtaagggtg	ccattattga	gtanatatat	tcctccaaga	gtggatgtgt	180
cccttctccc	accaactaat	gaancagcaa	cattagttta	attttattag	tagatnatac	240
actgctgcaa	acgctaattc	tcttctccat	ccccatgtng	atattgtgta	tatgtgtgag	300
ttggtnagaa	tgcatcanca	atctnacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gcntgggctt	360
tcggtgaaaa	tagactgtgt	ctgtctgaat	caaatgatct	gacctatcct	cggtggcaag	420
aactcttcga	accgcttcct	caaaggcngc	tgccacattt	gtggcntctn	ttgcacttgt	480

ttcaaaa

487

&lt;210&gt; 207

&lt;211&gt; 332

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(332)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 207

tgaattggct	aaaagactgc	atTTTTanaa	ctagcaactc	ttatttcttt	cctttaaaaa	60
tacatagcat	taaatcccaa	atcctattta	aagacctgac	agcttgagaa	ggtcactact	120
gcatttatag	gaccttctgg	tggttctgct	gttacntttg	aantctgaca	atccttgana	180
atctttgcat	gcagaggagg	taaaaggat	tggattttca	cagaggaana	acacagcgca	240
gaaatgaagg	ggccaggctt	actgagcttg	tccactggag	ggctcatggg	tgggacatgg	300
aaaagaaggc	agcctaggcc	ctggggagcc	ca			332

&lt;210&gt; 208

&lt;211&gt; 524

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(524)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 208

agggcggtgt	gcgaggggcg	ttactgtttt	gtctcagtaa	caataaatac	aaaaagactg	60
gttgtgttcc	ggcccatcc	aaccacgaag	ttgatttctc	ttgtgtgcag	agtgactgat	120
tttaaaggac	atggagcttg	tcacaatgtc	acaatgtcac	agtgtgaagg	gcacactcac	180
tcccgcgtga	ttcacattta	gcaaccaaca	atagctcatg	agtccatact	tgtaaatact	240
tttggcagaa	tacttnttga	aacttgcaga	tgataactaa	gatccaagat	atttcccaaa	300
gtaaatagaa	gtgggtcata	atattaatta	cctgttcaca	tcagcttcca	tttacaagtc	360
atgagccag	acactgacat	caaactaagc	ccacttagac	tcctcaccac	cagtctgtcc	420
tgatcatcaga	caggaggctg	tcaccttgac	caaattctca	ccagtcaatc	atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac	ctgatccact	tccggtaatg	caccaccttg	gtga		524

&lt;210&gt; 209

&lt;211&gt; 159

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 209

gggtgaggaa	atccagagtt	gccatggaga	aaattccagt	gtcagcattc	ttgctccttg	60
tggccctctc	ctacactctg	gccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	ctgccccaga	ccctctcca			159

&lt;210&gt; 210

&lt;211&gt; 256

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(256)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210  
 actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60  
 actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120  
 tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat 180  
 ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctgggttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240  
 ccaggatgct aaatca 256

<210> 211  
 <211> 264  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(264)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211  
 acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60  
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120  
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180  
 ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240  
 aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

<210> 212  
 <211> 328  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(328)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212  
 acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggtc tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60  
 ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120  
 gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccgccag 180  
 ttnaatttca ttccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240  
 cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtgggtg tagctataag cttggccaca 300  
 tttttttttc ctttattcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213  
 <211> 250  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature



<222> (1) ... (250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213

acttatgagc	agagegacat	atccnagtgt	agactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca	aagganatat	acatttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataanc	catgttaana	aacaaatata	tctctnacct	240
tctcatcggt						250

<210> 214

<211> 444

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (444)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214

accagaatc	caatgctgaa	tatttggtt	cattattccc	agattctttg	attgtcaaag	60
gatttaattg	tgtctcagct	tgggcacttc	agttaggacc	taaggatgcc	agccggcagg	120
tttatatatg	cagcaacaat	attcaagcgc	gacaacaggt	tattgaactt	gcccgccagt	180
tgaatttcat	tcccattgac	ttgggatcct	tatcatcagc	canagagatt	gaaaatttac	240
ccctacgact	ctttactctc	tggagagggc	cagtgggtgt	agctataagc	ttggccacat	300
ttttttttcc	ttttatcctt	tgtcagagat	gcgattcatc	catatgctan	aaaccaacag	360
agtgaacttt	acaaaattcc	tataganatt	gtgaataaaa	ccttacctat	agttgccatt	420
actttgctct	ccctaataata	cctc				444

<210> 215

<211> 366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1) ... (366)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215

acttatgagc	agagegacat	atccaagtgt	anactgaata	aaactgaatt	ctctccagtt	60
taaagcattg	ctcactgaag	ggatagaagt	gactgccagg	agggaaagta	agccaaggct	120
cattatgcca	aagganatat	acatttcaat	tctccaaact	tcttctcat	tccaagagtt	180
ttcaatattt	gcatgaacct	gctgataagc	catgttgaga	aacaaatata	tctctgacct	240
tctcatcggt	aagcagaggc	tgtaggcaac	atggaccata	gcgaanaaaa	aacttagtaa	300
tccaagctgt	tttctacact	gtaaccaggt	ttccaaccaa	ggtggaaatc	tcctatactt	360
ggtgcc						366

<210> 216

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(260)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216  
 ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60  
 caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctntnc atttttttat 120  
 taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180  
 atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240  
 aattcttctt tccttctttt 260

<210> 217  
 <211> 262  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(262)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217  
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 tcttgccat aattttctat tttataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtgg gggaatgtag 120  
 ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180  
 atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240  
 atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218  
 <211> 205  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(205)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218  
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 aggctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangntna ngtccagggt tgctaggaaa 180  
 anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219  
 <211> 114  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 219  
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 accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220  
 <211> 93

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 220

actagccagc acaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta	60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtccctactg agt	93

&lt;210&gt; 221

&lt;211&gt; 167

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(167)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 221

actangtgca ggtgcgaca aatatttgct gatattccct tcatcttgga ttccatgagg	60
tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc	120
ccccactac cttccctgac gtcceccana aatcacccaa cctctgt	167

&lt;210&gt; 222

&lt;211&gt; 351

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 222

agggcggtgt ggggagggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc	60
gttcttcacc tgtcccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa	120
atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa	180
ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt	240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gcttgtaggt tgcttttaca tatatctggc atatttgagt	300
ctcgtatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaagggt ggtattattg tattgataag t	351

&lt;210&gt; 223

&lt;211&gt; 383

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(383)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 223

aaaacaaaca aacaaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat	60
tggtaattat ggtcaattta atwrtrttkt ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgtattt tatttgagga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg ttcccmccac ttgtttggag tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt tgatttcttg gaatgacaat tatattttaa ctttgggtggg ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gtaaattaat cttttattgc acttgttttg	360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa	383

&lt;210&gt; 224

<211> 320  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 224  
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 aaaagtttgt gacattgttag tagggagtgt gtacccttca ctcccatca aaaaaaaat 120  
 ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180  
 gagaaaatac tactttctcr aaatggaagc ccttaaaggt gctttgatac tgaaggacac 240  
 aaatgtggcc gtccatctc ctttaragtt gcatgacttg gacacggtaa ctgttgcaagt 300  
 tttaractcm gcattgtgac 320

<210> 225  
 <211> 1214  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 225  
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 ttctgctcgg gcgtccctgt gcatccgcag tgggtgctgt cagccgcaca ctgtttccag 120  
 aactcctaca ccacgggct gggcctgcac agtcttgagg ccgaccaaga gccagggagc 180  
 cagatggtgg agggcagcct ctccgtacgg caccagagt acaacagacc ctgctcgct 240  
 aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg agtctgacac catccggagc 300  
 atcagcattg cttcgcagtg ccctaccgcg gggaactctt gcctcgtttc tggctggggg 360  
 ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgagtgcg tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct 420  
 gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgaccgc ctgtaccacc ccagcatgtt ctgcgcgggc 480  
 ggagggcaag accagaagga ctctgcaac ggtgactctg gggggccct gatctgcaac 540  
 gggacttgtc agggccttgt gtctttcgga aaagccctgt gtggccaagt tggcgtgcca 600  
 ggtgtctaca ccaacctctg caaattcact gagggtatag agaaaaccgt ccaggccagt 660  
 taactctggg gactgggaac ccattgaaat gacccccaaa tacatcctgc ggaaggaatt 720  
 caggaatatc tgttcccagc cctcctccc tcaggcccag gaggccaggc cccagcccc 780  
 tcctccctca aaccaagggt acagatcccc agccctcct cctcagacc caggagtcca 840  
 gacccccag cccctcctcc ctccagacca ggagtcagc cctcctccc tcagaccag 900  
 gaggccagac cccccagccc ctctcctc agaccagggt gtccaggccc ccaacctc 960  
 ctccctcaga ctccagagtc caagccccc accctcctt cccagacc agagggtccag 1020  
 gtcccagccc ctctcctc agaccagcg gtccaatgcc acctagactc tccctgtaca 1080  
 cagtgcctcc ttgtggcacg ttgacccaac cttaccagtt ggtttttcat tttttgtccc 1140  
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 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1214

<210> 226  
 <211> 119  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 226  
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 agaacctggc ccagtcataa tcattcatcc tgacagtggc aataatcacg ataaccagt 119

<210> 227  
 <211> 818  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

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tttttgctac	atatggggtc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactggggt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacggtt	cttagcacia	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	ccgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcctc	ctctggagga	aaggtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca	cgctcggcct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgtcccc	ttccaatcag	ccactttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttcct	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaagggtg	cacctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggtcgtt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttgga	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gccatccact	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcatgagagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggtgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggtc	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

&lt;210&gt; 228

&lt;211&gt; 744

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 228

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gtcatgacgt	ttgacatacc	tttggaacga	gcctcctcct	tggaagatgg	aagaccgtgt	120
tcgtggccga	cctggcctct	cctggcctgt	ttcttaagat	gcggagtcac	atttcaatgg	180
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tgctcgggtg	acattggggg	gctttgggat	aaaagattta	tgagccaact	attctctggc	300
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ccgtgggtat	ccttggccca	ttccagcagt	cccagttatg	catttcaagt	ttggggtttg	600
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ttgggagatg	tggaccagag	atccactcct	taagaaccag	tggcgaaaga	cactttcttt	720
cttcactctg	aagtagctgg	tggt				744

&lt;210&gt; 229

&lt;211&gt; 300

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 229

cgagtctggg	ttttgtctat	aaagtttgat	ccctcctttt	ctcatccaaa	tcagtgaac	60
cattacacat	cgaataaaaa	gaaaggtggc	agacttgccc	aacgccaggc	tgacatgtgc	120
tgcagggttg	ttgtttttta	attattattg	ttagaaacgt	cacccacagt	ccctgttaat	180
ttgtatgtga	cagccaactc	tgagaaggtc	ctatttttcc	acctgcagag	gatccagtct	240
cactaggctc	ctccttgccc	tcacactgga	gtctccgcca	gtgtgggtgc	ccactgacat	300

&lt;210&gt; 230

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 230

cagcagaaca	aatacaata	tgaagagtgc	aaagatctca	taaaatctat	gctgaggaat	60
gagcgacagt	tcaaggagga	gaagcttgca	gagcagctca	agcaagctga	ggagctcagg	120

caatataaag	tcctgggttca	cactcaggaa	cgagagctga	cccagttaag	ggagaagttg	180
cgggaagggg	gagatgcctc	cctctcattg	aatgagcatc	tccaggccct	cctcactccg	240
gatgaaccgg	acaagtccca	ggggcaggac	ctccaagaaa	cagacctcgg	ccgcgaccac	300
g						301

&lt;210&gt; 231

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 231

gcaagcacgc	tggcaaatct	ctgtcagggtc	agctccagag	aagccattag	tcatttttagc	60
caggaactcc	aagtccacat	ccttggcaac	tggggacttg	cgcagggttag	ccttgaggat	120
ggcaacacgg	gacttctcat	caggaagtgg	gatgtagatg	agctgatcaa	gacggccagg	180
tctgaggatg	gcaggatcaa	tgatgtcagg	ccggttggtg	ccgccaatga	tgaacacatt	240
tttttttgtg	gacatgccat	ccatttctgt	caggatctgg	ttgatgactc	ggtcagcagc	300
c						301

&lt;210&gt; 232

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 232

agtaggtatt	tcgtgagaag	ttcaacacca	aaactggaac	atagttctcc	ttcaagtgtt	60
ggcgacagcg	gggcttcttg	attctggaat	ataactttgt	gtaaattaac	agccacctat	120
agaagagtcc	atctgctgtg	aaggagagac	agagaactct	gggttccgtc	gtcctgtcca	180
cgtgctgtac	caagtgtctg	tgccagcctg	ttacctgttc	rcactgaaaa	tctggctaata	240
gctcttctgt	atcacttctg	attctgacaa	tcaatcaatc	aatggcctag	agcactgact	300
g						301

&lt;210&gt; 233

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 233

atgactgact	tcccagtaag	gctctctaag	gggtaagtag	gaggatccac	aggatttgag	60
atgctaaggc	cccagagatc	gtttgatcca	accctcttat	tttcagaggg	gaaaatgggg	120
cctagaagtt	acagagcatc	tagctggtgc	gctggcacc	ctggcctcac	acagactccc	180
gagtagctgg	gactacaggc	acacagtcac	tgaagcaggc	cctgttagca	attctatgcg	240
tacaaattaa	catgagatga	gtagagactt	tattgagaaa	gcaagagaaa	atcctatcaa	300
c						301

&lt;210&gt; 234

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 234

aggtcctaca	catcgagact	catccatgat	tgatatgaat	ttaaaaatta	caagcaaaga	60
cattttattc	atcatgatgc	tttcttttgt	ttcttctttt	cgttttcttc	tttttctttt	120
tcaatttcag	caacatactt	ctcaatttct	tcaggattta	aaatcttgag	ggattgatct	180
cgctcatga	cagcaagttc	aatgtttttg	ccacctgact	gaaccacttc	caggagtgcc	240
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t 301

<210> 235  
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 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235  
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 aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttggg gaggattcag acagctcagg 120  
 tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata 180  
 atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca 240  
 ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctcacactgg tca 283

<210> 236  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236  
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 aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg 120  
 tcggagcagc atcattaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatatag 180  
 tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta 240  
 aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc 300  
 a 301

<210> 237  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 237  
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 ccttggctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacataatcct 180  
 ttgggtagtt ggtgccaaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaatcta 240  
 gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagttca tatccattcc ctccctttatc 300  
 t 301

<210> 238  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238  
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 ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggtcttcca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc 180  
 accccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca 240  
 gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aatttcttta 300  
 t 301

<210> 239  
 <211> 239

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 239

ataagcagct agggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagttc acataactgc	60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaaccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa	120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac	180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgcc gcatcacag tatacaggtc cttcaggga	239

&lt;210&gt; 240

&lt;211&gt; 300

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 240

ggtcctaatag aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacggtgat actgtccttt	60
gggatctgcc ctccagtggg accttttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat	120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttcctt ggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg	180
ctgccagggt tttaaaatca tgcttcactt tgaagcacac ggtcacttca cctcctcac	240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccga ctttgttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc	300

&lt;210&gt; 241

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 241

gaggtctggt gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggaggt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga	60
cctcttttga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctt gaggggaatgc aacaaggctg	120
ctcctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaactg gactcaactg gaagggaagtg ctgctgccag	180
tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct	240
tcctcctcct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga	300
g	301

&lt;210&gt; 242

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 242

ccgaggtcct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt cctcattttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaaataaat gtatatcgat	120
gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cctttttcac tagaaccat tcaaaatata agtcaagaat	180
cttaatatca acaaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta	240
taagtaccca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaatagata accattttta gaattcaatc	300
a	301

&lt;210&gt; 243

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 243

aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctggatgag cataggctca tcgacgacat	60
ggtggcccaa gctatgaaat cagagggagg cttcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg	120



tgacgtgcag	tcggactctg	tggcccaagg	gtatggctct	ctcggcatga	tgaccagcgt	180
gctgggtttgt	ccagatggca	agacagtaga	agcagaggct	gcccacggga	ctgtaaccgc	240
tcactaccgc	atgttcaga	aaggacagga	gacgtccacc	aatcccattg	cttccatttt	300
t						301

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<210> 244
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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<400> 244						
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ccagggacct	tggaaacagt	tgacactgta	aggtgcttgc	tccccaagac	acatcctaaa	180
aggtgttgta	atggtgaaaa	cgtcttcctt	ctttattgcc	ccttcttatt	tatgtgaaca	240
actgtttgtc	ttttgtgtat	cttttttaaa	ctgtaaagtt	caattgtgaa	aatgaatatc	300

```
<210> 245
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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aaggccagga	gatattgtca	ttaatgtara
gttttcaaag	agcagagatg	caattaaata
agctaataaaa	atgaaagacc	taattttctaa
g		

```
<210> 246
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<400>	246	
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agtgtcttct	gtgaaaatta	aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180
taacaatcat	actaaatata	ttttgaagta caaagtttga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240
caaagtgtc	ttacaaaaca	cgttcctaac aaggatatgct ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300
c		301

```
<210> 247
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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gtgtcctgtg	ttcaggtgcg	acacacaatc	ctcatgggaa	caggatcacc	catgcgctgc		180
ccttgatgat	caaggttggg	gcttaagtgg	attaaggggag	gcaagtctctg	ggttccttgc		240
cttttcaaac	catgaagtca	ggctctgtat	ccctcctttt	cctaactgat	attctaacta		300
a							301

<210> 248  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 248  
aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60  
attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatTTTTtct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttagaatt 120  
acaggaagaa agtggtttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180  
gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240  
ctaattgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300  
c 301

<210> 249  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 249  
gtccagagga agcacctggg gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60  
ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtcccggcc 120  
ccagggagac acagcagtga ctcagagctg gtcgcacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180  
catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240  
actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300  
a 301

<210> 250  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 250  
ggtctgtgac aaggacttgc aggctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60  
cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctactttatt tccagttgcc 120  
cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180  
ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240  
caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300  
a 301

<210> 251  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 251  
gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcacacct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60  
agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg ggagggggga ctgtctggat 120  
ggcaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180  
cattgggata aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccgga 240  
cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300  
c 301

<210> 252  
<211> 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 252

```

gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttggtg catttcctca      60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata      120
tcatttccttt ttacttagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa      180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag taccctaaagt      240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc      300
a                                          301

```

&lt;210&gt; 253

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 253

```

ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttcccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc      60
caactaaaaa aaaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctccctagct      120
tggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttggtt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg      180
gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctggt      240
tccatagtgc ccacagggtg ttcctcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag      300
g                                          301

```

&lt;210&gt; 254

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 254

```

cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggagggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg      60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc      120
ccaaatctct tcatcttacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa      180
gaaaaaataa aagcttttga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc      240
acttaaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc      300
t                                          301

```

&lt;210&gt; 255

&lt;211&gt; 302

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 255

```

agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgtct tttattataa      60
attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttggat      120
tgggattttg ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg      180
aggaaaaagg actggaggtg gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta      240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac      300
aa                                          302

```

&lt;210&gt; 256

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(301)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256  
 gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggatcccc cctctagcct 60  
 aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc 120  
 acccccacaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcctctctat 180  
 aggcacaaatg ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt 240  
 gtggcctctc ggcctggtta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttan tcgtgttagt 300  
 t 301

<210> 257  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 257  
 gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtccctactga ttttcactat cccctgaatt 60  
 tccccactta tttttgtctt tcactatcgc aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag 120  
 tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat 180  
 gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga 240  
 tcttaatctt cacatcttta atcttatctc tttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc 300  
 c 301

<210> 258  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(301)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258  
 cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc 60  
 agggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc 120  
 cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg 180  
 atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtggtgtcat 240  
 tgggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttgggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac 300  
 t 301

<210> 259  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(301)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg 60  
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttggg cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa 120  
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtggggccag gaaggctctgt 180  
tccagctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cgcccactgg gtcttggctt 240  
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcaccccttg ctccagggtg 300  
c 301

<210> 260  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 260  
tttttttct ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaa at aagcaatggt 60  
aaggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tcaactggtt acaagttata attgaatgaa 120  
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaacia caggattaac 180  
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg ctttaataaac agactgattc 240  
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca 300  
c 301

<210> 261  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 261  
aaatattcga gcaaactctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtga 60  
tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaagggt 120  
agcaccaact attccatata attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aagggtcaat 180  
ggtgacatcc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag 240  
ggcatgatga tcatccaaag ccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc 300  
a 301

<210> 262  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 262  
gaggagagcc tgttacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc 60  
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc 120  
cctagacttc ctaaaaccaga tcctctgggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca tttgtaatga 180  
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatcctgg attagtcccc 240  
catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat 300  
c 301

<210> 263  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 263

ttttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gatttttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg	60
aaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg	120
ttcttagtat tatttatggg aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat	180
taatgactga cttcccagta aggctctcta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg	240
agatgctaag gccccagaga tcgtttgatc caaccctctt attttcagag gggaaaatgg	300
g	301

&lt;210&gt; 264

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 264

aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaaacc	60
aatgaatgac tctaaaaaca atattttacat ttaatgggtt gtagacaata aaaaaacaag	120
gtggatagat ctagaattgt aacattttta gaaaaccata scatttgaca gatgagaaag	180
ctcaattata gatgcaaagt tataactaaa ctactatagt agtaaagaaa tacatttcac	240
acccttcata taaattcact atcttggctt gaggcactcc ataaaatgta tcacgtgcat	300
a	301

&lt;210&gt; 265

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 265

tgcccaagt atgtgtaagt gtatccgcac ccagaggtaa aactacactg tcattcttct	60
cttcttctga cgcagtattt cttctctggg gagaagccgg gaagtcttct cctggctcta	120
catattcttg gaagtctcta atcaactttt gtccatttg tttcatttct tcaggaggga	180
ttttcagttt gtcaacatgt tctctaaca cacttgccca tttctgtaaa gaatccaaag	240
cagtccaagg ctttgacatg tcaacaacca gcataactag agtatccttc agagatacgg	300
c	301

&lt;210&gt; 266

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 266

taccgtctgc ctttctctcc atccaggcca tctgcgaatc tacatgggtc ctcctattcg	60
acaccagatc actctttcct ctaccacacag gcttgctatg agcaagagac acaacctcct	120
ctcttctgtg ttccagcttc ttttctgtt cttcccaccc cttaagttct attcctgggg	180
atagagacac caatacccat aacctctctc ctaagcctcc ttataaccca ggggtgcacag	240
cacagactcc tgacaactgg taaggccaat gaactgggag ctcacagctg gctgtgcctg	300
a	301

&lt;210&gt; 267

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 267

aaagagcaca ggccagctca gcctgccctg gccatctaga ctcagcctgg ctccatgggg	60
---	----

gttctcagtg ctgagtcctat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga cttctcgagg ctgaatcttc 120  
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggctt ggagtaaagc 180  
ctcattctga ttctctcctt tcttttcttt caagttggct ttctccacat ccctctgttc 240  
aattcgcttc agcttgtctg ctttagccct catttccaga agcttcttct ctttggcattc 300  
t 301

<210> 268

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 268

aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60  
gatcttggga gagctggttc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc 120  
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacggctc ttgtttagac tcttgggaata 180  
tgctgggtgg ctgagtggc ccttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240  
cttccattg ttctacttcc taccatcatc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300  
a 301

<210> 269

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 269

taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60  
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact 120  
atagtcacag acctaaata ttacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180  
ctttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta 240  
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300  
t 301

<210> 270

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 270

cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgcct ataaaattaa ttaagcctta 60  
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120  
gagcttgctg gtgcagtgc tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180  
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtggtgca cgatatactg cactagataa 240  
tggaaccaacc aactaaattc ttcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggcct aacagaaaac 300  
a 301

<210> 271

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)... (301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 271

```
aaaagggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt      60
tttatagctc atcttttaggg ttgatattca gttcatgctt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca      120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gtcceaattc tctataaaagt ggggtccaagg      180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt      240
tctctcctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtca      300
c                                                                                   301
```

&lt;210&gt; 272

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 272

```
taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaagtgc      60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga      120
tccaataatt cctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacccctcc tgcattccaca      180
gcatcttctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt ctttgttttc      240
ctaaggactt ccattgcac tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag      300
g                                                                                   301
```

&lt;210&gt; 273

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 273

```
acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaaa aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg      60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa tttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa      120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatattcct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc      180
ttytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgc ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggt      240
gggacttnty tttacngagm accctgcccg sgcgccctcg makcngantt ccgcsananc      300
t                                                                                   301
```

&lt;210&gt; 274

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 274

```
cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg      60
aacagtaa at gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa      120
tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gagggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca      180
tctaggtatg gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc      240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggtcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaagtc      300
```



c 301

<210> 275  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(301)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275  
 tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg 60  
 gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc 120  
 tggcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtggag 180  
 tcaagagact cccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccgggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc 240  
 agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgccttat 300  
 a 301

<210> 276  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 276  
 tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtggtat tattactata ctgattatat 60  
 ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat 120  
 taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc 180  
 caatacattt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt 240  
 aaaactattc agtatgttcc ccttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat 300  
 g 301

<210> 277  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(301)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277  
 tttgttgatg tcagtatttt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60  
 atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg 120  
 gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgccccca ccctcgtcct 180  
 caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgccctt angtgtgcag tgcgttctga 240  
 gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtccttccg ttcaatcttg 300  
 c 301

<210> 278  
 <211> 301  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 278

taccactaca	ctccagcctg	ggcaacagag	caagacctgt	ctcaaagcat	aaaatggaat	60
aacatatcaa	atgaaacagg	gaaaatgaag	ctgacaattt	atggaagcca	gggcttgtca	120
cagtctctac	tgttattatg	cattacctgg	gaatttatat	aagcccttaa	taataatgcc	180
aatgaacatc	tcatgtgtgc	tcacaatgtt	ctggcactat	tataagtgtc	tcacaggttt	240
tatgtgttct	tcgtaacttt	atggantagg	tactcggccg	cgaacacgct	aagccgaatt	300
c						301

&lt;210&gt; 279

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 279

aaagcaggaa	tgacaaagct	tgcttttctg	gtatgttcta	ggtgtattgt	gacttttact	60
gttatattaa	ttgccaatat	aagtaaatat	agattatata	tgtatagtgt	ttcacaaagc	120
ttagaccttt	accttccagc	cacccacag	tgcttgatat	ttcagagtca	gtcattgggt	180
atacatgtgt	agttccaaag	cacataagct	agaanaanaa	atatttctag	ggagcactac	240
catctgtttt	cacatgaaat	gccacacaca	tagaactcca	acatcaattt	cattgcacag	300
a						301

&lt;210&gt; 280

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 280

ggtactggag	ttttcctccc	ctgtgaaaac	gtaactactg	ttgggagtga	attgaggatg	60
tagaaaagtg	gtggaaccaa	attgtgggtc	atggaaatag	gagaatatgg	ttctcactct	120
tgagaaaaaa	acctaagatt	agcccaggta	gttgcctgta	acttcagttt	ttctgcctgg	180
gtttgatata	gtttaggggt	gggggttagat	taagatctaa	attacatcag	gacaaagaga	240
cagactatta	actccacagt	taattaagga	ggtatgttcc	atgtttattt	gttaaagcag	300
t						301

&lt;210&gt; 281

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 281

aggtacaaga	aggggaatgg	gaaagagctg	ctgctgtggc	attgttcaac	ttggatatctc	60
gccgagcaat	ccaaatcctg	aatgaagggg	catcttctga	aaaaggagat	ctgaatctca	120
atgtggtagc	aatggcttta	tcgggttata	cggatgagaa	gaactccctt	tggagagaaa	180
tgtgtagcac	actgcgatta	cagctaaata	acccgtattt	gtgtgtcatg	tttgcatttc	240

tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300  
g 301

<210> 282  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282  
caggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60  
tccagaaccc aaaaatttaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120  
agcgcagaag caaagcccag gcagaacat gctaaccctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180  
cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaaccatgc taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240  
cagaagcaaa gcccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300  
a 301

<210> 283  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283  
atctgtatac ggcagacaaa cttttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60  
cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120  
gtgcattctc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180  
acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttggt aaattctata atgggtgatat gcattcttta 240  
ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctatct tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300  
g 301

<210> 284  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284  
caggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtggctctt tatttacttt 60  
gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc cttaaataat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120  
gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180  
ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tggttggtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240  
actggagtaa aagaaaaaaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300  
a 301

<210> 285  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1) ... (301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285  
acatcacat gatcgatcc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60  
aatgatcatt agtggtttta aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120

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caggaaagca aatgctatctt acagacctgc aagccctccc taaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
attaaatatt tctgacttct tttgaggatc cactgactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagccccc a tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 286
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 286
taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaacttttgg 60
tgtatattat ttttgcccta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
atcaaaatgt gtcatgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180
aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatTTTTG ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggc aaattccatt ttttcccttg 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 287
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 287
tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggt tagaaatatg 120
aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagttagg gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
ccgtggttat ctctcccca gcttggctgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 288
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 288
gtacaccta ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
agtcaatagg aagacaaaatt ccagttccag ctcatctgg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
gatctttaaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcacac 180
aaaagcatct gcttttgtga tttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
tctgccttaa ttttgatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 289
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 289

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301

<211> 301

<213> Homo sapien

<221> misc feature

<223> n = A, T, C or G

301

<211> 301

<213> Homo sapien

301

<211> 301

<213> Homo sapien

<221> misc feature

<223> n = A, T, C or G

301

<210> 293  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 293  
ggtaccaagt gctggtgcca gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaagtctc 60  
ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactgtt 120  
aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180  
gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240  
ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300  
g 301

<210> 294  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(301)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294  
tgacccataa caatatacac tagctatctt tttaaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60  
attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120  
tttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaattatc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180  
ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240  
cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300  
t 301

<210> 295  
<211> 305  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 295  
gtactctttc tctcccttcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60  
cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120  
ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccattctctga 180  
actggtagaa aaacrctctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacagggtga attggatggg 240  
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttttaataaat tagtttgggt 300  
tctct 305

<210> 296  
<211> 301  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 296  
aggtagctatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60  
cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120  
attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180  
tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240

tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctataggag gaaaaagggg 300  
c 301

<210> 297

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(300)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297

actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60  
aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120  
acaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180  
tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtggtc 240  
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298

tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc ccttcccgcg 60  
ggcatctgag agacctggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120  
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaagggc ctggcggttg tggccacctg gaaccacctt 180  
gtcctgtctg ttacatttc actaycaggt tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240  
caacagtgac ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcagggtggc ctcagcgagg 300  
t 301

<210> 299

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299

gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttggtgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca ggggtctctgc 60  
tcactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct cccaggtagc 120  
tgggattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180  
gagtttcgcc atgttgcca gctggctcct aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240  
cggcctccca aagtgtctga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatattt 300  
t 301

<210> 300

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 300

attcagtttt	atttgctgcc	ccagtatctg	taaccaggag	tgccacaaaa	tcttgccaga	60
tatgtccac	accactggg	aaaggctccc	acctggctac	tctctctatc	agctgggtca	120
gctgcattcc	acaaggttct	cagcctaata	agtttacta	cctgccagtc	tcaaaactta	180
gtaaagcaag	accatgacat	tccccacgg	aatcagagt	ttgccccacc	gtcttggtac	240
tataaagcct	gcctctaaca	gtccttgctt	cttcacacca	atcccgagcg	catcccccat	300
g						301

&lt;210&gt; 301

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 301

ttaaattttt	gagaggataa	aaaggacaaa	taatctagaa	atgtgtcttc	ttcagtctgc	60
agaggacccc	aggtctccaa	gcaaccacat	ggtcaagggc	atgaataatt	aaaagttagt	120
gggaactcac	aaagaccctc	agagctgaga	caccacaaac	agtgggagct	cacaaagacc	180
ctcagagctg	agacaccac	aacagtggga	gtcacaaag	accctcagag	ctgagacacc	240
cacaacagca	cctcgttcag	ctgccacatg	tgtgaataag	gatgcaatgt	ccagaagtgt	300
t						301

&lt;210&gt; 302

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 302

aggtacacat	ttagcttgtg	gtaaatgact	cacaaaactg	attttaaaat	caagttaatg	60
tgaattttga	aaattactac	ttaatcctaa	ttcacaataa	caatggcatt	aaggtttgac	120
ttgagttggt	tcttagtatt	atttatggta	aataggtctt	taccacttgc	aaataactgg	180
ccacatcatt	aatgactgac	ttcccagtaa	ggctctctaa	ggggtaaagta	ggaggatcca	240
caggatttga	gatgctaagg	cccagagat	cgtttgatcc	aaccctctta	ttttcagagg	300
g						301

&lt;210&gt; 303

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 303

aggtaccaac	tgtggaaata	ggtagaggat	cattttttct	ttccatatca	actaagttgt	60
atattgtttt	ttgacagttt	aacacatctt	cttctgtcag	agattctttc	acaatagcac	120
tggctaattg	aactaccgct	tgcattgtta	aaatgggtgt	ttgtgaaatg	atcataggcc	180
agtaacgggt	atgtttttct	aactgatctt	ttgctcgttc	caaagggacc	tcaagacttc	240
catcgatttt	atatctgggg	tctagaaaag	gagttaatct	gttttccctc	ataaattcac	300
c						301

&lt;210&gt; 304

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 304

acatggatgt	tattttgcag	actgtcaacc	tgaatttgta	tttgcttgac	attgcctaata	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	-------------	----



tatttagtttc agtttcagct taccactttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc	120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattgggt tgtgccatta ctgggtgcagt	180
gacttttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga	240
ttttcctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct	300
c	301

&lt;210&gt; 305

&lt;211&gt; 301

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(301)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 305

gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag	60
caggggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggag	120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag	180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaaccatgg tggaacaaaa	240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag	300
a	301

&lt;210&gt; 306

&lt;211&gt; 8

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 306

Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu
1 5

&lt;210&gt; 307

&lt;211&gt; 637

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 307

acaggggratg aagggaaagg gagaggatga ggaagccccc ctggggattt ggtttgggtcc	60
ttgtgatcag gtggtctatg gggcttatcc ctacaaagaa gaatccagaa ataggggcac	120
attgaggaat gatacttgag cccaaagagc attcaatcat tgttttattt gccttmtttt	180
cacaccattg gtgagggagg gattaccacc ctggggttat gaagatgggt gaacacccca	240
cacatagcac cggagatatg agatcaacag tttcttagcc atagagattc acagcccaga	300
gcaggaggac gcttgcacac catgcaggat gacatggggg atgcgctcgg gattggtgtg	360
aagaagcaag gactgttaga ggcaggcttt atagtaacaa gacggtgggg caaactctga	420
tttccgtggg ggaatgtcat ggtcttgctt tactaagttt tgagactggc aggtagtga	480
actcattagg ctgagaacct tgtggaatgc acttgaccca sctgatagag gaagtagcca	540
ggtgggagcc tttcccagtg ggtgtgggac atatctggca agattttgtg gcactcctgg	600
ttacagatac tggggcagca aataaaaactg aatcttg	637

&lt;210&gt; 308

&lt;211&gt; 647

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(647)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308  
 acgattttca ttatcatgta aatcgggtca ctcaaggggc caaccacagc tgggagccac 60  
 tgctcagggg aaggttcata tgggactttc tactgccccaa gggtctatac aggatataaa 120  
 ggngcctcac agtatagatc tggtagcaaa gaagaagaaa caaacactga tctctttctg 180  
 ccacccctct gaccctttgg aactcctctg accctttaga acaagcctac ctaatatctg 240  
 ctagagaaaa gaccaacaac ggcctcaaag gatctcttac catgaaggtc tcagctaatt 300  
 cttggctaag atgtgggttc cacattaggt tctgaatatg gggggaaggg tcaatttgct 360  
 cattttgtgt gtggataaag tcaggatgcc caggggccag agcagggggc tgcttgcttt 420  
 gggaacaatg gctgagcata taaccatagg ttatggggaa caaaacaaca tcaaagtcac 480  
 tgtatcaatt gccatgaaga cttgagggac ctgaatctac cgattcatct taaggcagca 540  
 ggaccagttt gagtggcaac aatgcagcag cagaatcaat ggaaacaaca gaatgattgc 600  
 aatgtccttt tttttctcct gcttctgact tgataaaagg ggaccgt 647

<210> 309  
 <211> 460  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 309  
 actttatagt ttaggctgga cattggaaaa aaaaaaagc cagaacaaca tgtgatagat 60  
 aatatgattg gctgcacact tccagactga tgaatgatga acgtgatgga ctattgtatg 120  
 gagcacatct tcagcaagag ggggaaatac tcatcatttt tggccagcag ttgtttgatc 180  
 accaaacatc atgccagaat actcagcaaa ccttcttagc tcttgagaag tcaaagtcg 240  
 ggggaattta ttcctggcaa tttaattgg actccttatg tgagagcagc ggctaccag 300  
 ctggggtggt ggagcgaacc cgtcactagt ggacatgcag tggcagagct cctggttaacc 360  
 acctagagga atacacaggc acatgtgtga tgccaagcgt gacacctgta gcactcaaat 420  
 ttgtcttggt tttgtctttc ggtgtgtaag attcttaagt 460

<210> 310  
 <211> 539  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 310  
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 taggaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaagt cattatgtat tctgtgagaa 180  
 gtcagacagt aagattttgtg ggaaatgggt tggtttggtg tatgggtatgt attttagcaa 240  
 taactctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc tggaatgatc acttgctgaa 300  
 ttcctcaagg taggcattgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac 360  
 ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc aactgtgac 420  
 atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaagggaag aacttatggc 480  
 atattttcac ccccaaaaaa gtcagttaaa tattgggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga 539

<210> 311  
 <211> 526  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(526)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311  
 caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc 60  
 ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta 120  
 catttacagc atttaaaatg tggtcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa 180  
 attaaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg 240  
 tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa 300  
 aaaatgggga aactctgaag gggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc 360  
 tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc 420  
 acagcaagag cttctcatct aaaccctttc cctttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa 480  
 agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atccccaaag cacagt 526

<210> 312  
 <211> 500  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(500)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312  
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 ccatttctct ttccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgct atgagtgtaa 180  
 gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg 240  
 gcttcttagg aaaatatttt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atccccctct 300  
 tgcagatgct tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacct atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct 360  
 tgctaattgt gtttccttgg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctggatatag aatatcagct 420  
 ctgaacgtgt gttaaagatt tttgtgttgg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt 480  
 tagtcttaat tatctattgg 500

<210> 313  
 <211> 718  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(718)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313  
 ggagatttgt gtggtttgca gccgaggag accaggaaga tctgcatggt gggaaggacc 60  
 tgatgataca gaggtgagaa ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat 120  
 ctgctgaaat ggagataatt aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa 180  
 gtagtgacat gtttttgcac atttccagcc cttttaaata tccacacaca cagggaagcac 240  
 aaaaggaagc acagagatcc ctgggagaaa tgcccggccg ccatcttggg tcatcgatga 300  
 gcctcgccct gtgcctgntc ccgcttgatg ggggaaggaca ttagaaaatg aattgatgtg 360  
 ttccttaaaag gatggcagga aaacagatcc tgttgtggat atttatttga acgggattac 420

agatttgaaa tgaagtcaca aagtgagcat taccaatgag aggaaaacag acgagaaaaat	480
cttgatgggt cacaagacat gcaacaaaca aaatggaata ctgtgatgac acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag gagataccac ggggcagagg tcaggattct ggccctgctg cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca atcatttcta tttctaccct caaacaagct gtngaataatc tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc ccacattttc atnatccacc ccntcntttt aannttantc caaantgt	718

<210> 314  
 <211> 358  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 314	
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caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa	180
gctctcggta gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gtcaccttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc	240
ttgttgatt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcttc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgct	300
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<210> 315  
 <211> 341  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 315	
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gacccccatt ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag cccaatgac	180
agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggatatac gtccttaggg gtcatgtagg ctccctgaag	240
tagcttctgc tgtaagaggg tggtgtcccg ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tccctgggctt	300
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<210> 316  
 <211> 151  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 316	
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tgtgggcctt tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact	120
cattcaggga gctctggttg caatattagt t	151

<210> 317  
 <211> 151  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 317	
agaactagtg gatcctaataa aaatacctga aacatatatt ggcatttatc aatggctcaa	60
atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaaccctgg ctccctgaggc tgcggccagc agatcccagg	120
ccagggctct gttcttgcca cactgcttg a	151

<210> 318  
 <211> 151  
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318

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actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtctttcgga gggacctcct    60
gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg    120
tgggggcggt ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t                                     151
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<210> 319

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319

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aactagtgga tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta    60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg    120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a                                     151
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<210> 320

<211> 150

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320

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gagcggctgc cttttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt    120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat                                     150
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<210> 321

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321

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taggggtggca ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg    120
tgctctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t                                     151
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<210> 322

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322

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tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggctt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc    120
attgtgcagg gctcgttca nacttcagt t                                     151
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<210> 323

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323

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nagactcant	tactaccag	tttgggttt	twtgaggaga	atgtaactgg	acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa	aaagacactt	ancccatgtg	g			151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324

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agagttacta	cgaatcccat	cttgggtcca	gctatatcac	tgacagcatg	gtagaagact	180
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ctcatacagg	gatataaaaa	taccctttgt	gctacccagg	ccctggggaa	tcagggtgact	300
cacacaaatg	caatagttgg	tcactgcatt	tttacctgaa	ccaaagctaa	acccgggtgtt	360
gccaccatgc	accatggcat	gccagagtgc	aacactgttg	ctcttgaaaa	ttgggtctga	420
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<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

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gttttgtttt	ggactctctg	tggtcccttc	caatgctgtg	ggtttccaac	caggggaagg	300
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<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

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gaactcctac	accatcgggc	tgggcctgca	cagtcttgag	gccgaccaag	agccagggag	180

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ttaactctgg ggactgggaa cccatgaaat tgacccccaa atacatcctg cgggaaggaa 720
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&lt;210&gt; 327

&lt;211&gt; 220

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 327

```

Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
1      5      10      15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
20     25     30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35     40     45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50     55     60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65     70     75     80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85     90     95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100    105    110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115    120    125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130    135    140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145    150    155    160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165    170    175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180    185    190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
195    200    205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
210    215    220

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&lt;210&gt; 328

<211> 234  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 328  
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 agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattggaaa acgaattggt ctgctcgggc gtcctgggtgc 120  
 atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccacacact gtttcagaa ctctacacc atcgggctgg 180  
 gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag gccca 234

<210> 329  
 <211> 77  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 329  
 Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly Glu Asp Cys Ser  
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 Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu  
 20 25 30  
 Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Thr  
 35 40 45  
 His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu  
 50 55 60  
 Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala  
 65 70 75

<210> 330  
 <211> 70  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 330  
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 gctgcagcca 70

<210> 331  
 <211> 22  
 <212> PRT  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 331  
 Gln His Asn Gly Pro Ile Pro Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Leu  
 1 5 10 15  
 Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser  
 20

<210> 332  
 <211> 2507  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 332  
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tcgggaagga	gacagccaaa	gagctggctc	agagaggagc	tcgagtatat	ttagcttgcc	240
gggatgtgga	aaagggggaa	ttggtggcca	aagagatcca	gaccacgaca	gggaaccagc	300
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gtccgtagtc	gaagacagca	gatggctttg	agatgcacat	aggagtcaac	cacttgggtc	480
acttcctcct	aacctatctg	ctgctagaga	aactaaagga	atcagcccca	tcaaggatag	540
taaatgtgtc	ttccctcgca	catcacctgg	gaaggatcca	cttcataaac	ctgcaggggcg	600
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&lt;210&gt; 333

&lt;211&gt; 3030

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 333

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&lt;210&gt; 334

&lt;211&gt; 2417

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 334

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&lt;211&gt; 2984

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 335

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&lt;210&gt; 336

&lt;211&gt; 147

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 336

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20          25          30
Pro Lys Gln Pro Gln Lys Arg Ser Arg Ala Ala Phe Ser His Thr Gln
35          40          45
Val Ile Glu Leu Glu Arg Lys Phe Ser His Gln Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ala
50          55          60
Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
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Val Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Lys Gln  
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 Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Val Tyr Asn  
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 Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly  
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 Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu  
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 Gly Val Met Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met  
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 His Ile Gly Val Asn His Leu Gly His Phe Leu Leu Thr His Leu Leu

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 Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly  
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 Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala  
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                                  260                                   265                                   270  
 Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His  
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&lt;210&gt; 343

&lt;211&gt; 382

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 343

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&lt;210&gt; 344

&lt;211&gt; 536

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 344

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&lt;210&gt; 345

&lt;211&gt; 251

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 345

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251

&lt;210&gt; 350

&lt;211&gt; 908

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 350

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&lt;210&gt; 351

&lt;211&gt; 472

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 351

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atatatcctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttgtt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca		300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgctc	tcaccatgct	ctgctccagg		360
tcagccccct	tttggcctgt	ttgttttgtc	aaaaaccta	tctgcttctt	gcttttcttg		420
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&lt;210&gt; 352

&lt;211&gt; 251

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 352

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tgtggataag	gccagggtcaa	tggctgcaag	catgcagaga	aagagggtaca	tcggagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt	tccgtcctta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaacca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaata	ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

&lt;210&gt; 353

&lt;211&gt; 436

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 353

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cacattatgg	tattattact	atactgatta	tatttatcat	gtgacttcta	attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa	gcaaaacagc	agatatata	aatataagag	acagaagata	gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa	cttatacatt	gacaatccaa	atccaatata	tttaaacatt	tgggaaatga	240
gggggacaaa	tgggaagccar	atcaaatttg	tgtaaaacta	ttcagtatgt	ttcccttgct	300
tcatgtctga	raaggctctc	ccttcaatgg	ggatgacaaa	ctccaaatgc	cacacaaaatg	360
ttaacagaat	actagattca	cactggaacg	ggggtaaaga	agaaattatt	ttctataaaa	420
gggctcctaa	tgtagt					436

&lt;210&gt; 354

&lt;211&gt; 854

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 354

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cattgtaccc	attttccctt	ccaaaatgtg	agcggcgggc	ctgctgcttt	caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg	tcag					854

&lt;210&gt; 355

&lt;211&gt; 676

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 355

gaaattaagt	atgagctaaa	ttccctgtta	aaacctctag	gggtgacaga	tctcttcaac	60
cagggtcaaag	ctgatctttc	tggaaatgtca	ccaaccaagg	gcctatatatt	atcaaaaagcc	120
atccacaagt	catacctgga	tgtcagcgaa	gagggcacgg	aggcagcagc	agccactggg	180
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gtgactttcc	cacggccaaa	aagctgttca	cacctcacgc	acctctgtgc	ctcagtttgc	420
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gggtgtctcat	ttgagtgtcg	tccagtgcac	tgatcaagtc	aatgagtaaa	attttaaggg	600
attagatttt	cttgacttgt	atgtatctgt	gagatcttga	ataagtgacc	tgacatctct	660
gcttaaaagaa	aaccag					676

&lt;210&gt; 356

&lt;211&gt; 574

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 356

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aaaagtccac	aaaactgcag	tctttgctgg	gatagtaagc	caagcagtgc	ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt	cttgggcaac	agataaccag	acaggactct	aatcgtgctc	ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc	tctgcctaga	ctggaataaa	aagccaatct	ctctcgtggc	acaggggaagg	420
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&lt;210&gt; 357

&lt;211&gt; 393

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 357

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tacagaatat	aratgcttta	tcactgkact	60
taatattggk	kttggttcac	tatacttaaa	aatgcaccac	tcataaatat	ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac	caaracttga	ttttatcaac	aaaaaccctt	aaatataaac	ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatatata	ttattccagt	ttttttaaaa	cttaaaaarat	attccattgc	cgaattaara	240
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gcataatctg	tacaaaatta	aactgtcctt	tttggcattt	taacaaattt	gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt	tttctgtttt	tttttttttt	tac			393

&lt;210&gt; 358

&lt;211&gt; 630

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 358

acagggtaaa	caggaggatc	cttgctctca	cggagcttac	attctagcag	gaggacaata	60
ttaatgttta	taggaaaatg	atgagtttat	gacaaaggaa	gtagatagtg	ttttacaaga	120
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attaaagatg	tgaagattaa	gatcttggtg	gcattcaggg	attggcactt	ctacaagaaa	420
tcactgaagg	gagtaatgtg	acattacttt	tcacttcagg	atggccattc	taactccagg	480
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gaaagacaaa	aataagtggg	gaaattcagg	ggatagttaa	aatcagtagg	acttaatgag	600
caagccagag	gttctctccac	aacaaccagt				630

&lt;210&gt; 359

&lt;211&gt; 620

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 359

acagcattcc	aaaatatata	tctagagact	aarrgtaaat	gctctatagt	gaagaagtaa	60
taattaaaaa	atgctactaa	tatagaaaat	ttataatcag	aaaaataaat	attcagggag	120

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ctcaccagaa gaataaagtg ctctgccagt tattaaagga ttactgctgg tgaattaaat 180
atggcattcc ccaagggaaa tagagagatt cttctggatt atgttcaata tttatttcac 240
aggattaact gttttaggaa cagatataaa gcttcgccac ggaagagatg gacaaagcac 300
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aatgtaagat aactttataa gaattctggg tcaaataaaa ttctttgaag aaaacatcca 480
aatgtcattg acttatcaaa tactatcttg gcatataacc tatgaaggca aaactaaaca 540
aacaaaaagc tcacaccaaa caaaaccatc aacttatttt gtattctata acatacgaga 600
ctgtaaagat gtgacagtgt                                     620

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&lt;210&gt; 360

&lt;211&gt; 431

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 360

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aaaaaaaaa agccagaaca acatgtgata gataatatga ttggctgcac acttccagac 60
tgatgaatga tgaacgtgat ggactattgt atggagcaca tcttcagcaa gagggggaaa 120
tactcatcat ttttggccag cagttgtttg atcaccaaac atcatgccag aatactcagc 180
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tggactcctt atgtgagagc agcggctacc cagctggggt ggtggagcga acccgctact 300
agtggacatg cagtggcaga gctcctggta accacctaga ggaatacaca ggcacatgtg 360
tgatgccaag cgtgacacct gtagcactca aatttgtctt gtttttgtct ttcggtgtgt 420
agattcttag t                                     431

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&lt;210&gt; 361

&lt;211&gt; 351

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 361

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aacttgattt ccgatcaaaa gaatcatcat ctttaccttg acttttcagg gaattactga 60
actttcttct cagaagatag ggcacagcca ttgccttggc ctacttgaa gggctctgat 120
ttgggtcttc tgggtctctg ccaagtttcc cagccactcg agggagaaat atcgggaggt 180
ttgacttctt ccggggcttt cccgagggct tcaccgtgag ccctgcggcc ctgagggctg 240
caatcctgga ttcaatgtct gaaacctcgc tctctgcttg ctggacttct gaggccgtca 300
ctgccactct gtcctccagc tctgacagct cctcatctgt ggtcctgttg t                                     351

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&lt;210&gt; 362

&lt;211&gt; 463

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 362

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acttcatcag gccataatgg gtgcctcccg tgagaatcca agcacctttg gactgcgcga 60
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agttccattt ctacttttgg ttgatctggg tgccttccat gtgctggctc tgggcatagc 360
cacacttgca cacattctcc ctgataagca cgatgggtgt gacaggaagg aaggatttca 420
ttgagcctgc ttatggaaac tggatttgtt agcttaataa gac                                     463

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&lt;210&gt; 363

&lt;211&gt; 653

<212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>  
 <221> misc\_feature  
 <222> (1)...(653)  
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363  
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 ctcttgngga ttctgggtga catcttcatg aatggcaacc gtgccagwga ggctgtcctc 120  
 tgggaggcac tacgcaagat gggactgcgt cctggggtga gacatcctct ccttgagat 180  
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 ccaacagcaa cccccggaa gtatgagttc ctctrgggccc tccgttccta ccatgagasc 300  
 tagcaagatg naagtgttga gantcattgc agaggttcag aaaagagacc cntcgtgact 360  
 ggtctgcaca gttcatggag gctgcagatg aggccttggg tgctctggat gctgctgcag 420  
 ctgaggccga agcccgggct gaagcaagaa cccgcatggg aattggagat gaggtgtgt 480  
 ntgggccctg gactctggat gacattgagt ttgagctgct gacctgggat gaggaaggag 540  
 attttgagaga tccntgggtcc agaattccat ttaccttctg ggccagatac caccagaatg 600  
 cccgctccag attccctcag acctttgccc gtcccattat tggtcstggt ggt 653

<210> 364  
 <211> 401  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 364  
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 aaaacaagggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga 180  
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 catttcacac ccttcatata aattcactat ctgggttga ggcactccat aaaatgtatc 300  
 acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac 360  
 aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g 401

<210> 365  
 <211> 356  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 365  
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 taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggtc attcttgggt aaagaaatga cttccacaaa 180  
 ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgttttcg gcatcatctc cgtaaatggt 240  
 gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga 300  
 acattcggca atgtcccctt tgtagccagt ttcttcttcg agctcccga gagcag 356

<210> 366  
 <211> 1851  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 366  
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ttgctgtttt cagaagagat ttttaacatc tgtttttctt tgtagtcaga aagtaactgg 240
caaattacat gatgatgact agaaacagca tactctctgg ccgtctttcc agatcttgag 300
aagatacatc aacattttgc tcaagtagag ggctgactat acttgctgat ccacaacata 360
cagcaagtat gagagcagtt cttccatatac tatccagcgc atttaaattc gcttttttct 420
tgattaaaaa tttcaccact tgctgttttt gctcatgtat accaagtagc agtgggtgtga 480
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ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta acgcacattc atcttcctgg cattgtacgg 660
cctttgtcag agctgtcctc tttttgttgt caaggacatt aagttgacat cgtctgtcca 720
gcacgagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga gcagtcctct 780
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cttttcccca tttagtatta ttttggctgt gggcttgtca taggtggttt ttattacttt 1800
aaggatgtc ccttctatgc ctgttttgct gagggtttta attctcgtgc c 1851

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&lt;210&gt; 367

&lt;211&gt; 668

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 367

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cttgagcttc caaataygga agactggccc ttacacasgt caatgttaaa atgaatgcat 60
ttcagtattt tgaagataaa attgtagat ctataccttg ttttttgatt cgatatcagc 120
accrtataag agcagtgtt tggccattaa tttatcttcc atttagaca gcrtagtgya 180
gagtgggtatt tccatactca tctggaatat ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta 240
acgcacattc atcttcttgg cattgtacgg cctgtcagta ttagacccaa aaacaaatta 300
catatcttag gaattcaaaa taacattcca cagctttcac caactagtta tatttaaagg 360
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ctactgcata cttttatcag agctgtcctc tttttgttgt caaggacatt aagttgacat 480
cgtctgtcca gcaggagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga 540
gcagtcctat gagagtgaga agacttttta ggaaattgta gtgcactagc tacagccata 600
gcaatgattc atgtaactgc aaacactgaa tagcctgcta ttactctgcc ttcaaaaaaa 660
aaaaaaaaa 668

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&lt;210&gt; 368

&lt;211&gt; 1512

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 368

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taaaaaacag	taatatgatac	gaggtgatgc	gcctgtcagt	ggcaagggtt	aagatatttc	1500
tgatctcgtg	cc					1512

&lt;210&gt; 369

&lt;211&gt; 1853

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 369

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&lt;210&gt; 370

&lt;211&gt; 2184

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 370

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<210> 371  
<211> 1855  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien  
  
<220>  
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<400> 371  
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<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapien

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&lt;210&gt; 373

&lt;211&gt; 1155

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 373

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&lt;210&gt; 374

&lt;211&gt; 2000

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 374

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&lt;210&gt; 375

&lt;211&gt; 2040

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 375

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gaaaagcaga tagaagtggg tgaaaaaatg aattctgagc tttctcttag ttgtaagaaa 1920
gaaaaagaca tcttgcatga aaatagtacg ttgcgggaag aaattgccat gctaagactg 1980
gagctagaca caatgaaaca tcagagccag ctaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 2040

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&lt;210&gt; 376

&lt;211&gt; 329

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 376

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Met Asp Ile Val Val Ser Gly Ser His Pro Leu Trp Val Asp Ser Phe
 1             5             10             15
Leu His Leu Ala Gly Ser Asp Leu Leu Ser Arg Ser Leu Met Ala Glu
 20             25             30
Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
 35             40             45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
 50             55             60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
 65             70             75             80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 85             90             95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100            105            110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115            120            125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
130            135            140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
145            150            155            160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
165            170            175
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
180            185            190
Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
195            200            205
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
210            215            220
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
225            230            235            240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
245            250            255
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
260            265            270
Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
275            280            285
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu

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290 295 300  
 Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu  
 305 310 315 320  
 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met  
 325

&lt;210&gt; 377

&lt;211&gt; 148

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; VARIANT

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(148)

&lt;223&gt; Xaa = Any Amino Acid

&lt;400&gt; 377

Met Thr Xaa Pro Ser Trp Ser Pro Gly Thr Thr Ser Val Glu Lys Ile  
 1 5 10 15  
 Trp Thr Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Pro Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys  
 20 25 30  
 Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Xaa Asp Lys  
 35 40 45  
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu  
 50 55 60  
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp  
 65 70 75 80  
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp  
 85 90 95  
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro  
 100 105 110  
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp  
 115 120 125  
 Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser  
 130 135 140  
 Lys Asn Lys Val  
 145

&lt;210&gt; 378

&lt;211&gt; 1719

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 378

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp  
 35 40 45  
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp  
 50 55 60  
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val  
 65 70 75 80  
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn



Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp  
 530 535 540  
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln  
 545 550 555 560  
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val  
 565 570 575  
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn  
 580 585 590  
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu  
 595 600 605  
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp  
 610 615 620  
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys  
 625 630 635 640  
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys  
 645 650 655  
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys  
 660 665 670  
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala  
 675 680 685  
 Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly  
 690 695 700  
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser  
 705 710 715 720  
 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser  
 725 730 735  
 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln  
 740 745 750  
 Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys  
 755 760 765  
 Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser  
 770 775 780  
 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp  
 785 790 795 800  
 Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly  
 805 810 815  
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn  
 820 825 830  
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe  
 835 840 845  
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser  
 850 855 860  
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn  
 865 870 875 880  
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu  
 885 890 895  
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile  
 900 905 910  
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn  
 915 920 925  
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro  
 930 935 940  
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu  
 945 950 955 960  
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe

965										970				975			
Cys	Glu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	His		
980				985				990									
Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ile	Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser		
995				1000				1005									
Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu		
1010				1015				1020									
Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ala	Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	His		
1025				1030				1035				104					
Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu	Pro	Arg	Thr	His	Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met		
1045				1050				1055									
Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys	Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met		
1060				1065				1070									
Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys		
1075				1080				1085									
Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr		
1090				1095				1100									
Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Arg	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys		
1105				1110				1115				112					
Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp		
1125				1130				1135									
Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His		
1140				1145				1150									
Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp		
1155				1160				1165									
Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe	Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg		
1170				1175				1180									
Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His	Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val		
1185				1190				1195				120					
Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met	Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys		
1205				1210				1215									
Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly		
1220				1225				1230									
Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn		
1235				1240				1245									
Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys		
1250				1255				1260									
Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met	Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro		
1265				1270				1275				128					
Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr		
1285				1290				1295									
Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp		
1300				1305				1310									
Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly	Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val		
1315				1320				1325									
His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val	Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala		
1330				1335				1340									
Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala		
1345				1350				1355				136					
Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn		



Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu  
 1410 1415 1420  
 Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly  
 1425 1430 1435 144  
 Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn  
 1445 1450 1455  
 Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser  
 1460 1465 1470  
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly  
 1475 1480 1485  
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu  
 1490 1495 1500  
 Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys  
 1505 1510 1515 152  
 Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser  
 1525 1530 1535  
 Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu  
 1540 1545 1550  
 Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser  
 1555 1560 1565  
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe  
 1570 1575 1580  
 Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe  
 1585 1590 1595 160  
 Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly  
 1605 1610 1615  
 Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro  
 1620 1625 1630  
 Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln  
 1635 1640 1645  
 Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile  
 1650 1655 1660  
 Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser  
 1665 1670 1675 168  
 Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn  
 1685 1690 1695  
 Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr  
 1700 1705 1710  
 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu  
 1715

&lt;210&gt; 379

&lt;211&gt; 656

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 379

Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys  
 1 5 10 15  
 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe  
 20 25 30  
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp  
 35 40 45  
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp  
 50 55 60

Cys	Arg	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val
65					70					75					80
Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn
				85					90						95
Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser
				100					105					110	
Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe
				115					120					125	
Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His
				130					135					140	
Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met
145						150					155				160
Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala
				165						170					175
Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu
				180					185					190	
Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr
				195				200					205		
Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met
				210				215				220			
Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn
225						230					235				240
Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys
				245						250					255
Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly
				260					265					270	
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val
				275				280					285		
Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr
				290				295				300			
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile
305						310					315				320
Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu
				325						330				335	
Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val
				340					345					350	
Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile
				355				360					365		
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu
				370				375				380			
Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys
385						390					395				400
Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val	Glu
				405						410				415	
Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn
				420					425					430	
Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro
				435					440				445		
Gln	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asn	Glu
				450				455				460			
Ser	Glu	Glu	Tyr	His	Arg	Ile	Cys	Glu	Leu	Val	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu
465						470					475				480
Lys	Gln	Met	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp
				485					490					495	
Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ser	Glu

```

      500      505      510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
      515      520      525
Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
      530      535      540
Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
545      550      555      560
Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
      565      570      575
His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
      580      585      590
Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
      595      600      605
Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
      610      615      620
Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
625      630      635      640
Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
      645      650      655

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&lt;210&gt; 380

&lt;211&gt; 671

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

&lt;400&gt; 380

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Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1      5      10      15
Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
      20      25      30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
      35      40      45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
      50      55      60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65      70      75      80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
      85      90      95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
      100      105      110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
      115      120      125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
      130      135      140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
      165      170      175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
      180      185      190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
      195      200      205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
      210      215      220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn

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Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys
225				230						235					240
Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly
			260					265					270		
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val
			275				280					285			
Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr
	290					295					300				
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile
305					310						315				320
Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu
				325					330					335	
Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val
			340					345					350		
Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile
			355				360					365			
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu
			370			375					380				
Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys
385					390						395				400
Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val	Glu
				405					410					415	
Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn
			420					425					430		
Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro
			435				440					445			
Gln	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asn	Glu
					455						460				
Ser	Glu	Glu	Tyr	His	Arg	Ile	Cys	Glu	Leu	Val	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu
465					470						475				480
Lys	Gln	Met	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp
				485					490					495	
Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu	Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ser	Glu
			500					505					510		
Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys	Arg	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp
			515				520					525			
Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Phe	Met	Ala	Ile	Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys
	530					535					540				
His	Gly	Ser	Thr	His	Val	Gly	Phe	Pro	Glu	Asn	Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Ala
545					550						555				560
Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asp	Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro	Pro	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg
				565					570					575	
Thr	Pro	Glu	Ser	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Glu	Glu	Tyr	His
			580					585					590		
Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln</												

<210> 381  
 <211> 251  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381  
 ggagaagcgt ctgctggggc aggaaggggt ttccctgccc tctcacctgt ccctcaccaa 60  
 ggtaacatgc ttcccctaag ggtatcccaa cccagggggc tcaccatgac ctctgagggg 120  
 ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggaggt gggggcaggt gaaggaccca ggactcacac 180  
 atcctggggc tccaaggcag aggagagggg cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa 240  
 caagcagtca g 251

<210> 382  
 <211> 3279  
 <212> DNA  
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382  
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cccagctgat agaggaagta gccaggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaagtgttt 3279

```

&lt;210&gt; 383

&lt;211&gt; 155

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 383

```

Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
          5                      10                      15

```

```

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
          20                      25                      30

```

```

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
          50                      55                      60

```

```

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
          65                      70                      75                      80

```

```

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
          85                      90                      95

```

```

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
          100                      105                      110

```

```

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
          115                      120                      125

```

```

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
          130                      135                      140

```

```

Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
          145                      150

```

<210> 384  
<211> 557  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384  
ggatcctcta gaggggccgc ctactactac taaattcgcg gccgcgtcga cgaagaagag 60  
aaagatgtgt tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120  
ggggaagggt cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggg 180  
tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240  
acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300  
ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggaacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360  
tccccaaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420  
ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaagt 480  
tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540  
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385  
<211> 337  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385  
ttcccagggtg atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatggggct gattccttta 60  
gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120  
tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180  
aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240  
tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctggtt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300  
ctttggccac caattcccc tttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386  
<211> 300  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386  
gggcccgtcta ccggcccagg cccgcctcg cgagtcctcc tccccgggtg cctgcccgca 60  
gcccgtcctcg ccagaggggt gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120  
gcgaccttgg ccgaagggt ctagcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcggcggc 180  
gcggactttg ccggtgtgt gggcgggagc ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240  
atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387  
<211> 537  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387  
gggcccagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttcct tcctcggatc atcaaggctg 60  
ccccctcctg tgccatcatg atcagacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120  
tgaaccagga ccggttctg ggcggctgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac ccgctctctc 180  
ccacggatgg ggagagggca ggaggagacc cagccaagtg ccttttcctc agcactgagg 240  
gagggggctt gtttcccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggtt gtccctctgg 300

gcggccagc acttcctcag acacaacttc ttcttgctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360  
cttaccacc cccaagtgc aagaccaaat cttccagctg ccccttcgt gtttccctgt 420  
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctcagcctgg tgtagtctcc 480  
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537

<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

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tgagggttaa ccagtttgca ttcccctaag gtggaaaaag taagaggact actcagcact 120  
gtttgaagat tgcctcttct acagcttctg agaatttgtt tatttcactt gccaaagtga 180  
ggaccccttc cccaacatgc ccagccac ccctaagcat ggctccttgt caccaggcaa 240  
ccaggaaact gctacttggt gacctcacca gagaccagga gggtttggtt agctcacagg 300  
acttccccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact cataactcaac tcaactaggc 360  
tcataactca ttgatgggta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctgggttatta taaacagaaa 420  
atctttcttc ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctgttgg aatgatttct 480  
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tggggtgtt ttttctggt 520

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

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gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtgtgccct ctgctcccc 120  
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180  
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240  
cccaggaaac cttcagacta cttcctctg cttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300  
tgagggtcag tggaagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360  
gggag 365

<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

tgctctccca tcctggcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60  
tacacggntt ctcattgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgccg ttccaggaag gcctctggct 120  
gctctangag tctgancnga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180  
tcaaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221

<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens



<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(325)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391  
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ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120  
tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180  
naanttngat ntccanagcc ctacccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240  
cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgacg tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300  
gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392  
<211> 277  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(277)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392  
atattgttta actccttcct ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaaag gttcacatct 60  
agtctcactt nggcnagnn ctctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtngnaa 120  
antaccanga accgncatgn cttanaaach ncttggtttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180  
tgacgtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggagg 240  
ctgaggatac agcgccgcgt cctgtgttgc tgggggaa 277

<210> 393  
<211> 566  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393  
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttgcgggccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60  
gtgatctaca ttctgaagt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga ttaaattcag cctaaacgtt 120  
ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180  
gagaaggtct agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatatca ggactgggta cttgggtaag 240  
gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttggga 300  
gggtggtttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcatcctgta aacattttat 360  
catttattaa tcatcctgc ctgtgtctat tattatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420  
ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcccttgtt ttgtctagtt tgtgtgtgtg aaaaaaaaaa 480  
cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540  
ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394  
<211> 384  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394

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gaacatacat gtcccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
tgcaaattng gaccgggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
gcaggaggac cgggctttta ggagttttta gctgagtgtc actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
tccaagatt atcggggagaa agggggcagt aattacccaa atccggttgg agcatgacgt 240
gaacatccag ttctctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt 384
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<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

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ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcatcattg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
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ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaagcc tgggcatctc ctcactacag acctctgacc atgggacggg 360
gcagcctggg gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac 399
```

<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

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tggagtntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctcacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gtttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctat 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gccctgctct ttt 403
```

<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 397

actagtnacg tgtgggtggaa ttcgcgcccg cgtcgacctt naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60  
tccatccccg ctccctggtg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

&lt;210&gt; 398

&lt;211&gt; 278

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(278)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 398

gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctcccccctg ggtggggatg tgctgcacgc 60  
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120  
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgagggtg actcatcatg 180  
ctccgggagc cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240  
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

&lt;210&gt; 399

&lt;211&gt; 298

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(298)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 399

acggagggtg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccncctcn 60  
ggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120  
ccgagatcga gcgcatgggc ctggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcgtgggct 180  
ccggcattga gcgcatgggc ccgctgggccc tcgaccacat ggccctccanc attganecga 240  
tgggccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcgtggg 298

&lt;210&gt; 400

&lt;211&gt; 548

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 400

acatcaacta cttectcatt ttaaggatat gcagttccct tcateccctt ttcctgcctt 60  
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa tttccttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagg 120  
caaagaacca cagccttaga agggttaagag ggcacctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180  
tgagtctctt ttttccacgt ttaaggggcc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240  
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tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360  
gttggcccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaac tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420  
ctttccagtg atctctacc atgggcccc ctcctgggat caagccctc ccaggccctg 480  
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agcaggtt 548

<210> 401  
<211> 355  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(355)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401  
actgtttcca tggtatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gtccttgga acttagcttt 60  
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ccttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120  
taagagtggg ggcctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180  
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgcc atggtggcg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240  
tttgttttg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnggg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300  
cccttttgca ttgccaagt ccataacat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

<210> 402  
<211> 407  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(407)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402  
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60  
tctcatatgc ggtggcatal ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120  
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag caggtgttgc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180  
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaaggtgggt ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240  
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgtcgagg 300  
ttgtggagct tctcccttgc agagagtcct tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360  
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403  
<211> 303  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(303)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403  
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tcttaagcaa gagcatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaaagg agtcttgcc aatctacaaa 120  
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180  
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgctatt tggcacaaca 240  
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300  
gga 303

<210> 404  
<211> 225  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404  
aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaaattct tagaggaaaag taaaggaaaa 60  
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagtgc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120  
acattttcca ctctgtgttc catagtgtt aagtgtatca gatgtgttgg gcatgtgaat 180  
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcatt 225

<210> 405  
<211> 334  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(334)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405  
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaatt ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60  
ttcaatacac ctcccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtccc tctccttact 120  
tcatcccatc cccatgcca aggaagacc tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctaggc 180  
ttcccagtgc ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtg 240  
ctggtgcggg tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300  
cactctccac tctctcanng tggatccac ccct 334

<210> 406  
<211> 216  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(216)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406  
tttcatacct aatgaggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60  
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120  
acnaaacaca aattttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180  
actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407  
<211> 413  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407  
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60  
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120  
gtacaacatt gcaccagtgc tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggaagc aagagttaat 180  
cccagagggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240

ggaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300  
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360  
tgggagttcc agaaaaagt aaacagaca atgggcccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408

<211> 183

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(183)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408

ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60  
tntttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggtan ntaatcctta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120  
cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttctgggcta cccatgtact 180  
ntt 183

<210> 409

<211> 250

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(250)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409

cccacgcattg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60  
gtgggttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120  
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180  
gcttcccagt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgcntcctt gctggggggg 240  
ggcctatgc 250

<210> 410

<211> 306

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(306)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410

ggctggtttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60  
agtcttgcaa tcccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gagcagcatt 120  
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgctt ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180  
aagggtgttg aatggtgaaa accgcttcct tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240  
nactggttgg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300  
tcntgc 306

<210> 411  
<211> 261  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(261)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411  
agagatattt cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60  
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120  
tttaaattgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180  
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240  
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412  
<211> 241  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(241)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412  
gttcaatgtt acctgacatt tctacaacac cccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgccagtg 60  
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgccagg aaatactacg 120  
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180  
ctgggagatt tcaactggga cattgaattc caaaactacc cangcaatta cccagccaac 240  
a 241

<210> 413  
<211> 231  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(231)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413  
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60  
ctcatccaag tttctagtag cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120  
aagtttactc tcttcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcttgggtct gagggctcca 180  
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414  
<211> 234  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 414

```
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttcctttgg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagagggg 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggagggtg attgaagtcc tcca      234
```

&lt;210&gt; 415

&lt;211&gt; 217

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(217)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 415

```
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cactttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggg tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc      217
```

&lt;210&gt; 416

&lt;211&gt; 213

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(213)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 416

```
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggnctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtggttaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag      213
```

&lt;210&gt; 417

&lt;211&gt; 303

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(303)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 417

```
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaata ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtggtgga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggct 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt      303
```



<210> 418  
<211> 328  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(328)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418  
tttttgccgg tggtaggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60  
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120  
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180  
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcacat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240  
tcagnggtca ggctgggtct aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300  
aaagtgtctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419  
<211> 389  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(389)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419  
cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatattg 60  
acccctgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120  
cttgtttctt ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagtgtgt gacttgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180  
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggt gtgccaggca 240  
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctactcgtc cccgcaaagt gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300  
taaagggtag accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360  
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacgcgg 389

<210> 420  
<211> 408  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420  
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60  
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gcttttttcc tggctagacc 120  
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180  
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgaccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240  
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaaga 300  
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360  
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgtatg aaaaacctgg caagcccg 408

<210> 421  
<211> 352  
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(352)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggtct tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatac acttgcagtc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacaggtg tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcattgtc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttcct gg 352
```

<210> 422

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

```
atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcgggcggt tccaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcggcgg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggtc agccgtgac 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggct 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337
```

<210> 423

<211> 310

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(310)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423

```
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgccctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
tcactgacag aacaggtctt ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtc 180
tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcatgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
tccgagttta 310
```

<210> 424

<211> 370

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(370)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424  
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atagggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60  
ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120  
cactgacaga acaggtcttt tttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180  
ccttcttgaa gattccttgg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240  
ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300  
cacgaagggtg gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360  
tccgtcgacg 370

<210> 425  
<211> 216  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(216)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425  
aattgctatn ntttattttg ccactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaata 60  
taacaacnca acatcaagg n aaananaaca ggaatggntg acntgcata aatnggccga 120  
anattatcca ttatnttaag gggtgacttc aggnacagc acacagacaa acatgccag 180  
gaggntntca ggaccgctcg atgtntntg aggagg 216

<210> 426  
<211> 596  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426  
cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgagggtc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60  
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gccccagggt tcgctggcca 120  
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatggtga 180  
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaattg ccttcccagc acgactcggg ttcagctgga 240  
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcc ttaagaggca cttcccgtta 300  
ttaggcagtt catctgact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360  
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420  
ggtggatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcaactgc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480  
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattgggt tactgcctga 540  
gtcccgtcgg tcccatcca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct 596

<210> 427  
<211> 107  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(107)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427  
gaagaattca agttaggttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncagg 60

cccgaggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagng

107

<210> 428

<211> 38

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(38)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428

gaacttcna anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt

38

<210> 429

<211> 544

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429

ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60  
 attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120  
 atatccacga actcctgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatcat cgggttttcag 180  
 tttggatggg ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240  
 gccttcactc tcagttacac ctactcacc atcctctcct gttggttctg tgetgcttca 300  
 agataactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360  
 tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagcccac 420  
 gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttattt ttgctttgac 480  
 acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggtg gtaggagaga 540  
 ttat 544

<210> 430

<211> 507

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(507)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430

cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtggg aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60  
 gaacactgac acccatcttc caccocgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120  
 gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttggt atctttgccn 180  
 ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240  
 attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300  
 caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggg ggagaagaag gaccacaaaa agacctgttc 360  
 tgtcagttaa tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420  
 cattctcttc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480  
 ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431

<211> 392

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(392)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431

```
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtcctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgtagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaagg 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392
```

<210> 432

<211> 387

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(387)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432

```
ggtatccnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcgga gtccagccac tnggaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngcctg tatcttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca ttctcttngn atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtag aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccctt 387
```

<210> 433

<211> 281

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(281)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433

```
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggn gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttgga tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagngagg ntctctgtnt gccactgg 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281
```

<210> 434

<211> 484

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 434

```
ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc cctcctctctg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
tggtgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtaga tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatggttc tcagaacccat ttcaccaga 300
cagcctggtt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag taccatgtc 480
ttta 484
```

&lt;210&gt; 435

&lt;211&gt; 424

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 435

```
gcgccgctca gaggaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca gggtcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaaccct ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgag 180
atgggctgtt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcatggtgc ggggtgacc 240
cttgagagaga ggaaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggcct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaaacctt ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaaaactt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac 424
```

&lt;210&gt; 436

&lt;211&gt; 667

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(667)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 436

```
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattcctc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccagggttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cgggtcaacgt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcattgt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatata tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctgg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctccttggct agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag 667
```

&lt;210&gt; 437

&lt;211&gt; 693

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 437

```
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtactcct ctattttcac cctcttgct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
cattttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atgttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggt gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc 693
```

&lt;210&gt; 438

&lt;211&gt; 360

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 438

```
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttgtga tctttgccac ctctgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgaggagg ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctggtgg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccag ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataaatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360
```

&lt;210&gt; 439

&lt;211&gt; 431

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(431)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 439

```
gttcctnnta actcctgcc aaaacagctc tctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tgccaggggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gcttttttct tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtgtg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca gggttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t 431
```

&lt;210&gt; 440

&lt;211&gt; 523

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 440

```
agagataaaag cttagggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tcttggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaat acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcattctga tgagaacaag cta 523
```

&lt;210&gt; 441

&lt;211&gt; 430

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 441

```
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcttcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttgtttct gcttttttcc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtgtg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtccatttga cacttttccc actgaccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attccttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgctga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag 430
```

&lt;210&gt; 442

&lt;211&gt; 362

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 442

```
ctaaggaatt agtagtggtc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcttgga tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttactttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attagctat 180
atgttttagaa atggctattt tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc 362
```

&lt;210&gt; 443

&lt;211&gt; 624

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(624)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 443

```
tttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
```



```

cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaacttgg cttcctgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaatgaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
atggtaaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga ggggaagggtt cctggaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tattttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatac                                     624

```

```

<210> 444
<211> 425
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(425)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 444
gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgggtg gtcagcaaata ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatat gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcatacctg gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggtcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga                                     425

```

```

<210> 445
<211> 414
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(414)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 445
catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaatacgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcatgtggc agattattgg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatgact aggtctctcc tcttgtattt tgaagcagt 360
tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaa tgcacgcggc cgcaattta gtag 414

```

```

<210> 446
<211> 631
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(631)

```

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446

```

acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcaggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggtc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtgggtggc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattht gtaaaactttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatggt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccttg catttggtgt 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatthga ttatgtatgg atatatthga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g 631

```

<210> 447

<211> 585

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(585)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447

```

ccttgggaaa antntcacia tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaagggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagtctctga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaag aggaaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgcca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgcagacacc ttctggggga aacagggtgt 300
ccaggtttgt catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcattgtt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtgt caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttgggcta gtacacttcg gtcta 585

```

<210> 448

<211> 93

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(93)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448

```

tgctcgtggg tcattctgan nnccgaactg accntgccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag 93

```

<210> 449

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(706)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449  
ccaagtcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga cagggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60  
ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggc cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120  
cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtcctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180  
cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggag cgctccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240  
gttgggaagg gcgatcggtg cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300  
gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc caggggtttc ccagtcnoga cgttgtaaaa 360  
cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcagtcacg 420  
cgtacgtaag cttggatcct ctagagcggc cgccactac tactaaattc gcggcgcgt 480  
cgacgtggga tccnactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540  
cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600  
aacaggttga acctgggagg tggaggttgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660  
gcatggatga cagagtgaaa ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706

<210> 450  
<211> 493  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450  
gagacggagt gtcactctgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60  
acagttttta aaggtaaaac aacataaaaa gaaatatact atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120  
aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtcgccaata tcactgcatg 180  
agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240  
caagtcaggc agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300  
agagacactg tcagagagtt aaaaagttag ttctatccat gaggtgattc cacagtcttc 360  
tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420  
tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tgccgagggc cgacgcggcc 480  
gcgaatttag tag 493

<210> 451  
<211> 501  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(501)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451  
gggcgcgtcc cattcgccat tcaggctgag caactgttgg gaagggcgat cgggtgcggc 60  
ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagttgggt 120  
aacgccaggg ttttcccagt cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180  
tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240  
gcggccgcct actactacta aattcgcggc cgcgtcgacg tgggatccnc actgagagag 300  
tggagagtga catgtgctgg acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcacia 360  
cgcnccagac actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggaggtggag 420  
gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggcnctgcn cccagcatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480

tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a

501

<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

agacggtttc accnttatac cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c

51

<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc\_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

tacatcttgc tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa 60  
acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacctat 120  
ttcaccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180  
taacaaaccc tgcaccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240  
cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300  
tacctatgac tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

ttcagaggtag aatcaactct cagagtgtag tttccttcta tagatgagtc agcattaata 60  
taagccacgc cagctcttgc aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgctcactc agtagaacca 120  
agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180  
ccttctcttt tcagtgttcc aaagctcttc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

taccaaagag ggcataataa tcagtctcac agtaggggtc accatcctcc aagtgaaaaa 60  
cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120  
gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttctttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180  
caaagaattt ctcatagcac agtcacaaat acagggtctc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456  
<211> 231  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456  
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60  
ttccattcag tattatcggt attattcttg gagaaacct gtctgtttac tgtaaccttt 120  
tgcactcaaa ttcctttatc aggaataact acatagccac tatttacaaa gccattggaa 180  
cctttttatt tgggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccctgactga cattgccaag t 231

<210> 457  
<211> 231  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>  
<221> misc\_feature  
<222> (1)...(231)  
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457  
cgaggtagcc aggggtctga aaatctctnn ttantagtc gatagcaaaa ttgttcatca 60  
gcattcctta atatgatctt gctataatta gatttttctc cattagagtt catacagttt 120  
tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180  
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgc g 231

<210> 458  
<211> 231  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458  
aggctctggt cccccactt ccactccct ctactctctc taggactggg ctgggccaag 60  
agaagagggg tgggttagga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccaccctcta ccttccttca 120  
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180  
ggctcctgggt taggcatttt ggggggcccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231

<210> 459  
<211> 231  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459  
ggtaccgagg ctgcgtgaca cagagaaacc ccaacgcgag gaaaggaatg gccagccaca 60  
ccttcgcgaa acctgtggtg gcccaccagt cctaacggga caggacagag agacagagca 120  
gccctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180  
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460  
<211> 231  
<212> DNA  
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

gcagggtataa catgctgcaa caacagatgt gactaggaac ggccggtgac atggggaggg 60  
cctatcaccc tattcttggg ggctgcttct tcacagtgat catgaagcct agcagcaa 120  
cccacctccc cacacgcaca cggccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180  
gtggagcttg gtccagcctc cagtccaccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231

<210> 461

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461

cgagggtttga gaagctctaa tgtgcagggg agccgagaag caggcggcct agggagggtc 60  
gcgtgtgctc cagaagagtg tgtgcatgcc agaggggaaa caggcgcctg tgtgtcctgg 120  
gtgggggttca gtgaggagtg ggaaattggg tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180  
agggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231

<210> 462

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

aggtaccctc attgtagcca tgggaaaatt gatgttcagt ggggatcagt gaattaaatg 60  
gggtcatgca agtataaaaa ttaaaaaaaaa aagacttcat gcccaatctc atatgatgtg 120  
gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttccagag tcttacattt 180  
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231

<210> 463

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463

tactccagcc tgggtgacaga gcgagaccct atcaccgccc cccacccac caaaaaaaaa 60  
actgagtaga cagggtgcct cttggcatgg taagtcttaa gtcccctccc agatctgtga 120  
catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cgggtgtccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180  
tggggagggtg gatcttccag tcgaagcggg atagaagccc gtgtgaaaag c 231

<210> 464

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464

gtactctaag attttatcta agttgccttt tctgggtggg aaagtttaac cttagtgact 60  
aaggacatca catatgaaga atgtttaagt tggagggtggc aacgtgaatt gcaaacaggg 120  
cctgcttcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180  
gggtgccagcg caccagctag atgctctgta acttctaggc cccattttcc c 231

<210> 465

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

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gtggcaaat agcaacaaat tctgacatca tatttatggt ttctgtatct ttgttgatga 120
aggatggcac aatttttgct tgtgttcata atatactcag attagttcag ctccatcaga 180
taaaactggag acatgcagga cattagggta gtgtttagc tctggtaatg a 231

```

&lt;210&gt; 466

&lt;211&gt; 231

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 466

```

caggtacctc tttccattgg atactgtgct agcaagcatg ctctccgggg tttttttaat 60
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cctgtgcaat caaatattgt ggagaattcc ctagctggag aagtcacaaa gactataggc 180
aataatggag accagtccca caagatgaca accagtcgtt gtgtgaggct g 231

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&lt;210&gt; 467

&lt;211&gt; 311

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 467

```

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tgtgccttaa cagaaggctc tgagattcta agtgggaatc atctcagtga ctgtcatgtg 180
gcatgggtct ctgcccaagc tcgtaatgag actatagcaa ggcggtgtg ggacgtcagt 240
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ctgcagcaga c 311

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&lt;210&gt; 468

&lt;211&gt; 3112

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 468

```

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```

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&lt;210&gt; 469

&lt;211&gt; 2229

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 469

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aatggaatt 2229

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&lt;210&gt; 470

&lt;211&gt; 2426

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 470

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gggtgacggt tttgcccac acaatg

```

&lt;210&gt; 471

&lt;211&gt; 812

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;400&gt; 471

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&lt;210&gt; 472

&lt;211&gt; 515

&lt;212&gt; DNA

&lt;213&gt; Homo sapiens

&lt;220&gt;

&lt;221&gt; misc\_feature

&lt;222&gt; (1)...(515)

&lt;223&gt; n = A,T,C or G

&lt;400&gt; 472

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gaaaaaaaaa naaaaaaaaa aaanaaaan aaaaaa 515